

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.0700, 0.4050, 0.5166)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.0700, 0.4050, 0.5166)
contains.

Yxy(19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	758000
RGB	117, 128, 0
RGB Percent	46%, 50%, 0%
CMY	0.5412, 0.4980, 1.0000
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 1.00, 0.50
HSL	65°, 100%, 25%
HSV	65°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	15.0549, 19.2203, 2.9158
YIQ	110.1190, 34.5320, -42.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

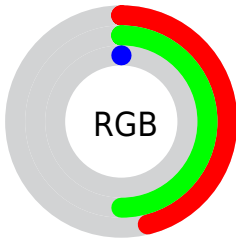
Format	Color
RYB	0, 128, 11
Decimal	7700480
CIELab	50.94, -18.02, 55.58
CIELCh	51, 58.433, 107.963
Yxy	19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285890560 (0xFF758000)
YUV	110.1190, -54.2887, 6.0346
Hunter-Lab	43.8410, -15.4251, 26.7454

Details

The Yxy color **19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **1.6298, 0.1541, 0.0622**, and the grayscale version is **15.7809, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.2118, 0.3913, 0.4785**, and **6.7158, 0.3910, 0.5277** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.2212, 0.4048, 0.5168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3265, 0.4030, 0.5099**.

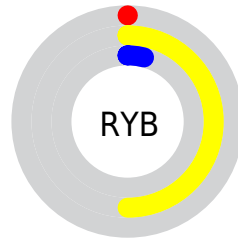
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (50%)

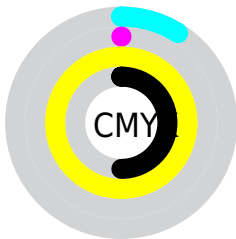
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (50%)

Blue (4%)

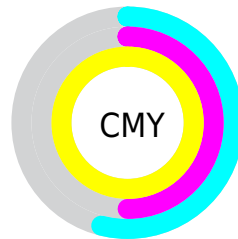


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (50%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (50%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19.2203, 0.4048,
0.5168


 19.2203, 0.4048,
0.5168


 247.6623, 0.3618,
0.4128


 11.8296, 0.4098,
0.5420


 42.1060, 0.3921,
0.4782

 6.6277, 0.4181,
0.5819


 58.3698, 0.3862,
0.4637

 3.2304, 0.3986,
0.6014

 78.3601, 0.3808,
0.4516

 1.2532, 0.3622,
0.6378

 102.4612, 0.3761,
0.4413

 0.1045, 0.0000,
1.0000


 131.0576, 0.3719,
0.4326

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 164.5336, 0.3681,

0.4250


 203.2737, 0.3648,
0.4185

 19.2203, 0.4048,
0.5168

 19.2203, 0.4048,
0.5168


 19.2212, 0.4048,
0.5168

 19.3265, 0.4030,
0.5099

 19.4483, 0.3997,
0.5003

 19.5966, 0.3939,
0.4866

 19.7742, 0.3858,
0.4691

 19.9840, 0.3758,
0.4486

■ 20.2280, 0.3643,
0.4257

■ 20.5086, 0.3517,
0.4016

■ 20.8276, 0.3387,
0.3770

■ 21.1867, 0.3256,
0.3526

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.2203, 0.4855, 0.4512



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



19.2203, 0.3072, 0.5271

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



19.2203, 0.1379, 0.2247



19.2203, 0.3981, 0.2436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



1.6298, 0.1541, 0.0622

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.2203, 0.2859, 0.1976



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



19.2203, 0.1525, 0.1827

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



19.2203, 0.1572, 0.3142



19.2203, 0.2007, 0.1760



19.2203, 0.4936, 0.3061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168



19.2203, 0.2440, 0.4789



19.2203, 0.2007, 0.1760



19.2203, 0.3597, 0.2259

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.2212, 0.4048, 0.5168



36.0695, 0.3526, 0.4033



4.8213, 0.6309, 0.3373



8.4024, 0.3571, 0.4119



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.2212, 0.4048, 0.5168



33.8085, 0.4045, 0.5171



16.2056, 0.3281, 0.5777



5.0012, 0.3244, 0.3504



19.0580, 0.4048, 0.5168



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.6298, 0.1541, 0.0622



2.8394, 0.1531, 0.0617



3.0412, 0.2223, 0.0998



4.2280, 0.3005, 0.3068



1.6163, 0.1541, 0.0622



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

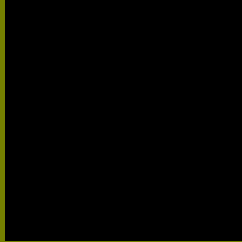
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168

Protanopia

19.2374, 0.4394, 0.4893

Deuteranopia

19.0879, 0.4635, 0.4560



Tritanopia

19.1878, 0.3110, 0.3125

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168

Protanomaly

19.1611, 0.4273, 0.4989

Deuteranomaly

19.0374, 0.4427, 0.4787

Tritanomaly

18.7241, 0.3623, 0.4083

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168

Achromatopsia

15.5926, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.6755, 0.3641, 0.4253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 128, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 128, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 128, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 128, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 128, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 128, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 128, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 128, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 128,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.2203, 0.4048, 0.5168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 128, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
128, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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