

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.1442, 0.2938, 0.2780)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.1442, 0.2938, 0.2780)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7C718E
RGB	124, 113, 142
RGB Percent	49%, 44%, 56%
CMY	0.5136, 0.5569, 0.4431
CMYK	0.13, 0.20, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	263°, 11%, 50%
HSV	263°, 20%, 56%
XYZ	19.1050, 18.0483, 28.0737
YIQ	119.5950, -2.7530, 11.3510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

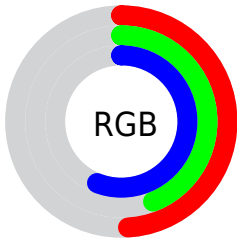
Format	Color
RYB	124, 113, 142
Decimal	8155534
CIELab	49.55, 10.33, -14.27
CIElCh	50, 17.615, 305.896
Yxy	18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286345614 (0xFF7C718E)
YUV	119.5950, 11.0457, 3.8632
Hunter-Lab	42.4833, 5.9267, -9.4415

Details

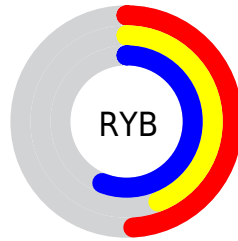
The Yxy color $18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $25.3647, 0.3298, 0.3801$, and the grayscale version is $18.6132, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $40.2429, 0.2976, 0.2883$, and $6.0492, 0.2836, 0.2551$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $14.4983, 0.2810, 0.2480$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $22.1541, 0.3033, 0.3035$.

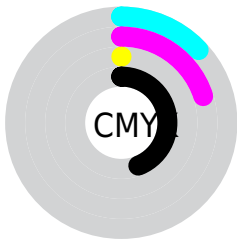
Distribution



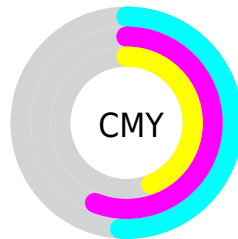
- Red (49%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.0483, 0.2929,
0.2767

■ 18.0483, 0.2929,
0.2767

■ 241.1431, 0.3046,
0.3061

■ 10.9847, 0.2892,
0.2681

■ 40.1196, 0.2977,
0.2883

■ 6.0565, 0.2839,
0.2561

■ 55.8961, 0.2993,
0.2923

■ 2.8795, 0.2755,
0.2383

■ 75.3456, 0.3006,
0.2957

■ 1.0691, 0.2607,
0.2096

■ 98.8526, 0.3017,
0.2984

■ 0.0000, 0.1786,
0.0000

■ 126.8015, 0.3026,
0.3008

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

159.5766, 0.3033,

0.3028

197.5623, 0.3040,
0.3046

■ 18.0483, 0.2929,
0.2767

■ 18.0483, 0.2929,
0.2767

■ 14.4983, 0.2810,
0.2480

■ 22.1541, 0.3033,
0.3035

■ 11.4773, 0.2678,
0.2180

■ 26.8365, 0.3123,
0.3280

■ 8.9597, 0.2534,
0.1876

■ 32.1178, 0.3201,
0.3501

■ 6.9167, 0.2382,
0.1582

■ 38.0185, 0.3266,
0.3700

■ 5.3167, 0.2229,
0.1313

■ 44.5581, 0.3322,
0.3877

4.1237, 0.2082,
0.1085

51.7554, 0.3368,
0.4035

3.2962, 0.1948,
0.0910

59.6282, 0.3408,
0.4174

2.7400, 0.1835,
0.0784

68.1937, 0.3441,
0.4298

77.4685, 0.3468,
0.4408

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.0483, 0.2657, 0.2742



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



18.0483, 0.3269, 0.2913

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



18.0483, 0.3779, 0.3687



18.0483, 0.2680, 0.3417

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



25.3647, 0.3298, 0.3801

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.0483, 0.2963, 0.3716



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



18.0483, 0.3601, 0.3862

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



18.0483, 0.3775, 0.3426



18.0483, 0.3299, 0.3881



18.0483, 0.2520, 0.3097

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767



18.0483, 0.3489, 0.3063



18.0483, 0.3299, 0.3881



18.0483, 0.2764, 0.3525

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.0491, 0.2929, 0.2767



42.4930, 0.3074, 0.3143



21.7960, 0.2820, 0.3095



9.3912, 0.3069, 0.3130



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.0491, 0.2929, 0.2767



28.5213, 0.2871, 0.2623



19.1765, 0.3102, 0.2794



5.3488, 0.3045, 0.3067



2.4695, 0.1839, 0.0787



0.0356, 0.2330, 0.1057

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1972, 0.3285, 0.2981



30.9896, 0.3333, 0.2901



24.3146, 0.3143, 0.3826



5.4767, 0.3191, 0.3155



5.7985, 0.4423, 0.2210



0.0597, 0.3773, 0.1852

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767

Protanopia

18.1464, 0.2752, 0.2770

Deuteranopia

18.0660, 0.2859, 0.2794



Tritanopia

18.0364, 0.3085, 0.3120

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767

Protanomaly

18.2174, 0.2816, 0.2776

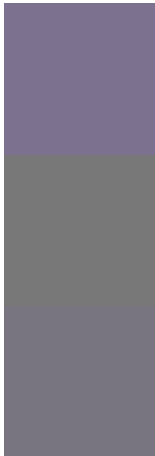
Deuteranomaly

17.9807, 0.2882, 0.2779

Tritanomaly

18.0377, 0.3028, 0.2992

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767

Achromatopsia

18.7821, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.3460, 0.3049, 0.3084

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(124, 113, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(124, 113, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(124, 113, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(124, 113, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(124, 113, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(124, 113, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(124, 113, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(124, 113, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 113, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(124, 113,  
142) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.0483, 0.2929, 0.2767 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(124, 113, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(124,  
113, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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