

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(18.8243, 0.3899, 0.3124)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(18.8243, 0.3899, 0.3124)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A66671
RGB	166, 102, 113
RGB Percent	65%, 40%, 44%
CMY	0.3489, 0.6000, 0.5568
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.32, 0.35
HSL	350°, 26%, 53%
HSV	350°, 39%, 65%
XYZ	23.4618, 18.8020, 18.0183
YIQ	122.3900, 34.6130, 16.9890

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

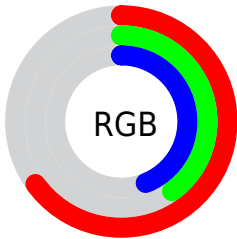
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	166, 102, 113
Decimal	10905201
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.45, 27.21, 4.77
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	50, 27.622, 9.953
Yxy	18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289095281 (0xFFA66671)
YUV	122.3900, -4.6293, 38.2460
Hunter-Lab	43.3613, 20.7001, 5.7155

# Details

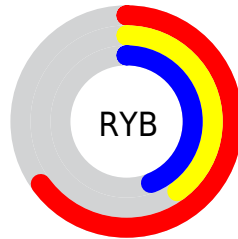
The Yxy color **18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **32.4715, 0.2679, 0.3474**, and the grayscale version is **19.6038, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5158, 0.3714, 0.3161**, and **6.3726, 0.4234, 0.3028** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5738, 0.4204, 0.3078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7324, 0.3633, 0.3165**.

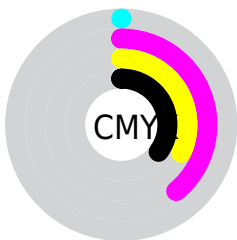
# Distribution



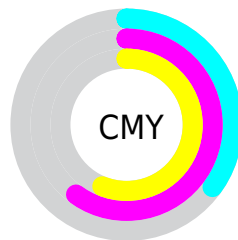
- Red (65%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (35%)




- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (56%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 18.8020, 0.3892,  
0.3119


 18.8020, 0.3892,  
0.3119


245.3535, 0.3450,  
0.3223


 11.5273, 0.4028,  
0.3084


 41.3993, 0.3714,  
0.3163

 6.4227, 0.4223,  
0.3032


 57.4906, 0.3653,  
0.3177

 3.1038, 0.4522,  
0.2947

 77.2896, 0.3603,  
0.3189

 1.1861, 0.5035,  
0.2788

 101.1807, 0.3562,  
0.3198

 0.0503, 0.9340,  
0.0660

129.5482, 0.3527,  
0.3206

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

162.7766, 0.3497,

0.3213

201.2502, 0.3472,  
0.3219

■ 18.8020, 0.3892,  
0.3119

■ 18.8020, 0.3892,  
0.3119

■ 15.5738, 0.4204,  
0.3078

■ 22.7324, 0.3633,  
0.3165

■ 13.0036, 0.4569,  
0.3046

■ 27.4003, 0.3420,  
0.3210

■ 11.0468, 0.4974,  
0.3031


■ 32.8416, 0.3248,  
0.3254


■ 9.6518, 0.5393,  
0.3042


■ 39.0895, 0.3109,  
0.3296

■ 8.7585, 0.5779,  
0.3082

■ 46.1748, 0.2996,  
0.3334


 8.2575, 0.6090,  
0.3143

 54.1271, 0.2904,  
0.3368

 8.1960, 0.6129,  
0.3150

 62.9742, 0.2829,  
0.3400

 72.7429, 0.2766,  
0.3428

 83.4589, 0.2715,  
0.3454

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.8020, 0.3411, 0.2767



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



18.8020, 0.4153, 0.3528

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



18.8020, 0.3304, 0.4211



18.8020, 0.2222, 0.2585

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



32.4715, 0.2679, 0.3474

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.8020, 0.2200, 0.2914



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



18.8020, 0.2797, 0.3913

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



18.8020, 0.3787, 0.4190



18.8020, 0.2400, 0.3407



18.8020, 0.2459, 0.2462



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119



18.8020, 0.4156, 0.3796



18.8020, 0.2400, 0.3407



18.8020, 0.2190, 0.2672

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8029, 0.3892, 0.3119



55.8116, 0.3307, 0.3239



19.1529, 0.3027, 0.2318



12.2132, 0.3328, 0.3233



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8029, 0.3892, 0.3119



29.1734, 0.4147, 0.3084



23.0534, 0.3933, 0.3610



7.5626, 0.3260, 0.3251



6.3587, 0.6110, 0.3139



0.1606, 0.5339, 0.2715



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.8029, 0.3892, 0.3119



29.1734, 0.4147, 0.3084



26.0577, 0.2552, 0.2942



7.5626, 0.3260, 0.3251



6.3587, 0.6110, 0.3139

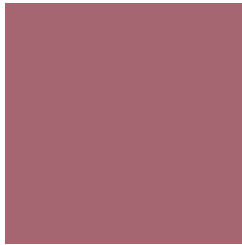


0.1606, 0.5339, 0.2715



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

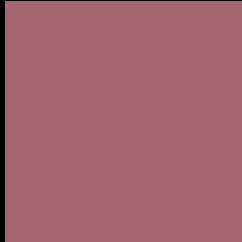
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

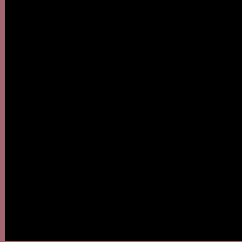
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119

### Protanopia

19.0006, 0.3117, 0.3234

### Deuteranopia

18.8508, 0.3465, 0.3400



## Tritanopia

18.7355, 0.3937, 0.3167

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119

## Protanomaly

18.5454, 0.3384, 0.3184

## Deuteranomaly

18.7196, 0.3620, 0.3291

## Tritanomaly

18.7574, 0.3922, 0.3151

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119

## Achromatopsia

19.4618, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

18.9967, 0.3380, 0.3219

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 102, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 102, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 102, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 102, 113) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 102, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 102, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 102, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 102, 113); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 102, 113);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 102,  
113) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.8020, 0.3892, 0.3119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 102, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
102, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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