

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.3849, 0.2027, 0.2046)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.3849, 0.2027, 0.2046)
contains.

Yxy(19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3B7CC6
RGB	59, 124, 198
RGB Percent	23%, 49%, 78%
CMY	0.7686, 0.5137, 0.2235
CMYK	0.70, 0.37, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	212°, 55%, 50%
HSV	212°, 70%, 78%
XYZ	19.2043, 19.4223, 56.1626
YIQ	113.0010, -62.4940, 9.2340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

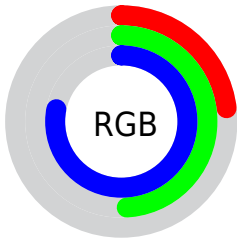
Format	Color
R_{YB}	59, 103, 198
Decimal	3898566
CIE _{Lab}	51.18, 3.84, -44.57
CIE _{LCh}	51, 44.737, 274.922
Yxy	19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282088646 (0xFF3B7CC6)
YUV	113.0010, 41.9045, -47.3589
Hunter-Lab	44.0707, 0.6594, -44.7081

Details

The Yxy color **19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **29.0989, 0.4664, 0.4180**, and the grayscale version is **16.4022, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.4082, 0.2253, 0.2297**, and **7.1825, 0.1807, 0.1703** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.4258, 0.1907, 0.1843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.9320, 0.2165, 0.2256**.

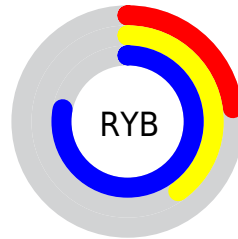
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (49%)

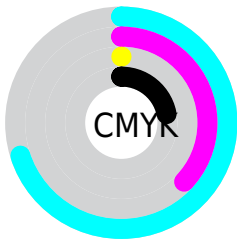
Blue (78%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (78%)

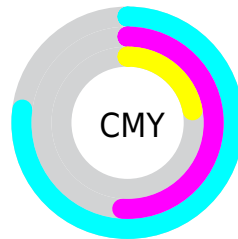


Cyan (70%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.4223, 0.2026,
0.2049

■ 19.4223, 0.2026,
0.2049

248.7703, 0.2623,
0.2713

■ 11.9758, 0.1868,
0.1876

■ 42.4465, 0.2251,
0.2297

■ 6.7272, 0.1663,
0.1655

■ 58.7930, 0.2333,
0.2389

■ 3.2921, 0.1393,
0.1365

■ 78.8749, 0.2402,
0.2465

■ 1.2861, 0.1033,
0.0987

■ 103.0767, 0.2460,
0.2530

■ 0.1304, 0.0369,
0.0221

■ 131.7827, 0.2510,
0.2586

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

165.3774, 0.2552,

0.2634

204.2451, 0.2590,
0.2676

■ 19.4223, 0.2026,
0.2049

■ 19.4223, 0.2026,
0.2049

■ 16.4258, 0.1907,
0.1843

■ 22.9320, 0.2165,
0.2256

■ 13.9041, 0.1812,
0.1645

■ 26.9845, 0.2318,
0.2460

■ 11.8333, 0.1740,
0.1463

■ 31.6091, 0.2480,
0.2653

■ 36.8317, 0.2646,
0.2835

■ 42.6767, 0.2810,
0.3001

■ 49.1667, 0.2971,
0.3152

■ 56.3231, 0.3124,
0.3287

■ 64.1663, 0.3270,
0.3408

■ 72.7157, 0.3406,
0.3514

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.4223, 0.1742, 0.2245



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



19.4223, 0.2602, 0.2123

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



19.4223, 0.4730, 0.3480



19.4223, 0.2698, 0.4461

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



29.0989, 0.4664, 0.4180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.4223, 0.3482, 0.4837



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



19.4223, 0.4695, 0.4083

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



19.4223, 0.4240, 0.2903



19.4223, 0.4215, 0.4615



19.4223, 0.2073, 0.3602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049



19.4223, 0.3126, 0.2301



19.4223, 0.4215, 0.4615



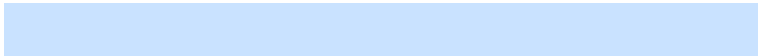
19.4223, 0.2952, 0.4659

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.4229, 0.2026, 0.2049



74.3595, 0.2792, 0.2983



42.9523, 0.2679, 0.4412



15.2784, 0.2746, 0.2938



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.4229, 0.2026, 0.2049



26.7252, 0.1855, 0.1741



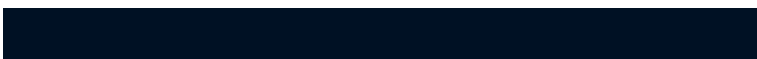
8.2085, 0.1798, 0.1077



11.0915, 0.2983, 0.3164



7.8635, 0.1747, 0.1487



0.5170, 0.1857, 0.1884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.5899, 0.4327, 0.2519



24.7540, 0.4727, 0.2498



52.3976, 0.4043, 0.4851



10.7181, 0.3218, 0.3182



8.3338, 0.5076, 0.2570



0.4092, 0.4587, 0.2300

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

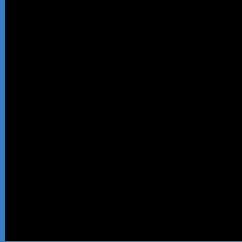
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049

Protanopia

19.3711, 0.2225, 0.2078

Deuteranopia

19.4591, 0.2080, 0.2023



Tritanopia

19.4033, 0.2183, 0.3057

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049

Protanomaly

19.3642, 0.2142, 0.2065

Deuteranomaly

19.5184, 0.2059, 0.2032

Tritanomaly

19.1086, 0.2090, 0.2624

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049

Achromatopsia

16.5132, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.0634, 0.2574, 0.2760

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 124, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 124, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 124, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 124, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 124, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 124, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 124, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 124, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 124, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 124,  
198) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.4223, 0.2026, 0.2049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 124, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 124,  
198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor