

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3D7ABA
RGB	61, 122, 186
RGB Percent	24%, 48%, 73%
CMY	0.7607, 0.5216, 0.2706
CMYK	0.67, 0.34, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	211°, 51%, 48%
HSV	211°, 67%, 73%
XYZ	17.7484, 18.4563, 49.0832
YIQ	111.0570, -56.9000, 6.9720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

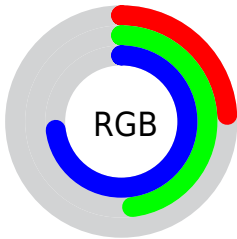
Format	Color
R _Y B	61, 102, 186
Decimal	4029114
CIE Lab	50.04, 1.11, -39.48
CIE LCh	50, 39.496, 271.612
Yxy	18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282219194 (0xFF3D7ABA)
YUV	111.0570, 36.9469, -43.9000
Hunter-Lab	42.9608, -1.4376, -37.6669

Details

The Yxy color **18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **25.4545, 0.4607, 0.4124**, and the grayscale version is **15.8196, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.7479, 0.2302, 0.2402**, and **6.5635, 0.1841, 0.1827** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.7392, 0.1958, 0.1965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6087, 0.2222, 0.2362**.

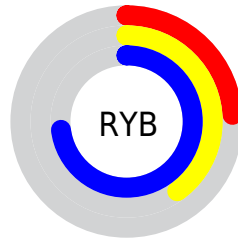
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (48%)

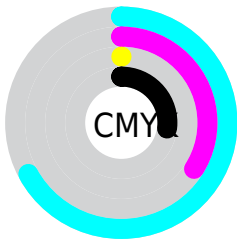
Blue (73%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (73%)

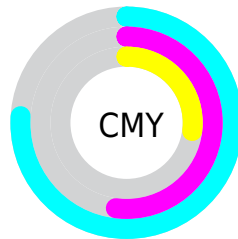


Cyan (67%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.4563, 0.2081,
0.2164

■ 18.4563, 0.2081,
0.2164

■ 243.4306, 0.2655,
0.2780

■ 11.2781, 0.1925,
0.1997

■ 40.8133, 0.2300,
0.2399

■ 6.2542, 0.1719,
0.1779

■ 56.7609, 0.2380,
0.2484

■ 3.0003, 0.1442,
0.1485

■ 76.4004, 0.2446,
0.2554

■ 1.1319, 0.1064,
0.1086

■ 100.1163, 0.2501,
0.2614

■ 0.0050, 0.0077,
0.0012

■ 128.2928, 0.2548,
0.2665

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

161.3144, 0.2589,

0.2708

199.5655, 0.2624,
0.2746

■ 18.4563, 0.2081,
0.2164

■ 18.4563, 0.2081,
0.2164

■ 15.7392, 0.1958,
0.1965

■ 21.6087, 0.2222,
0.2362

■ 13.4268, 0.1857,
0.1771

■ 25.2198, 0.2375,
0.2553

■ 11.4812, 0.1780,
0.1587

■ 29.3133, 0.2536,
0.2735

■ 10.9826, 0.1760,
0.1537

■ 33.9102, 0.2699,
0.2904

■ 39.0301, 0.2861,
0.3059

■ 44.6915, 0.3018,
0.3199

■ 50.9119, 0.3169,
0.3324

■ 57.7077, 0.3312,
0.3435

■ 65.0949, 0.3446,
0.3533

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.4563, 0.1846, 0.2384



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



18.4563, 0.2584, 0.2203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



18.4563, 0.4543, 0.3419



18.4563, 0.2824, 0.4391

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



25.4545, 0.4607, 0.4124

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.4563, 0.3543, 0.4676



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



18.4563, 0.4575, 0.3974

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



18.4563, 0.4055, 0.2890



18.4563, 0.4188, 0.4458



18.4563, 0.2226, 0.3665

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164



18.4563, 0.3048, 0.2353



18.4563, 0.4188, 0.4458



18.4563, 0.3060, 0.4548

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.4569, 0.2081, 0.2164



67.7190, 0.2810, 0.3012



37.5558, 0.2698, 0.4388



14.3329, 0.2764, 0.2968



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.4569, 0.2081, 0.2164



26.2788, 0.1903, 0.1864



7.8796, 0.1842, 0.1165



9.4233, 0.2985, 0.3170



7.5376, 0.1767, 0.1559



0.3897, 0.1900, 0.2040

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.1858, 0.4196, 0.2505



22.8231, 0.4574, 0.2453



45.8964, 0.4035, 0.4791



9.0833, 0.3214, 0.3179



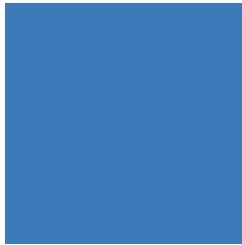
7.5433, 0.4983, 0.2518



0.2784, 0.4408, 0.2202

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

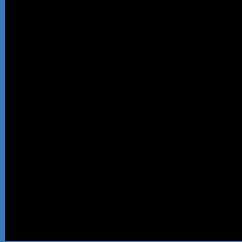
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164.

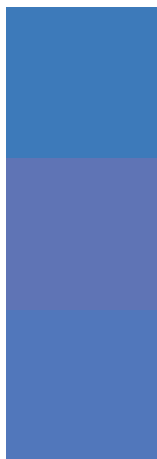


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164

Protanopia

18.2599, 0.2304, 0.2179

Deuteranopia

18.5308, 0.2177, 0.2128



Tritanopia

18.4927, 0.2246, 0.3055

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164

Protanomaly

18.2148, 0.2210, 0.2165

Deuteranomaly

18.4766, 0.2138, 0.2134

Tritanomaly

18.4206, 0.2176, 0.2692

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164

Achromatopsia

15.8961, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.4236, 0.2623, 0.2828

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(61, 122, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(61, 122, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 122, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(61, 122, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(61, 122, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(61, 122, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(61, 122, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(61, 122, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 122, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(61, 122,  
186) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.4563, 0.2081, 0.2164 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(61, 122, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(61, 122,  
186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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