

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.2864, 0.5273, 0.4195)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.2864, 0.5273, 0.4195)
contains.

Yxy(19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B86400
RGB	184, 100, 0
RGB Percent	72%, 39%, 0%
CMY	0.2784, 0.6079, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.46, 1.00, 0.28
HSL	33°, 100%, 36%
HSV	33°, 100%, 72%
XYZ	24.3267, 19.3047, 2.4419
YIQ	113.7160, 82.1640, -13.2920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

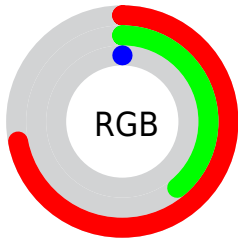
Format	Color
RYB	155, 184, 0
Decimal	12084224
CIELab	51.04, 28.48, 59.19
CIELCh	51, 65.686, 64.301
Yxy	19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290274304 (0xFFB86400)
YUV	113.7160, -56.0620, 61.6391
Hunter-Lab	43.9371, 21.9402, 27.4608

Details

The Yxy color **19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6600**. A complement of this color would be **9.8046, 0.1732, 0.1436**, and the grayscale version is **16.8909, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.4082, 0.4877, 0.4126**, and **6.7411, 0.5586, 0.3947** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.3059, 0.5280, 0.4190**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.0465, 0.5093, 0.4239**.

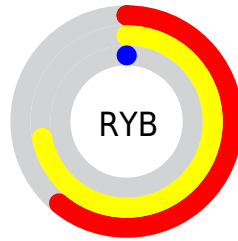
Distribution



Red (72%)

Green (39%)

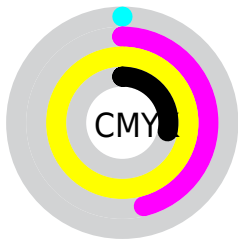
Blue (0%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (72%)

Blue (0%)

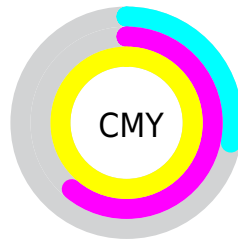


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (46%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (28%)



Cyan (28%)


Magenta (61%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 19.3047, 0.5280,
0.4190


 19.3047, 0.5280,
0.4190


248.1258, 0.4145,
0.3853


 11.8907, 0.5529,
0.4187


 42.2483, 0.4880,
0.4123


 6.6693, 0.5850,
0.4150


 58.5467, 0.4723,
0.4078

 3.2561, 0.6087,
0.3913

 78.5753, 0.4589,
0.4034

 1.2669, 0.6468,
0.3532

 102.7186, 0.4474,
0.3992

 0.1153, 0.8747,
0.1253

 131.3609, 0.4374,
0.3953

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 164.8865, 0.4288,

0.3917

 203.6800, 0.4212,
0.3884


 19.3047, 0.5280,
0.4190


 19.3047, 0.5280,
0.4190


 19.3059, 0.5280,
0.4190

 21.0465, 0.5093,
0.4239

 23.0006, 0.4876,
0.4242

 25.1884, 0.4634,
0.4195

 27.6221, 0.4380,
0.4106

 30.3126, 0.4128,
0.3988

■ 33.2698, 0.3888,
0.3852

■ 36.5027, 0.3666,
0.3708

■ 40.0201, 0.3465,
0.3564

■ 43.8301, 0.3286,
0.3423

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3047, 0.5427, 0.3407



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



19.3047, 0.4533, 0.5022

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



19.3047, 0.1644, 0.3740



19.3047, 0.2345, 0.1718

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



9.8046, 0.1732, 0.1436

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3047, 0.1616, 0.1616



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



19.3047, 0.1268, 0.2491

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



19.3047, 0.2458, 0.5144



19.3047, 0.1275, 0.1831



19.3047, 0.3484, 0.2096

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190



19.3047, 0.3869, 0.5465



19.3047, 0.1275, 0.1831



19.3047, 0.2054, 0.1653

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3059, 0.5280, 0.4190



65.8535, 0.3677, 0.3716



10.8620, 0.5100, 0.2583



13.6572, 0.3767, 0.3776



93.3107, 0.3127, 0.3290



18.7317, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3059, 0.5280, 0.4190



34.5067, 0.5302, 0.4172



43.7378, 0.4135, 0.5098



9.7991, 0.3275, 0.3414



13.4462, 0.5263, 0.4203



0.5961, 0.4917, 0.4478

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.8046, 0.1732, 0.1436



17.3053, 0.1724, 0.1408



3.5009, 0.1510, 0.0606



9.3769, 0.2985, 0.3163



6.8942, 0.1739, 0.1459



0.3670, 0.1878, 0.1960

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

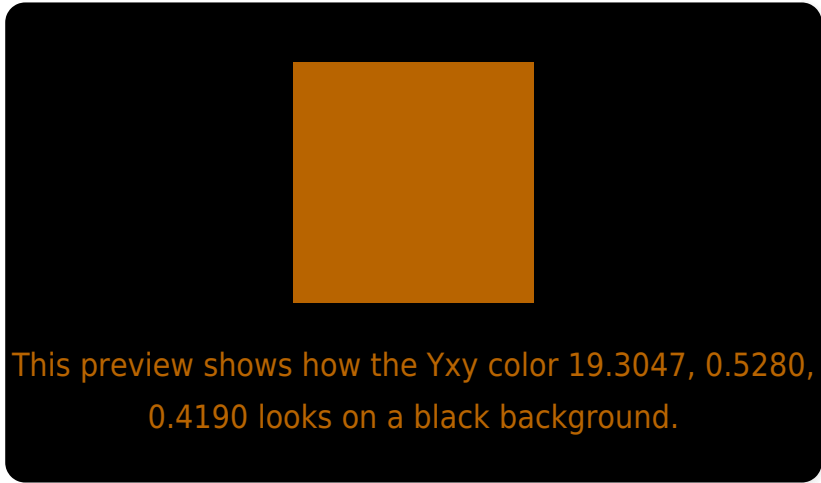
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190

Protanopia

19.6037, 0.4352, 0.4833

Deuteranopia

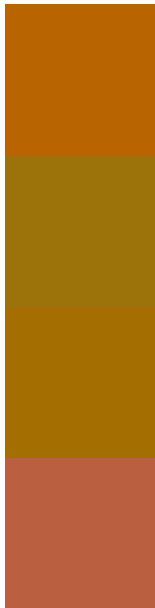
19.3608, 0.4700, 0.4650



Tritanopia

19.3136, 0.4422, 0.3198

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190

Protanomaly

19.2519, 0.4700, 0.4593

Deuteranomaly

19.1512, 0.4925, 0.4472

Tritanomaly

19.1750, 0.4900, 0.3705

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190

Achromatopsia

16.8269, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.9073, 0.4039, 0.3943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 100, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 100, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 100, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 100, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 100, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 100, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 100, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 100, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 100, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 100,  
0) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.3047, 0.5280, 0.4190 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 100, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
100, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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