

Converting Colors

$Yxy(17.9159, 0.2241, 0.5727)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(17.9159, 0.2241, 0.5727)
contains.

Yxy(19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008E34
RGB	0, 142, 52
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 20%
CMY	0.9995, 0.4431, 0.7962
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.63, 0.44
HSL	142°, 100%, 28%
HSV	142°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	10.2934, 19.5939, 6.4852
YIQ	89.2820, -55.7420, -58.0940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

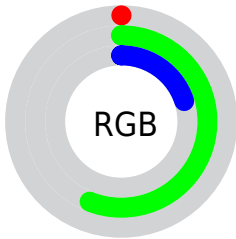
Format	Color
RYB	0, 104, 142
Decimal	36404
CIELab	51.37, -52.08, 38.06
CIELCh	51, 64.503, 143.842
Yxy	19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226484 (0xFF008E34)
YUV	89.2820, -18.3800, -78.3003
Hunter-Lab	44.2650, -35.9551, 22.2990

Details

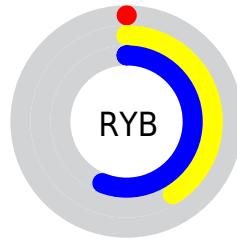
The Yxy color **19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **6.4941, 0.4369, 0.2181**, and the grayscale version is **10.1145, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.7766, 0.2948, 0.4847**, and **7.3123, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.5932, 0.2830, 0.5389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.7789, 0.2805, 0.5185**.

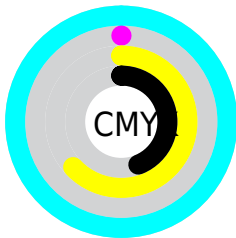
Distribution



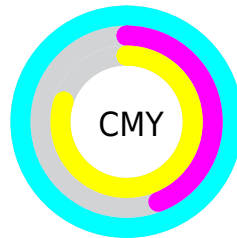
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (44%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19.5939, 0.2830,
0.5387


 19.5939, 0.2830,
0.5387

249.7081, 0.3065,
0.4099


 12.1002, 0.2717,
0.5810


 42.7353, 0.2948,
0.4848


 6.8120, 0.2521,
0.6415


 59.1517, 0.2982,
0.4668


 3.3448, 0.2275,
0.7725

 79.3112, 0.3006,
0.4524

 1.3143, 0.0000,
1.0000

 103.5981, 0.3024,
0.4407

 0.1522, 0.0000,
1.0000

 132.3969, 0.3038,
0.4310

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 166.0919, 0.3049,

0.4229

205.0675, 0.3058,
0.4159

■ 19.5939, 0.2830,
0.5387

■ 19.5939, 0.2830,
0.5387

■ 19.5932, 0.2830,
0.5389

■ 19.7789, 0.2805,
0.5185

■ 20.0426, 0.2791,
0.4963

■ 20.4184, 0.2794,
0.4727

■ 20.9186, 0.2814,
0.4487

■ 21.5539, 0.2848,
0.4251

■ 22.3339, 0.2892,
0.4024

■ 23.2671, 0.2946,
0.3813

■ 24.3615, 0.3004,
0.3620

■ 25.6245, 0.3065,
0.3445

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.5939, 0.3882, 0.5416



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



19.5939, 0.1909, 0.4246

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



19.5939, 0.1485, 0.1679



19.5939, 0.5233, 0.3161

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



6.4941, 0.4369, 0.2181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.5939, 0.4297, 0.2485



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



19.5939, 0.2063, 0.1677

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



19.5939, 0.1265, 0.2028



19.5939, 0.3053, 0.1958



19.5939, 0.5376, 0.3909

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



19.5939, 0.1508, 0.3288



19.5939, 0.3053, 0.1958



19.5939, 0.4996, 0.2926

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.5947, 0.2830, 0.5387



40.9035, 0.2942, 0.3828



21.6394, 0.3603, 0.5521



8.9947, 0.2921, 0.3904



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.5947, 0.2830, 0.5387



34.5215, 0.2840, 0.5425



20.7206, 0.2377, 0.3758



6.0599, 0.3070, 0.3433



17.5950, 0.2828, 0.5381



0.1722, 0.2596, 0.4545

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4941, 0.4369, 0.2181



11.4135, 0.4400, 0.2197



5.8091, 0.6152, 0.3164



5.4780, 0.3189, 0.3151



5.8313, 0.4364, 0.2178



0.0600, 0.3743, 0.1836

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

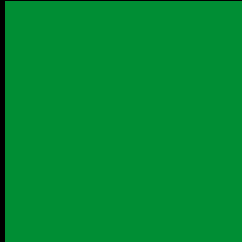
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387

Protanopia

19.3506, 0.4157, 0.4569

Deuteranopia

19.3011, 0.4278, 0.4205



Tritanopia

19.6585, 0.2355, 0.3064

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



Protanomaly

17.9402, 0.3434, 0.5002



Deuteranomaly

17.3955, 0.3481, 0.4735



Tritanomaly

19.1311, 0.2500, 0.3856

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387



Achromatopsia

9.9899, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

12.1168, 0.2860, 0.4149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 142, 52)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 142, 52)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 142, 52) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 142, 52) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 142, 52) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 142, 52) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 142, 52)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 142, 52); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142, 52);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 142, 52)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.5939, 0.2830, 0.5387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 142, 52) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 142,  
52) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor