

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.2196, 0.2549, 0.3001)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.2196, 0.2549, 0.3001)
contains.

Yxy(19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55808E
RGB	85, 128, 142
RGB Percent	33%, 50%, 56%
CMY	0.6667, 0.4980, 0.4431
CMYK	0.40, 0.10, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	195°, 25%, 45%
HSV	195°, 40%, 56%
XYZ	16.3469, 19.3226, 28.4612
YIQ	116.7390, -30.1220, -4.7620

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

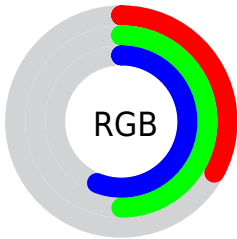
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 110, 142
Decimal	5603470
CIE Lab	51.06, -11.00, -12.25
CIE LCh	51, 16.469, 228.073
Yxy	19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283793550 (0xFF55808E)
YUV	116.7390, 12.4537, -27.8351
Hunter-Lab	43.9575, -10.5449, -7.6184

Details

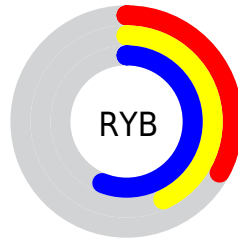
The Yxy color **19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **15.3275, 0.3992, 0.3546**, and the grayscale version is **17.6713, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.3516, 0.2674, 0.3078**, and **6.7048, 0.2319, 0.2887** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8302, 0.2423, 0.2931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.9812, 0.2685, 0.3090**.

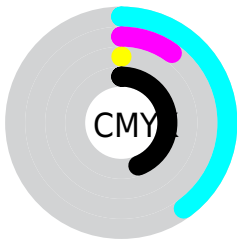
Distribution



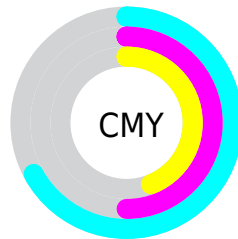
- Red (33%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3226, 0.2549,
0.3013

■ 19.3226, 0.2549,
0.3013

■ 248.2240, 0.2874,
0.3176

■ 11.9036, 0.2453,
0.2961

■ 42.2785, 0.2677,
0.3080

■ 6.6781, 0.2321,
0.2887

■ 58.5842, 0.2722,
0.3102

■ 3.2616, 0.2125,
0.2770

■ 78.6210, 0.2759,
0.3121

■ 1.2698, 0.1812,
0.2566

■ 102.7731, 0.2790,
0.3136

■ 0.1176, 0.0000,
0.1067

■ 131.4251, 0.2816,
0.3148

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

164.9613, 0.2838,

0.3159

203.7661, 0.2857,
0.3168

■ 19.3226, 0.2549,
0.3013

■ 19.3226, 0.2549,
0.3013

■ 17.8302, 0.2423,
0.2931

■ 20.9812, 0.2685,
0.3090

■ 16.4933, 0.2310,
0.2846

■ 22.8113, 0.2828,
0.3162

■ 15.3035, 0.2213,
0.2758

■ 24.8209, 0.2976,
0.3229

■ 14.2505, 0.2134,
0.2669

■ 27.0166, 0.3125,
0.3289

■ 13.3221, 0.2073,
0.2581

■ 29.4047, 0.3273,
0.3344

■ 12.4977, 0.2026,
0.2493

■ 31.9912, 0.3419,
0.3393

■ 34.7817, 0.3560,
0.3436

■ 37.7818, 0.3696,
0.3474

■ 40.9965, 0.3827,
0.3508

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3226, 0.2642, 0.3285



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



19.3226, 0.2600, 0.2835

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



19.3226, 0.3383, 0.3025



19.3226, 0.3459, 0.3839

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



15.3275, 0.3992, 0.3546

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3226, 0.3675, 0.3733



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



19.3226, 0.3634, 0.3263

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



19.3226, 0.3070, 0.2852



19.3226, 0.3742, 0.3520



19.3226, 0.3160, 0.3786

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013



19.3226, 0.2711, 0.2785



19.3226, 0.3742, 0.3520



19.3226, 0.3544, 0.3820

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3234, 0.2549, 0.3013



42.9968, 0.2945, 0.3215



22.1656, 0.2957, 0.4191



9.5150, 0.2929, 0.3208



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3234, 0.2549, 0.3013



31.7295, 0.2437, 0.2941



13.0343, 0.2461, 0.2429



5.8951, 0.2990, 0.3235



11.2497, 0.2027, 0.2497



0.1421, 0.2142, 0.2910

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.8043, 0.3375, 0.2546



21.0180, 0.3447, 0.2389



21.5340, 0.3801, 0.4020



5.4887, 0.3172, 0.3125



6.1220, 0.3925, 0.1936



0.0620, 0.3534, 0.1721

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

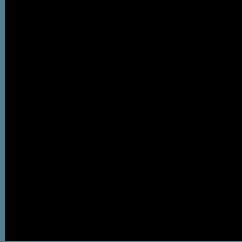
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

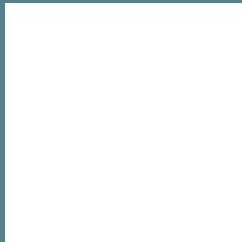
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013

Protanopia

19.1610, 0.2927, 0.2977

Deuteranopia

19.1081, 0.2886, 0.2823



Tritanopia

19.4494, 0.2568, 0.3090

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013

Protanomaly

19.1558, 0.2776, 0.2986

Deuteranomaly

19.1534, 0.2757, 0.2898

Tritanomaly

19.4788, 0.2560, 0.3071

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013

Achromatopsia

17.7888, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.1844, 0.2882, 0.3190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(85, 128, 142) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 128, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 128, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 128, 142) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 128, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 128, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 128, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 128, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 128, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 128,  
142) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.3226, 0.2549, 0.3013 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 128, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 128,  
142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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