

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.6850, 0.2271, 0.2175)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.6850, 0.2271, 0.2175)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C76B8
RGB	92, 118, 184
RGB Percent	36%, 46%, 72%
CMY	0.6394, 0.5372, 0.2785
CMYK	0.50, 0.36, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	223°, 39%, 54%
HSV	223°, 50%, 72%
XYZ	19.5371, 18.6929, 47.9124
YIQ	117.7500, -36.6820, 15.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

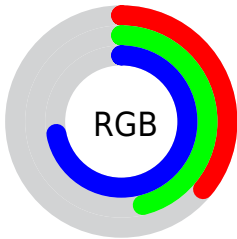
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 112, 184
Decimal	6059704
CIE Lab	50.33, 9.20, -37.77
CIE LCh	50, 38.870, 283.683
Yxy	18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284249784 (0xFF5C76B8)
YUV	117.7500, 32.6613, -22.5827
Hunter-Lab	43.2353, 4.9986, -35.4392

Details

The Yxy color **18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **35.3779, 0.4015, 0.4190**, and the grayscale version is **17.9363, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.2438, 0.2456, 0.2404**, and **6.3591, 0.1949, 0.1784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.9672, 0.2091, 0.1899**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.0841, 0.2451, 0.2432**.

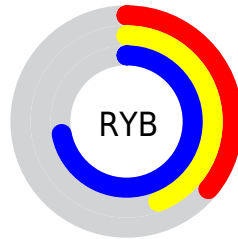
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (46%)

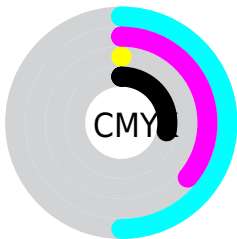
Blue (72%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (72%)

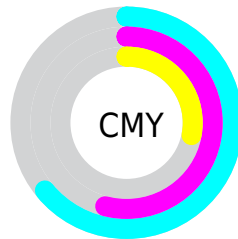


Cyan (50%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (54%)

Yellow (28%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.6929, 0.2268,
0.2170

■ 18.6929, 0.2268,
0.2170

■ 244.7481, 0.2747,
0.2775

■ 11.4486, 0.2134,
0.2008

■ 41.2145, 0.2453,
0.2399

■ 6.3694, 0.1954,
0.1796

■ 57.2606, 0.2520,
0.2482

■ 3.0710, 0.1706,
0.1512

■ 77.0094, 0.2574,
0.2552

■ 1.1689, 0.1350,
0.1124

■ 100.8454, 0.2620,
0.2610

■ 0.0361, 0.0617,
0.0086

■ 129.1528, 0.2659,
0.2661

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

162.3162, 0.2693,

0.2704

200.7198, 0.2722,
0.2742

■ 18.6929, 0.2268,
0.2170

■ 18.6929, 0.2268,
0.2170

■ 14.9672, 0.2091,
0.1899

■ 23.0841, 0.2451,
0.2432

■ 11.8700, 0.1928,
0.1631

■ 28.1708, 0.2633,
0.2678

■ 9.3637, 0.1788,
0.1376

■ 33.9836, 0.2808,
0.2904

■ 7.4047, 0.1679,
0.1150

■ 40.5507, 0.2974,
0.3108

■ 5.9274, 0.1600,
0.0960

■ 47.8985, 0.3127,
0.3290

■ 56.0522, 0.3267,
0.3449

■ 65.0359, 0.3395,
0.3589

■ 74.8726, 0.3510,
0.3711

■ 85.1034, 0.3596,
0.3821

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6929, 0.1928, 0.2280



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



18.6929, 0.2860, 0.2299

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



18.6929, 0.4584, 0.3640



18.6929, 0.2571, 0.4114

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



35.3779, 0.4015, 0.4190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6929, 0.3252, 0.4599



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



18.6929, 0.4438, 0.4172

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



18.6929, 0.4275, 0.3100



18.6929, 0.3937, 0.4569



18.6929, 0.2075, 0.3339

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170



18.6929, 0.3354, 0.2499



18.6929, 0.3937, 0.4569



18.6929, 0.2785, 0.4328

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6936, 0.2268, 0.2170



67.1341, 0.2889, 0.3005



38.9561, 0.2646, 0.3738



13.9438, 0.2854, 0.2961



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6936, 0.2268, 0.2170



26.5407, 0.2074, 0.1873



14.4412, 0.2353, 0.1794



9.1229, 0.2985, 0.3121



4.1921, 0.1606, 0.0980



0.2566, 0.1756, 0.1520

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.1400, 0.4105, 0.2926



28.6123, 0.4458, 0.2867



43.1033, 0.3676, 0.4566



9.0529, 0.3245, 0.3225



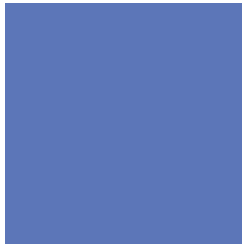
7.2055, 0.5788, 0.2962



0.2650, 0.5034, 0.2547

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

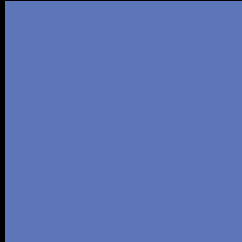
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

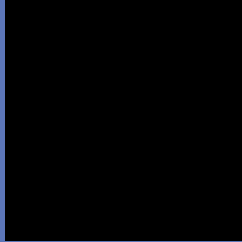
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

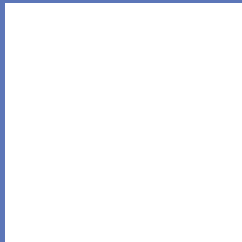
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170.

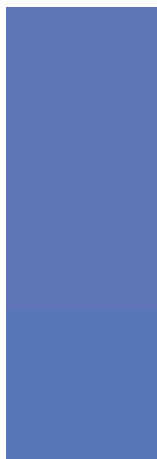


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170

Protanopia

18.6283, 0.2302, 0.2173

Deuteranopia

18.6806, 0.2235, 0.2177



Tritanopia

18.5915, 0.2512, 0.3065

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170

Protanomaly

18.5744, 0.2294, 0.2171

Deuteranomaly

18.7782, 0.2250, 0.2181

Tritanomaly

18.5757, 0.2410, 0.2696

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170

Achromatopsia

18.1164, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.1611, 0.2761, 0.2838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 118, 184)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 118, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 118, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 118, 184) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 118, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 118, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 118, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 118, 184); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118, 184);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 118,  
184) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.6929, 0.2268, 0.2170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 118, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 118,  
184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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