

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.7390, 0.2279, 0.3174)$

Have a look what the booklet for
 $Y_{xy}(18.7390, 0.2279, 0.3174)$
contains.

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Color

Yxy(18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	20848A
RGB	32, 132, 138
RGB Percent	13%, 52%, 54%
CMY	0.8749, 0.4823, 0.4587
CMYK	0.77, 0.04, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	183°, 62%, 33%
HSV	183°, 77%, 54%
XYZ	13.4331, 18.6446, 26.9429
YIQ	102.7840, -61.5260, -19.3340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

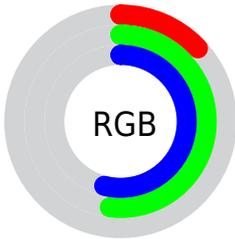
Format	Color
R_{YB}	32, 83, 138
Decimal	2131082
CIE _{Lab}	50.27, -25.20, -11.31
CIE _{LCh}	50, 27.617, 204.165
Yxy	18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280321162 (0xFF20848A)
YUV	102.7840, 17.3615, -62.0776
Hunter-Lab	43.1794, -20.0327, -6.7699

Details

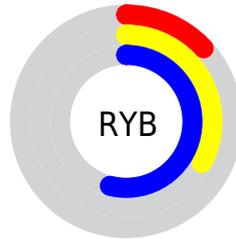
The Yxy color **18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **6.8897, 0.5602, 0.3375**, and the grayscale version is **13.4625, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **40.9463, 0.2466, 0.3198**, and **6.7392, 0.2192, 0.3091** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2580, 0.2234, 0.3141**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.1267, 0.2336, 0.3178**.

Distribution



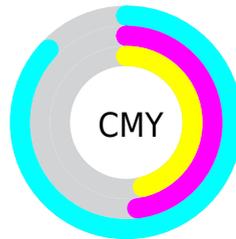
-  Red (13%)
-  Green (52%)
-  Blue (54%)



-  Red (13%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (54%)



-  Cyan (77%)
-  Magenta (4%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (46%)



-  Cyan (87%)
-  Magenta (48%)
-  Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.6446, 0.2276,
0.3159

18.6446, 0.2276,
0.3159

244.4797, 0.2753,
0.3247

11.4138, 0.2138,
0.3125

41.1327, 0.2463,
0.3198

6.3459, 0.1948,
0.3073

57.1587, 0.2529,
0.3211

3.0565, 0.1673,
0.2982

76.8853, 0.2583,
0.3220

1.1613, 0.1137,
0.2837

100.6967, 0.2628,
0.3228

0.0298, 0.0000,
0.0349

128.9775, 0.2667,
0.3234

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

162.1120, 0.2699,

0.3239

200.4846, 0.2728,
0.3244

■ 18.6446, 0.2276,
0.3159

■ 18.6446, 0.2276,
0.3159

■ 18.2580, 0.2234,
0.3141

■ 19.1267, 0.2336,
0.3178

■ 17.9463, 0.2207,
0.3122

■ 19.7127, 0.2414,
0.3196

■ 17.8536, 0.2199,
0.3117

■ 20.4120, 0.2509,
0.3215

■ 21.2328, 0.2620,
0.3232

■ 22.1822, 0.2745,
0.3249

■ 23.2671, 0.2881,
0.3265

■ 24.4935, 0.3025,
0.3280

■ 25.8674, 0.3174,
0.3294

■ 27.3941, 0.3327,
0.3307

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6446, 0.2587, 0.3687



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



18.6446, 0.2180, 0.2732

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



18.6446, 0.3127, 0.2624



18.6446, 0.3985, 0.4072

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



6.8897, 0.5602, 0.3375

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.6446, 0.4172, 0.3721



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



18.6446, 0.3657, 0.2921

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



18.6446, 0.2638, 0.2471



18.6446, 0.4054, 0.3310



18.6446, 0.3571, 0.4241

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159



18.6446, 0.2240, 0.2554



18.6446, 0.4054, 0.3310



18.6446, 0.4078, 0.3968

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.6453, 0.2276, 0.3159



39.7092, 0.2790, 0.3255



18.6232, 0.2993, 0.5563



8.7764, 0.2748, 0.3250



69.2071, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.0482, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.6453, 0.2276, 0.3159



31.7779, 0.2214, 0.3128



7.8281, 0.1958, 0.1910



5.6409, 0.2991, 0.3277



16.3712, 0.2199, 0.3117



0.1156, 0.2225, 0.3209

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0989, 0.3307, 0.1766



12.7177, 0.3341, 0.1646



12.8663, 0.4749, 0.4236



5.1242, 0.3145, 0.3086



6.4369, 0.3352, 0.1620



0.0435, 0.3275, 0.1578

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

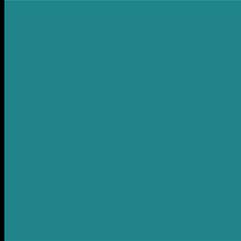
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

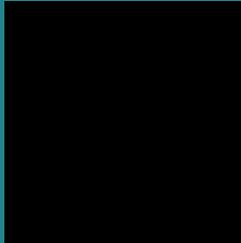
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159

Protanopia

18.3934, 0.3001, 0.3082

Deuteranopia

18.3657, 0.2871, 0.2815



Tritanopia

18.5429, 0.2256, 0.3056

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159

Protanomaly

17.8581, 0.2639, 0.3105

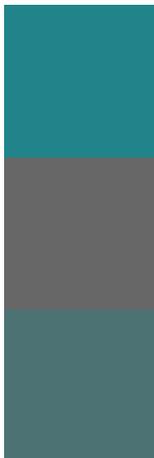
Deuteranomaly

17.8684, 0.2557, 0.2911

Tritanomaly

18.4958, 0.2259, 0.3076

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159

Achromatopsia

13.5633, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.8734, 0.2667, 0.3244

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 132, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(32, 132, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 132, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 132, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 132, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 132, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 132, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 132, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 132, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 132,  
138) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.6446, 0.2276, 0.3159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 132, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 132,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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