

Converting Colors

$Yxy(18.1827, 0.1110, 0.2473)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.1827, 0.1110, 0.2473)
contains.

Yxy(23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0091B6
RGB	0, 145, 182
RGB Percent	0%, 57%, 71%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4313, 0.2862
CMYK	1.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	192°, 100%, 36%
HSV	192°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	18.5676, 23.6282, 47.8507
YIQ	105.8630, -98.2970, -19.2330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

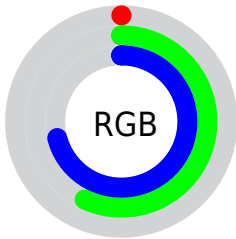
Format	Color
RYB	0, 81, 182
Decimal	37302
CIELab	55.71, -18.99, -28.41
CIELCh	56, 34.176, 236.240
Yxy	23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278227382 (0xFF0091B6)
YUV	105.8630, 37.5355, -92.8419
Hunter-Lab	48.6088, -16.8821, -24.3391

Details

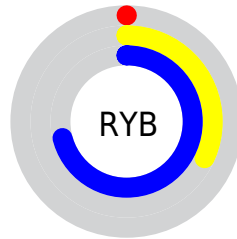
The Yxy color **23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **11.2723, 0.6169, 0.3484**, and the grayscale version is **14.2910, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.4528, 0.2275, 0.2773**, and **9.5904, 0.2004, 0.2412** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.6310, 0.2062, 0.2624**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.9115, 0.2100, 0.2697**.

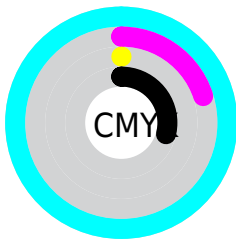
Distribution



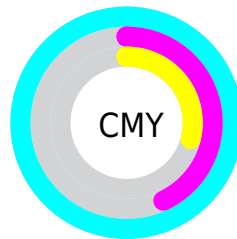
- Red (0%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 23.6282, 0.2062,
0.2624

■ 23.6282, 0.2062,
0.2624

■ 270.9354, 0.2626,
0.3002

■ 15.0580, 0.1914,
0.2515

■ 49.4228, 0.2273,
0.2772

■ 8.8601, 0.1722,
0.2367

■ 67.4160, 0.2350,
0.2824

■ 4.6501, 0.1467,
0.2157

■ 89.3191, 0.2415,
0.2867

■ 2.0434, 0.1118,
0.1842

■ 115.5163, 0.2470,
0.2903

■ 0.6325, 0.0295,
0.1358

■ 146.3922, 0.2518,
0.2933

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 182.3311, 0.2558,

0.2959

223.7173, 0.2594,
0.2982

■ 23.6282, 0.2062,
0.2624

■ 23.6282, 0.2062,
0.2624

■ 23.6310, 0.2062,
0.2624

■ 24.9115, 0.2100,
0.2697

■ 26.3505, 0.2154,
0.2771

■ 27.9939, 0.2226,
0.2844

■ 29.8644, 0.2317,
0.2917

■ 31.9809, 0.2425,
0.2989

■ 34.3602, 0.2548,
0.3057

■ 37.0177, 0.2683,
0.3122

■ 39.9670, 0.2826,
0.3183

■ 43.2212, 0.2975,
0.3239

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.6282, 0.2149, 0.3093



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



23.6282, 0.2219, 0.2386

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



23.6282, 0.3771, 0.2898



23.6282, 0.3585, 0.4384

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



11.2723, 0.6169, 0.3484

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.6282, 0.4073, 0.4193



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



23.6282, 0.4209, 0.3335

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



23.6282, 0.3166, 0.2558



23.6282, 0.4315, 0.3796



23.6282, 0.3001, 0.4216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



23.6282, 0.2452, 0.2354



23.6282, 0.4315, 0.3796



23.6282, 0.3766, 0.4354

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.6310, 0.2062, 0.2624



66.8359, 0.2676, 0.3119



33.5957, 0.2944, 0.5798



14.3033, 0.2618, 0.3092



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.6310, 0.2062, 0.2624



42.4844, 0.2059, 0.2612



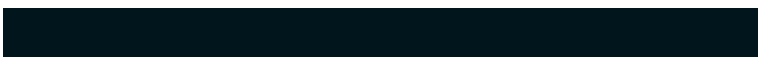
6.0736, 0.1611, 0.0999



9.8920, 0.2985, 0.3242



16.7793, 0.2065, 0.2633



0.6712, 0.2117, 0.2820

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.9926, 0.3801, 0.1867



21.7010, 0.3812, 0.1874



25.2347, 0.4843, 0.4536



9.1306, 0.3168, 0.3110



8.4762, 0.3793, 0.1863



0.3069, 0.3616, 0.1766

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

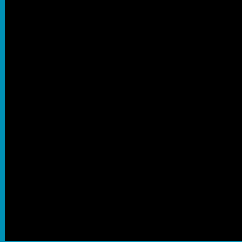
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624.

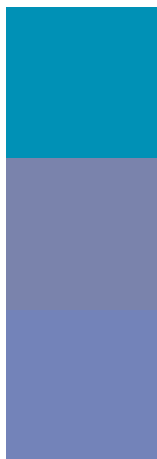


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

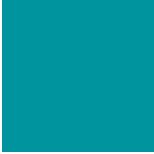
23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624

Protanopia

23.3487, 0.2644, 0.2617

Deuteranopia

23.3802, 0.2482, 0.2423



Tritanopia

23.6830, 0.2188, 0.3075

Trichromacy



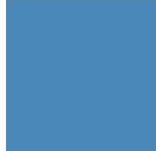
Original Color

23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



Protanomaly

22.3626, 0.2287, 0.2585



Deuteranomaly

22.4855, 0.2213, 0.2462



Tritanomaly

23.6575, 0.2142, 0.2911

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624



Achromatopsia

14.4128, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

16.3475, 0.2438, 0.2989

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 145, 182)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 145, 182)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 145, 182) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 145, 182) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 145, 182) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 145, 182) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 145, 182)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 145, 182); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145, 182);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 145,  
182) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.6282, 0.2062, 0.2624 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 145, 182) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 145,  
182) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor