

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.2382, 0.1958, 0.2175)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(18.2382, 0.1958, 0.2175)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	137DBA
RGB	19, 125, 186
RGB Percent	7%, 49%, 73%
CMY	0.9265, 0.5098, 0.2705
CMYK	0.90, 0.33, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	202°, 82%, 40%
HSV	202°, 90%, 73%
XYZ	16.4620, 18.3508, 49.1341
YIQ	100.2600, -82.7570, -3.5010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

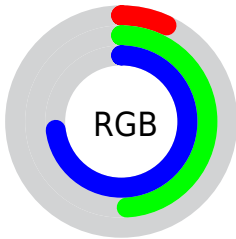
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">19, 84, 186</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1277370</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">49.92, -5.42, -39.75</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">50, 40.119, 262.230</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279467450 (0xFF137DBA)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">100.2600, 42.2698, -71.2650</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">42.8378, -6.3711, -38.0180</a>

# Details

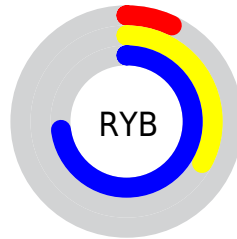
The Yxy color **18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **16.1879, 0.5540, 0.3862**, and the grayscale version is **12.7017, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.4518, 0.2201, 0.2421**, and **6.9737, 0.1863, 0.1905** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.5568, 0.1903, 0.2050**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3923, 0.2037, 0.2325**.

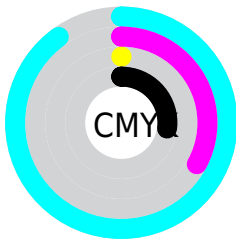
# Distribution



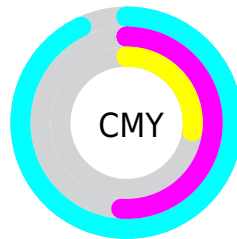
- Red (7%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.3508, 0.1961,  
0.2186

■ 18.3508, 0.1961,  
0.2186

■ 242.8410, 0.2595,  
0.2798

■ 11.2021, 0.1792,  
0.2018

■ 40.6342, 0.2201,  
0.2421

■ 6.2030, 0.1571,  
0.1797

■ 56.5377, 0.2289,  
0.2505

■ 2.9689, 0.1280,  
0.1498

■ 76.1283, 0.2362,  
0.2575

■ 1.1155, 0.0893,  
0.1091

■ 99.7903, 0.2423,  
0.2634

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 127.9082, 0.2476,  
0.2684

■ 160.8663, 0.2521,

0.2727

199.0491, 0.2560,  
0.2765

■ 18.3508, 0.1961,  
0.2186

■ 18.3508, 0.1961,  
0.2186

■ 16.5568, 0.1903,  
0.2050

■ 20.3923, 0.2037,  
0.2325

■ 16.5427, 0.1903,  
0.2049

■ 22.7284, 0.2133,  
0.2465

■ 25.3853, 0.2247,  
0.2604

■ 28.3849, 0.2377,  
0.2738

■ 31.7468, 0.2519,  
0.2866

■ 35.4885, 0.2668,  
0.2986

■ 39.6264, 0.2822,  
0.3097

■ 44.1758, 0.2976,  
0.3199

■ 49.1507, 0.3128,  
0.3291

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3508, 0.1810, 0.2498



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



18.3508, 0.2387, 0.2149

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



18.3508, 0.4458, 0.3244



18.3508, 0.3042, 0.4565

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



16.1879, 0.5540, 0.3862

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.3508, 0.3770, 0.4676



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



18.3508, 0.4640, 0.3807

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



18.3508, 0.3846, 0.2732



18.3508, 0.4364, 0.4338



18.3508, 0.2376, 0.3929



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186



18.3508, 0.2814, 0.2256



18.3508, 0.4364, 0.4338



18.3508, 0.3288, 0.4665

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.3514, 0.1961, 0.2186



66.1025, 0.2706, 0.3015



35.7981, 0.2822, 0.5268



14.0141, 0.2654, 0.2975



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.3514, 0.1961, 0.2186



29.5038, 0.1897, 0.2027



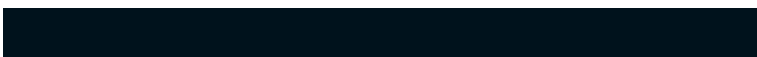
5.4712, 0.1604, 0.0876



9.6449, 0.2985, 0.3205



11.2746, 0.1907, 0.2066



0.5109, 0.2005, 0.2418



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3788, 0.4237, 0.2169



21.2512, 0.4422, 0.2210



35.9490, 0.4422, 0.4803



9.1056, 0.3192, 0.3146



7.9205, 0.4378, 0.2186



0.2907, 0.4004, 0.1980



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

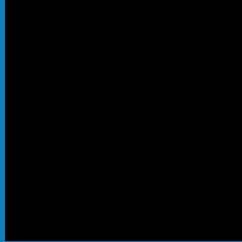
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186

### Protanopia

18.1919, 0.2332, 0.2221

### Deuteranopia

18.2500, 0.2155, 0.2094

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186

**Protanomaly**

17.7588, 0.2130, 0.2184

**Deuteranomaly**

18.1325, 0.2053, 0.2128

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186

**Achromatopsia**

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

13.8781, 0.2443, 0.2805

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(19, 125, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(19, 125, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(19, 125, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(19, 125, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(19, 125, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(19, 125, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(19, 125, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(19, 125, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 125, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(19, 125,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.3508, 0.1961, 0.2186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(19, 125, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(19, 125,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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