

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.0302, 0.2147, 0.2929)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.0302, 0.2147, 0.2929)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008596
RGB	0, 133, 150
RGB Percent	0%, 52%, 59%
CMY	0.9990, 0.4784, 0.4118
CMYK	1.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	187°, 100%, 29%
HSV	187°, 100%, 59%
XYZ	13.8950, 18.9771, 31.7858
YIQ	95.1710, -84.7250, -22.9090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

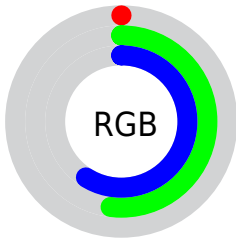
Format	Color
RYB	0, 70, 150
Decimal	34198
CIELab	50.66, -23.93, -17.74
CIELCh	51, 29.792, 216.552
Yxy	18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224278 (0xFF008596)
YUV	95.1710, 27.0307, -83.4650
Hunter-Lab	43.5627, -19.2995, -12.7675

Details

The Yxy color **18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **6.8944, 0.6284, 0.3389**, and the grayscale version is **11.4556, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.5037, 0.2359, 0.3022**, and **7.0874, 0.2111, 0.2799** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9678, 0.2149, 0.2934**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5502, 0.2179, 0.2973**.

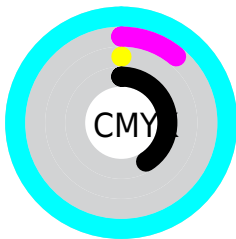
Distribution



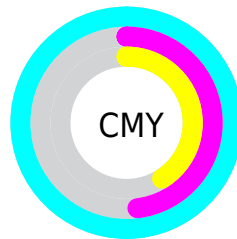
- Red (0%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 18.9771, 0.2149,
0.2935


 18.9771, 0.2149,
0.2935


 246.3223, 0.2690,
0.3154

 11.6537, 0.1996,
0.2862


 41.6954, 0.2359,
0.3027

 6.5084, 0.1791,
0.2755


 57.8591, 0.2433,
0.3057


 3.1566, 0.1501,
0.2585

 77.7384, 0.2495,
0.3082

 1.2140, 0.1020,
0.2303

 101.7177, 0.2547,
0.3101

 0.0731, 0.0000,
0.0508

 130.1813, 0.2591,
0.3118

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 163.5137, 0.2628,

0.3132

202.0992, 0.2661,
0.3144

■ 18.9771, 0.2149,
0.2935

■ 18.9771, 0.2149,
0.2935

■ 18.9678, 0.2149,
0.2934

■ 19.5502, 0.2179,
0.2973

■ 20.2044, 0.2223,
0.3012

■ 20.9738, 0.2284,
0.3051

■ 21.8721, 0.2364,
0.3089

■ 22.9107, 0.2461,
0.3127

■ 24.0999, 0.2573,
0.3164

■ 25.4487, 0.2699,
0.3199

■ 26.9658, 0.2836,
0.3232

■ 28.6588, 0.2980,
0.3262

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.9771, 0.2387, 0.3479



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



18.9771, 0.2146, 0.2562

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



18.9771, 0.3365, 0.2695



18.9771, 0.3882, 0.4232

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



6.8944, 0.6284, 0.3389

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



18.9771, 0.4200, 0.3914



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



18.9771, 0.3900, 0.3058

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



18.9771, 0.2803, 0.2464



18.9771, 0.4215, 0.3488



18.9771, 0.3376, 0.4300

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935



18.9771, 0.2273, 0.2436



18.9771, 0.4215, 0.3488



18.9771, 0.4015, 0.4146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.9778, 0.2149, 0.2935



44.7159, 0.2689, 0.3196



21.8507, 0.2977, 0.5914



9.7036, 0.2640, 0.3183



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.9778, 0.2149, 0.2935



33.3104, 0.2146, 0.2927



5.4525, 0.1694, 0.1295



6.4509, 0.2990, 0.3264



15.7600, 0.2149, 0.2937



0.2186, 0.2201, 0.3125

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.1835, 0.3512, 0.1709



14.4133, 0.3519, 0.1712



13.8156, 0.5096, 0.4334



5.8980, 0.3153, 0.3096



6.7843, 0.3510, 0.1707



0.0856, 0.3346, 0.1617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

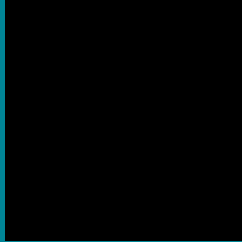
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935.

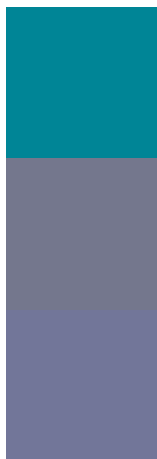


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

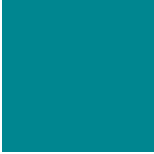
18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935

Protanopia

18.8297, 0.2850, 0.2884

Deuteranopia

18.8342, 0.2709, 0.2662



Tritanopia

19.0638, 0.2188, 0.3076

Trichromacy



Original Color

18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935

Protanomaly

17.8848, 0.2430, 0.2885

Deuteranomaly

17.8494, 0.2360, 0.2718

Tritanomaly

19.1255, 0.2177, 0.3036

Monochromacy



Original Color

18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935

Achromatopsia

11.4435, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

13.1672, 0.2505, 0.3145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 133, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 133, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 133, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 133, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 133, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 133, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 133, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 133, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 133,  
150) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 18.9771, 0.2149, 0.2935 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 133, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 133,  
150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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