

Converting Colors

$Yxy(18.7406, 0.2125, 0.2851)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(18.7406, 0.2125, 0.2851)
contains.

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Color

$\text{Yxy}(18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008499
RGB	0, 132, 153
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.9991, 0.4824, 0.4000
CMYK	1.00, 0.14, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	188°, 100%, 30%
HSV	188°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	14.0030, 18.8024, 33.0293
YIQ	94.9260, -85.4130, -21.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

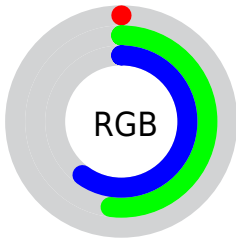
Format	Color
RYB	0, 71, 153
Decimal	33945
CIELab	50.46, -22.37, -19.80
CIELCh	50, 29.875, 221.522
Yxy	18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224025 (0xFF008499)
YUV	94.9260, 28.6305, -83.2501
Hunter-Lab	43.3617, -18.2390, -14.8089

Details

The Yxy color **18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **7.3180, 0.6255, 0.3413**, and the grayscale version is **11.3871, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.2292, 0.2340, 0.2965**, and **6.9939, 0.2079, 0.2685** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7932, 0.2127, 0.2855**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.4840, 0.2160, 0.2903**.

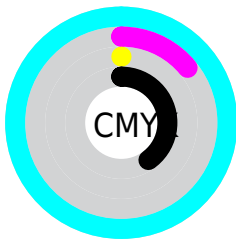
Distribution



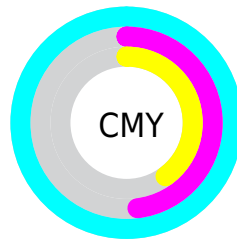
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

18.8024, 0.2127,
0.2856

18.8024, 0.2127,
0.2856

245.3557, 0.2680,
0.3119

11.5276, 0.1972,
0.2770

41.3999, 0.2341,
0.2965

6.4229, 0.1763,
0.2646

57.4914, 0.2417,
0.3002

3.1039, 0.1471,
0.2453

77.2906, 0.2480,
0.3031

1.1862, 0.0998,
0.2137

101.1819, 0.2533,
0.3055

0.0504, 0.0000,
0.0321

129.5497, 0.2578,
0.3075

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

162.7783, 0.2617,

0.3092

201.2522, 0.2650,
0.3107

■ 18.8024, 0.2127,
0.2856

■ 18.8024, 0.2127,
0.2856

■ 18.7932, 0.2127,
0.2855

■ 19.4840, 0.2160,
0.2903

■ 20.2545, 0.2206,
0.2951

■ 21.1492, 0.2270,
0.2998

■ 22.1824, 0.2353,
0.3045

■ 23.3662, 0.2453,
0.3092

■ 24.7113, 0.2568,
0.3136

■ 26.2275, 0.2696,
0.3179

■ 27.9237, 0.2834,
0.3219

■ 29.8080, 0.2980,
0.3256

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.8024, 0.2327, 0.3383



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



18.8024, 0.2163, 0.2518

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



18.8024, 0.3462, 0.2745



18.8024, 0.3811, 0.4271

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



7.3180, 0.6255, 0.3413

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8024, 0.4171, 0.3981



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



18.8024, 0.3977, 0.3125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



18.8024, 0.2889, 0.2487



18.8024, 0.4243, 0.3562



18.8024, 0.3284, 0.4284

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856



18.8024, 0.2315, 0.2416



18.8024, 0.4243, 0.3562



18.8024, 0.3956, 0.4197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8031, 0.2127, 0.2856



46.7566, 0.2686, 0.3176



22.8377, 0.2967, 0.5878



10.0872, 0.2636, 0.3160



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8031, 0.2127, 0.2856



33.4535, 0.2124, 0.2846



5.1535, 0.1666, 0.1196



6.8817, 0.2989, 0.3259



15.5673, 0.2128, 0.2859



0.2677, 0.2186, 0.3069

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.4434, 0.3583, 0.1748



15.0898, 0.3592, 0.1752



15.3197, 0.5007, 0.4405



6.3090, 0.3157, 0.3100



6.9768, 0.3581, 0.1746



0.1078, 0.3394, 0.1643

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

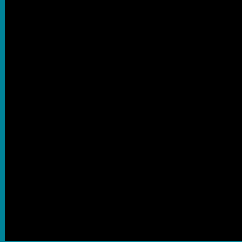
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856.

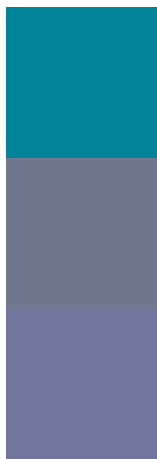


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856

Protanopia

18.7847, 0.2797, 0.2830

Deuteranopia

18.8019, 0.2660, 0.2610



Tritanopia

18.7887, 0.2182, 0.3054

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856

Protanomaly

17.9384, 0.2400, 0.2828

Deuteranomaly

17.8721, 0.2324, 0.2663

Tritanomaly

18.8816, 0.2165, 0.2994

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856

Achromatopsia

11.4435, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

12.9782, 0.2492, 0.3098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 132, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 132, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 132, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 132, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 132,  
153) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.8024, 0.2127, 0.2856 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 132, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 132,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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