

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(18.0745, 0.6401, 0.3300)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(18.0745, 0.6401, 0.3300)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ED0000
RGB	237, 0, 0
RGB Percent	93%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.0706, 0.9996, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 1.00, 0.07
HSL	0°, 100%, 46%
HSV	0°, 100%, 93%
XYZ	34.9233, 18.0045, 1.6313
YIQ	70.8630, 141.2520, 50.2440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

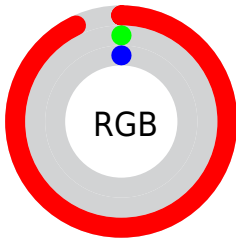
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	237, 0, 0
Decimal	15532032
CIELab	49.50, 75.79, 63.63
CIELCh	50, 98.955, 40.016
Yxy	18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293722112 (0xFFED0000)
YUV	70.8630, -34.9355, 145.7021
Hunter-Lab	42.4317, 72.6583, 27.4228

# Details

The Yxy color **18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0000**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **66.6145, 0.2246, 0.3286**, and the grayscale version is **6.3302, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **29.1998, 0.5587, 0.3563**, and **8.5460, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.0059, 0.6400, 0.3300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.7132, 0.6243, 0.3300**.

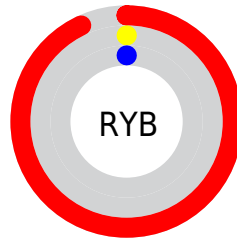
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (0%)

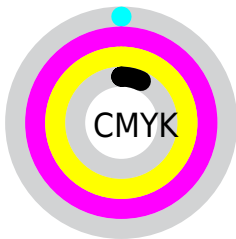
Blue (0%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

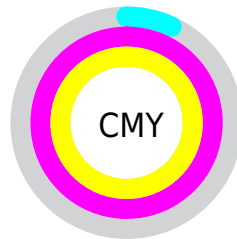


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (100%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.0045, 0.6401,  
0.3300


 18.0045, 0.6401,  
0.3300


 240.8964, 0.4692,  
0.3579


 10.9532, 0.6784,  
0.3126


 40.0450, 0.5813,  
0.3490


 6.0354, 0.7169,  
0.2831

 55.8030, 0.5577,  
0.3534

 2.8666, 0.7606,  
0.2394

 75.2320, 0.5374,  
0.3561

 1.0625, 0.8209,  
0.1791

 98.7165, 0.5198,  
0.3575

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


 126.6407, 0.5046,  
0.3582

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 159.3892, 0.4912,


0.3584


 197.3463, 0.4795,  
0.3583


 18.0045, 0.6401,  
0.3300


 18.0045, 0.6401,  
0.3300


 18.0059, 0.6400,  
0.3300

 18.7132, 0.6243,  
0.3300

 20.2842, 0.5933,  
0.3299


 22.9886, 0.5498,  
0.3298


 26.9861, 0.5015,  
0.3296

 32.4108, 0.4551,  
0.3295

 39.3802, 0.4142,  
0.3294

 47.9996, 0.3801,  
0.3292

 58.3649, 0.3525,  
0.3291

 70.5650, 0.3304,  
0.3291

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0045, 0.5818, 0.2515



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.0045, 0.5717, 0.4283

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.0045, 0.1726, 0.6020



18.0045, 0.1237, 0.1090

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



66.6145, 0.2246, 0.3286

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0045, 0.0786, 0.1212



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.0045, 0.0910, 0.3409

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.0045, 0.2987, 0.6762



18.0045, 0.0673, 0.1807



18.0045, 0.2234, 0.1277



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300



18.0045, 0.4872, 0.5128



18.0045, 0.0673, 0.1807



18.0045, 0.1040, 0.1094

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0059, 0.6400, 0.3300



56.5490, 0.3805, 0.3292



24.1176, 0.3209, 0.1542



11.1313, 0.3941, 0.3293



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0059, 0.6400, 0.3300



21.2626, 0.6401, 0.3300



31.0777, 0.5430, 0.4070



15.0552, 0.3293, 0.3291



9.8316, 0.6400, 0.3300



0.7724, 0.6399, 0.3301



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.6145, 0.2246, 0.3286



78.6636, 0.2246, 0.3286



19.1883, 0.1764, 0.1551



17.1206, 0.2981, 0.3289



36.3717, 0.2246, 0.3286



2.8565, 0.2246, 0.3286



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300

### Protanopia

18.6002, 0.4263, 0.4721

### Deuteranopia

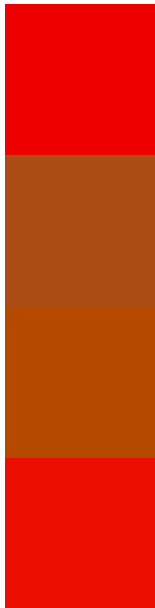
18.6139, 0.4695, 0.4654



## Tritanopia

18.2360, 0.6341, 0.3347

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300

## Protanomaly

13.8773, 0.5464, 0.3888

## Deuteranomaly

14.7102, 0.5692, 0.3863

## Tritanomaly

18.1469, 0.6368, 0.3326

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300

## Achromatopsia

6.3010, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

6.8915, 0.5152, 0.3296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 0, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 0, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 0, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 0, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 0, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 0, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 0, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 0, 0) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.0045, 0.6401, 0.3300 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 0, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237, 0,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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