

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.1996, 0.3542, 0.4131)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(19.1996, 0.3542, 0.4131)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	777D52
RGB	119, 125, 82
RGB Percent	47%, 49%, 32%
CMY	0.5333, 0.5098, 0.6784
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.34, 0.51
HSL	68°, 21%, 41%
HSV	68°, 34%, 49%
XYZ	16.4651, 19.1984, 10.8218
YIQ	118.3040, 10.2270, -14.6450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

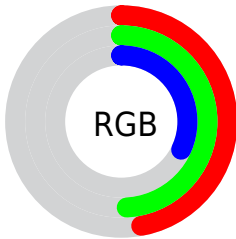
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	82, 125, 88
Decimal	7830866
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	50.92, -9.72, 22.73
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 24.723, 113.139
Yxy	19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286020946 (0xFF777D52)
YUV	118.3040, -17.8979, 0.6104
Hunter-Lab	43.8160, -9.6016, 16.0276

# Details

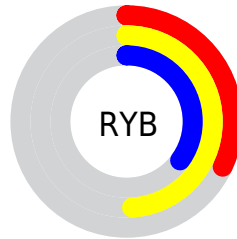
The Yxy color **19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **9.5914, 0.2619, 0.2338**, and the grayscale version is **18.2727, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.2774, 0.3454, 0.3936**, and **6.5983, 0.3697, 0.4494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9037, 0.3654, 0.4373**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.5318, 0.3423, 0.3881**.

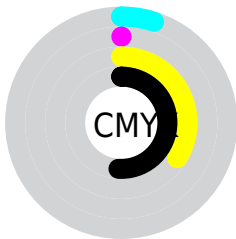
# Distribution



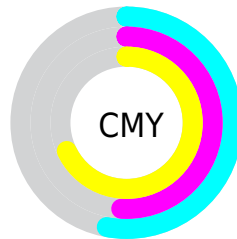
- Red (47%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (32%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (51%)




- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (68%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.1984, 0.3542,  
0.4130


 19.1984, 0.3542,  
0.4130


247.5419, 0.3313,  
0.3641


 11.8137, 0.3605,  
0.4281


 42.0691, 0.3454,  
0.3932

 6.6170, 0.3686,  
0.4495


 58.3239, 0.3423,  
0.3864


 3.2237, 0.3790,  
0.4817

 78.3042, 0.3396,  
0.3809

 1.2496, 0.4223,  
0.5777

 102.3943, 0.3374,  
0.3764

 0.1017, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 130.9788, 0.3356,  
0.3725

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

164.4420, 0.3340,

0.3693

203.1682, 0.3326,  
0.3665

■ 19.1984, 0.3542,  
0.4130

■ 19.1984, 0.3542,  
0.4130

■ 18.9037, 0.3654,  
0.4373

■ 19.5318, 0.3423,  
0.3881

■ 18.6432, 0.3754,  
0.4601

■ 19.9029, 0.3301,  
0.3633

■ 18.4157, 0.3837,  
0.4804


■ 20.3145, 0.3179,  
0.3392

■ 18.2188, 0.3899,  
0.4974

■ 20.7678, 0.3062,  
0.3163

■ 18.0499, 0.3937,  
0.5104


■ 21.2645, 0.2949,  
0.2949


 17.9054, 0.3952,  
0.5195

 21.8060, 0.2844,  
0.2751

 17.8287, 0.3957,  
0.5240

 22.3934, 0.2746,  
0.2569

 23.0281, 0.2655,  
0.2403

 23.7113, 0.2572,  
0.2252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.1984, 0.3902, 0.3982



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



19.1984, 0.3086, 0.4018

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



19.1984, 0.2278, 0.2808



19.1984, 0.3583, 0.2951

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



9.5914, 0.2619, 0.2338

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.1984, 0.3114, 0.2685



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



19.1984, 0.2385, 0.2588

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



19.1984, 0.2373, 0.3194



19.1984, 0.2680, 0.2553



19.1984, 0.3939, 0.3301



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130



19.1984, 0.2792, 0.3797



19.1984, 0.2680, 0.2553



19.1984, 0.3432, 0.2850

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.1993, 0.3542, 0.4130



35.9374, 0.3250, 0.3532



11.9063, 0.3850, 0.3409



8.1555, 0.3264, 0.3559



63.8283, 0.3127, 0.3290



8.3535, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.1993, 0.3542, 0.4130



33.9723, 0.3628, 0.4316



17.8610, 0.3269, 0.4209



4.9900, 0.3236, 0.3505



18.6051, 0.3957, 0.5240



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5914, 0.2619, 0.2338



14.1109, 0.2482, 0.2093



10.7827, 0.2925, 0.2416



4.2383, 0.3012, 0.3069



1.6719, 0.1572, 0.0640



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

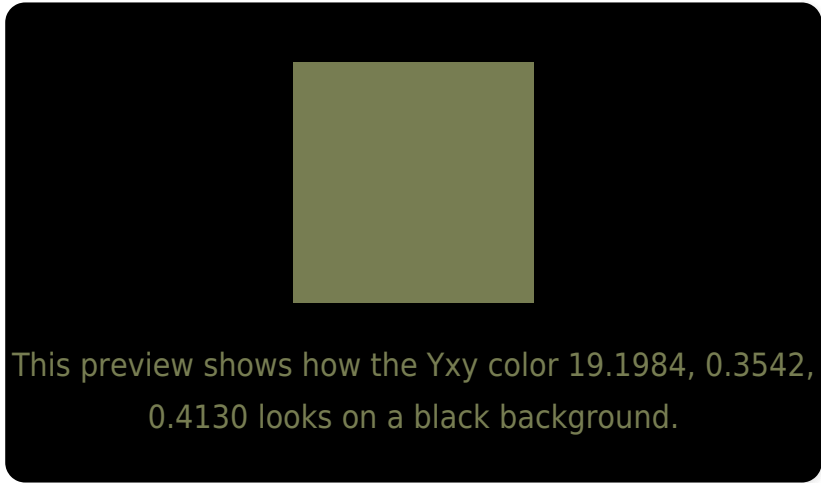
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

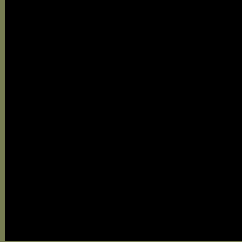
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

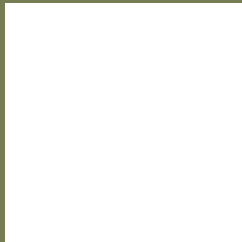
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130

### Protanopia

19.0792, 0.3749, 0.4054

### Deuteranopia

19.1506, 0.3926, 0.3851



## Tritanopia

19.1386, 0.3086, 0.3106

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130

## Protanomaly

19.0252, 0.3677, 0.4068

## Deuteranomaly

19.0524, 0.3794, 0.3948

## Tritanomaly

19.0556, 0.3257, 0.3462

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130

## Achromatopsia

18.1164, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

18.5462, 0.3276, 0.3604

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 125, 82)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 125, 82)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 125, 82) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 125, 82) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 125, 82) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 125, 82) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 125, 82)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 125, 82); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 125, 82);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 125,  
82) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.1984, 0.3542, 0.4130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 125, 82) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
125, 82) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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