

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.3298, 0.4331, 0.5058)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.3298, 0.4331, 0.5058)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	807900
RGB	128, 121, 0
RGB Percent	50%, 47%, 0%
CMY	0.4980, 0.5255, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 1.00, 0.50
HSL	57°, 100%, 25%
HSV	57°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	15.7392, 18.2639, 2.6935
YIQ	109.2990, 43.0130, -36.1470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

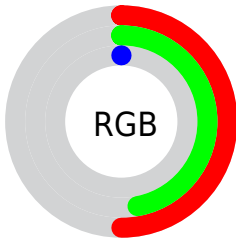
Format	Color
R_YB	7, 128, 0
Decimal	8419584
CIE Lab	49.81, -9.11, 55.20
CIE LCh	50, 55.946, 99.377
Yxy	18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286609664 (0xFF807900)
YUV	109.2990, -53.8844, 16.4008
Hunter-Lab	42.7363, -9.0495, 26.1785

Details

The Yxy color **18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **1.7104, 0.1515, 0.0652**, and the grayscale version is **15.5301, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.4591, 0.4097, 0.4648**, and **6.2609, 0.4236, 0.5019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2649, 0.4289, 0.4977**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.4641, 0.4244, 0.4929**.

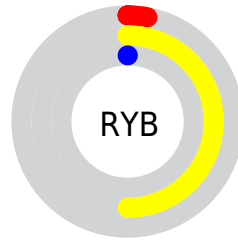
Distribution



Red (50%)

Green (47%)

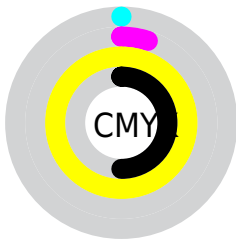
Blue (0%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (0%)

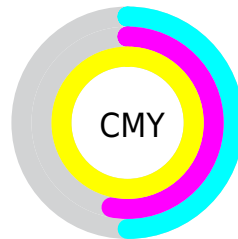


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (50%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.2639, 0.4289,
0.4977

18.2639, 0.4289,
0.4977

242.3543, 0.3711,
0.4068

11.1396, 0.4384,
0.5179

40.4865, 0.4102,
0.4651

6.1608, 0.4520,
0.5480

56.3536, 0.4022,
0.4524

2.9431, 0.4419,
0.5581

75.9038, 0.3951,
0.4417

1.1021, 0.4237,
0.5763


99.5214, 0.3890,
0.4326


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


127.5909, 0.3837,
0.4247


160.4966, 0.3789,


0.4179

 198.6229, 0.3748,
0.4120


 18.2639, 0.4289,
0.4977


 18.2639, 0.4289,
0.4977

 18.2649, 0.4289,
0.4977

 18.4641, 0.4244,
0.4929

 18.6803, 0.4182,
0.4854

 18.9232, 0.4095,
0.4738

 19.1958, 0.3986,
0.4585

 19.5008, 0.3859,
0.4401

■ 19.8406, 0.3718,
0.4193

■ 20.2171, 0.3570,
0.3970

■ 20.6323, 0.3419,
0.3741

■ 21.0881, 0.3271,
0.3512

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.2639, 0.4984, 0.4287



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



18.2639, 0.3359, 0.5278

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



18.2639, 0.1432, 0.2474



18.2639, 0.3640, 0.2304

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



1.7104, 0.1515, 0.0652

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.2639, 0.2592, 0.1915



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



18.2639, 0.1483, 0.1936

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



18.2639, 0.1731, 0.3485



18.2639, 0.1859, 0.1779



18.2639, 0.4673, 0.2884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977



18.2639, 0.2718, 0.4997



18.2639, 0.1859, 0.1779



18.2639, 0.3269, 0.2149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2649, 0.4289, 0.4977



35.5473, 0.3580, 0.3986



4.6079, 0.6293, 0.3241



8.2661, 0.3633, 0.4066



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2649, 0.4289, 0.4977



32.0893, 0.4291, 0.4975



16.8367, 0.3481, 0.5618



4.9804, 0.3257, 0.3492



18.1116, 0.4289, 0.4977



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.7104, 0.1515, 0.0652



2.9407, 0.1511, 0.0638



2.3840, 0.1931, 0.0837



4.2465, 0.2993, 0.3080



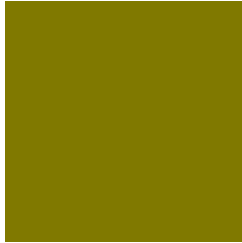
1.6967, 0.1515, 0.0652



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Xy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977

Protanopia

18.2620, 0.4399, 0.4890

Deuteranopia

18.1128, 0.4660, 0.4569



Tritanopia

18.1197, 0.3321, 0.3128

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977

Protanomaly

18.3385, 0.4357, 0.4922

Deuteranomaly

18.0364, 0.4533, 0.4713

Tritanomaly

17.7028, 0.3840, 0.4002

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977

Achromatopsia

15.2926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.9529, 0.3723, 0.4187

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 121, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 121, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 121, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 121, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 121, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 121, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 121, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 121, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 121, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 121,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.2639, 0.4289, 0.4977 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 121, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
121, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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