

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C7F8E
RGB	76, 127, 142
RGB Percent	30%, 50%, 56%
CMY	0.7021, 0.5019, 0.4431
CMYK	0.47, 0.11, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	194°, 30%, 43%
HSV	194°, 47%, 56%
XYZ	15.4495, 18.6682, 28.3804
YIQ	113.4610, -35.2110, -6.1470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

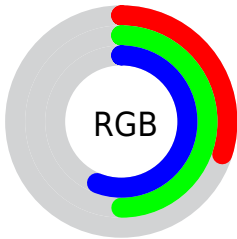
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 105, 142
Decimal	5013390
CIE _{Lab}	50.30, -12.89, -13.45
CIE _{LCh}	50, 18.629, 226.227
Yxy	18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283203470 (0xFF4C7F8E)
YUV	113.4610, 14.0697, -32.8533
Hunter-Lab	43.2067, -11.7850, -8.7001

Details

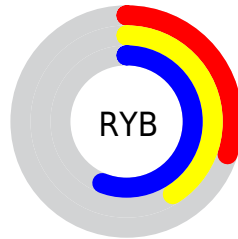
The Yxy color **18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **13.7452, 0.4199, 0.3564**, and the grayscale version is **16.6202, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.2952, 0.2618, 0.3060**, and **6.3809, 0.2213, 0.2843** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.3311, 0.2356, 0.2910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1618, 0.2600, 0.3061**.

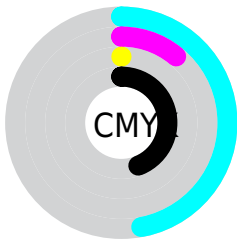
Distribution



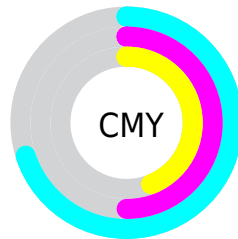
- Red (30%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6682, 0.2472,
0.2987

■ 18.6682, 0.2472,
0.2987

■ 244.6109, 0.2841,
0.3167

■ 11.4308, 0.2364,
0.2929

■ 41.1727, 0.2617,
0.3061

■ 6.3574, 0.2213,
0.2845

■ 57.2085, 0.2669,
0.3086

■ 3.0636, 0.1992,
0.2712

■ 76.9460, 0.2710,
0.3106

■ 1.1650, 0.1636,
0.2479

■ 100.7694, 0.2745,
0.3123

■ 0.0329, 0.0000,
0.0326

■ 129.0632, 0.2775,
0.3137

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

162.2118, 0.2800,

0.3149

200.5995, 0.2822,
0.3159

■ 18.6682, 0.2472,
0.2987

■ 18.6682, 0.2472,
0.2987

■ 17.3311, 0.2356,
0.2910

■ 20.1618, 0.2600,
0.3061

■ 16.1394, 0.2256,
0.2830

■ 21.8176, 0.2738,
0.3130

■ 15.0842, 0.2172,
0.2749

■ 23.6439, 0.2882,
0.3195

■ 14.1540, 0.2107,
0.2667

■ 25.6475, 0.3030,
0.3254

■ 13.3306, 0.2060,
0.2586

■ 27.8348, 0.3179,
0.3308

■ 13.0550, 0.2044,
0.2557

■ 30.2119, 0.3327,
0.3357

■ 32.7848, 0.3472,
0.3400

■ 35.5588, 0.3613,
0.3439

■ 38.5393, 0.3749,
0.3472

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6682, 0.2586, 0.3303



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



18.6682, 0.2520, 0.2779

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



18.6682, 0.3398, 0.2973



18.6682, 0.3523, 0.3917

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



13.7452, 0.4199, 0.3564

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6682, 0.3764, 0.3781



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



18.6682, 0.3694, 0.3239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



18.6682, 0.3038, 0.2784



18.6682, 0.3830, 0.3530



18.6682, 0.3184, 0.3872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987



18.6682, 0.2639, 0.2718



18.6682, 0.3830, 0.3530



18.6682, 0.3619, 0.3889

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6689, 0.2472, 0.2987



42.4500, 0.2915, 0.3209



21.6238, 0.2944, 0.4389



9.3355, 0.2887, 0.3197



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6689, 0.2472, 0.2987



30.4163, 0.2349, 0.2905



11.6125, 0.2350, 0.2289



5.9116, 0.2990, 0.3239



11.7495, 0.2045, 0.2561



0.1451, 0.2151, 0.2942

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.4462, 0.3407, 0.2413



18.5411, 0.3493, 0.2236



20.5096, 0.3928, 0.4115



5.4904, 0.3169, 0.3122



6.1725, 0.3862, 0.1901



0.0623, 0.3506, 0.1705

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

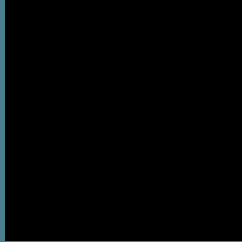
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987

Protanopia

18.4474, 0.2901, 0.2953

Deuteranopia

18.5877, 0.2840, 0.2798



Tritanopia

18.7692, 0.2500, 0.3085

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987

Protanomaly

18.2764, 0.2719, 0.2959

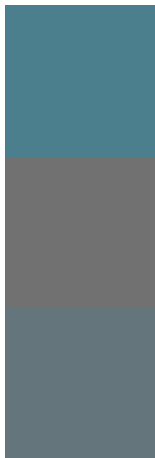
Deuteranomaly

18.5415, 0.2693, 0.2871

Tritanomaly

18.7983, 0.2492, 0.3065

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987

Achromatopsia

16.5132, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.1214, 0.2844, 0.3167

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 127, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 127, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 127, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 127, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 127, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 127, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 127, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 127, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 127,  
142) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.6682, 0.2472, 0.2987 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 127, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 127,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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