

Converting Colors

$Yxy(19.3858, 0.2188, 0.2885)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.3858, 0.2188, 0.2885)
contains.

Yxy(19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F8599
RGB	31, 133, 153
RGB Percent	12%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.8781, 0.4784, 0.4000
CMYK	0.80, 0.13, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	190°, 66%, 36%
HSV	190°, 80%, 60%
XYZ	14.7044, 19.3663, 33.1034
YIQ	104.7820, -67.2120, -15.4040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

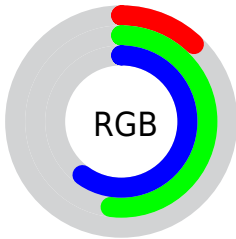
Format	Color
R _Y B	31, 87, 153
Decimal	2065817
CIE _{Lab}	51.11, -20.87, -18.77
CIE _{LCh}	51, 28.066, 221.975
Yxy	19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280255897 (0xFF1F8599)
YUV	104.7820, 23.7715, -64.7068
Hunter-Lab	44.0072, -17.3691, -13.7946

Details

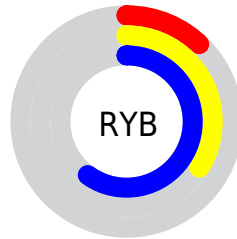
The Yxy color **19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339999**. A complement of this color would be **9.2479, 0.5575, 0.3538**, and the grayscale version is **14.0191, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.1642, 0.2389, 0.2984**, and **7.1458, 0.2088, 0.2717** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.5033, 0.2139, 0.2826**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.3600, 0.2257, 0.2941**.

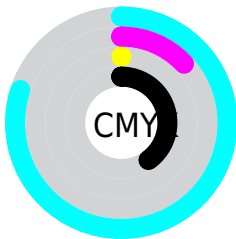
Distribution



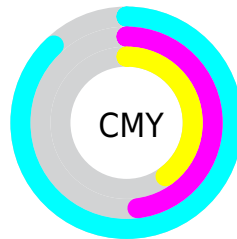
- Red (12%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.3663, 0.2189,
0.2883

■ 19.3663, 0.2189,
0.2883

■ 248.4635, 0.2707,
0.3128

■ 11.9353, 0.2043,
0.2804

■ 42.3521, 0.2389,
0.2984

■ 6.6996, 0.1847,
0.2690

■ 58.6757, 0.2461,
0.3018

■ 3.2750, 0.1570,
0.2512

■ 78.7323, 0.2520,
0.3046

■ 1.2769, 0.1145,
0.2215

■ 102.9062, 0.2570,
0.3068

■ 0.1232, 0.0000,
0.0745

■ 131.5819, 0.2612,
0.3087

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 165.1438, 0.2648,

0.3103

203.9762, 0.2679,
0.3117

■ 19.3663, 0.2189,
0.2883

■ 19.3663, 0.2189,
0.2883

■ 18.5033, 0.2139,
0.2826

■ 20.3600, 0.2257,
0.2941

■ 17.7350, 0.2103,
0.2768

■ 21.4966, 0.2344,
0.2998

■ 17.7116, 0.2102,
0.2767

■ 22.7888, 0.2447,
0.3054

■ 24.2475, 0.2566,
0.3107

■ 25.8825, 0.2696,
0.3158

■ 27.7025, 0.2836,
0.3206

■ 29.7160, 0.2982,
0.3251

■ 31.9306, 0.3132,
0.3291

■ 34.3537, 0.3283,
0.3328

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3663, 0.2376, 0.3371



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



19.3663, 0.2226, 0.2566

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



19.3663, 0.3449, 0.2784



19.3663, 0.3761, 0.4206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



9.2479, 0.5575, 0.3538

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3663, 0.4098, 0.3946



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



19.3663, 0.3923, 0.3144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



19.3663, 0.2914, 0.2539



19.3663, 0.4166, 0.3557



19.3663, 0.3270, 0.4207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883



19.3663, 0.2372, 0.2470



19.3663, 0.4166, 0.3557



19.3663, 0.3897, 0.4142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3670, 0.2189, 0.2883



48.0041, 0.2768, 0.3184



23.3027, 0.2939, 0.5469



10.3678, 0.2723, 0.3168



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3670, 0.2189, 0.2883



32.0141, 0.2111, 0.2779



7.4574, 0.1849, 0.1576



6.8539, 0.2989, 0.3253



14.6776, 0.2103, 0.2771



0.2600, 0.2174, 0.3025

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.4506, 0.3545, 0.1876



15.1120, 0.3653, 0.1801



18.0963, 0.4646, 0.4426



6.3062, 0.3161, 0.3106



6.8870, 0.3662, 0.1791



0.1071, 0.3432, 0.1665

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

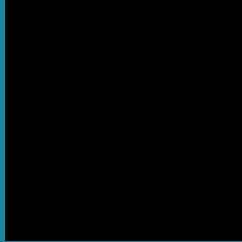
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883

Protanopia

19.1596, 0.2820, 0.2851

Deuteranopia

19.1714, 0.2682, 0.2632



Tritanopia

19.2651, 0.2217, 0.3058

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883

Protanomaly

18.7051, 0.2499, 0.2860

Deuteranomaly

18.6667, 0.2426, 0.2698

Tritanomaly

19.3950, 0.2207, 0.2999

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883

Achromatopsia

14.1263, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

15.2863, 0.2622, 0.3135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 133, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 133, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 133, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 133, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 133, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 133, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 133, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 133, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 133, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 133,  
153) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.3663, 0.2189, 0.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 133, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 133,  
153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor