

Converting Colors

$Yxy(18.0993, 0.4848, 0.4048)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.0993, 0.4848, 0.4048)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA662E
RGB	170, 102, 46
RGB Percent	67%, 40%, 18%
CMY	0.3332, 0.6000, 0.8195
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.73, 0.33
HSL	27°, 57%, 42%
HSV	27°, 73%, 67%
XYZ	21.8259, 18.2460, 4.9578
YIQ	115.9480, 58.5040, -3.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

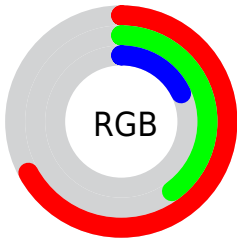
Format	Color
R _Y B	170, 148, 46
Decimal	11167278
CIE Lab	49.79, 22.59, 42.02
CIE LCh	50, 47.707, 61.735
Yxy	18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289357358 (0xFFAA662E)
YUV	115.9480, -34.4844, 47.4036
Hunter-Lab	42.7153, 16.4546, 23.0192

Details

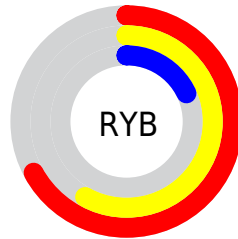
The Yxy color **18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **15.5294, 0.2052, 0.2212**, and the grayscale version is **17.5433, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.2667, 0.4477, 0.3939**, and **6.1490, 0.5406, 0.4089** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4071, 0.5129, 0.4068**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3462, 0.4553, 0.3993**.

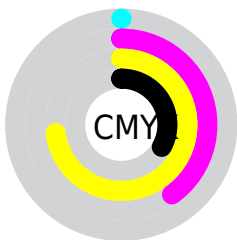
Distribution



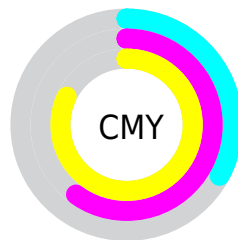
- Red (67%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (33%)





- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.2460, 0.4847,
0.4052


 18.2460, 0.4847,
0.4052


242.2540, 0.3883,
0.3699

 11.1267, 0.5102,
0.4100


 40.4561, 0.4479,
0.3945


 6.1522, 0.5432,
0.4129

 56.3157, 0.4345,
0.3896

 2.9378, 0.5888,
0.4112

 75.8575, 0.4234,
0.3853

 1.0994, 0.6234,
0.3766

 99.4659, 0.4141,
0.3815

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 127.5254, 0.4062,
0.3781

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 160.4203, 0.3994,

0.3750

198.5351, 0.3935,
0.3723

■ 18.2460, 0.4847,
0.4052

■ 18.2460, 0.4847,
0.4052

■ 16.4071, 0.5129,
0.4068

■ 20.3462, 0.4553,
0.3993

■ 14.8132, 0.5379,
0.4031

■ 22.7170, 0.4265,
0.3902

■ 13.8209, 0.5539,
0.3984

■ 25.3703, 0.3994,
0.3793

■ 28.3166, 0.3749,
0.3673

■ 31.5656, 0.3530,
0.3552

■ 35.1264, 0.3339,
0.3434

■ 39.0079, 0.3172,
0.3322

■ 43.2183, 0.3027,
0.3216

■ 47.7658, 0.2902,
0.3119

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2460, 0.4839, 0.3408



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



18.2460, 0.4358, 0.4655

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



18.2460, 0.2043, 0.3734



18.2460, 0.2476, 0.2020

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



15.5294, 0.2052, 0.2212

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2460, 0.1898, 0.1967



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



18.2460, 0.1670, 0.2792

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



18.2460, 0.2737, 0.4658



18.2460, 0.1631, 0.2201



18.2460, 0.3333, 0.2317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052



18.2460, 0.3860, 0.4926



18.2460, 0.1631, 0.2201



18.2460, 0.2248, 0.1973

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2469, 0.4847, 0.4052



57.5882, 0.3519, 0.3546



11.7236, 0.4164, 0.2369



12.4844, 0.3574, 0.3578



86.8899, 0.3127, 0.3290



16.2647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2469, 0.4847, 0.4052



27.7871, 0.5301, 0.4049



35.2329, 0.4134, 0.4804



8.0791, 0.3275, 0.3392



10.2725, 0.5522, 0.3998



0.3529, 0.4979, 0.4429

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5294, 0.2052, 0.2212



22.4681, 0.1893, 0.1925



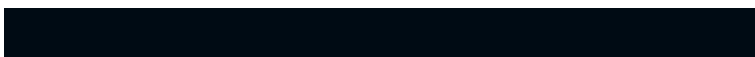
5.9597, 0.1773, 0.1098



7.9570, 0.2987, 0.3186



8.0405, 0.1825, 0.1770



0.2957, 0.1979, 0.2325

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052

Protanopia

18.3382, 0.4092, 0.4490

Deuteranopia

18.2806, 0.4453, 0.4387



Tritanopia

18.2293, 0.4173, 0.3188

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052

Protanomaly

18.1430, 0.4371, 0.4330

Deuteranomaly

18.1870, 0.4600, 0.4261

Tritanomaly

18.1152, 0.4465, 0.3532

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052

Achromatopsia

17.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.3585, 0.3740, 0.3662

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 102, 46)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 102, 46)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 102, 46) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 102, 46) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 102, 46) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 102, 46) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 102, 46)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 102, 46); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 102, 46);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 102,  
46) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.2460, 0.4847, 0.4052 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 102, 46) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
102, 46) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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