

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.4502, 0.4561, 0.4509)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(19.4502, 0.4561, 0.4509)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

**Color**

**Yxy(19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99741F
RGB	153, 116, 31
RGB Percent	60%, 45%, 12%
CMY	0.4000, 0.5451, 0.8785
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.80, 0.40
HSL	42°, 66%, 36%
HSV	42°, 80%, 60%
XYZ	19.6285, 19.3620, 3.9979
YIQ	117.3730, 49.3370, -18.5910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

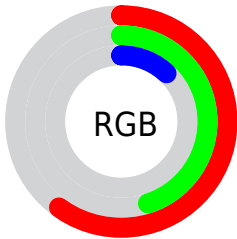
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	84, 153, 31
Decimal	10056735
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.11, 6.28, 49.23
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	51, 49.628, 82.726
Yxy	19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288246815 (0xFF99741F)
YUV	117.3730, -42.5819, 31.2449
Hunter-Lab	44.0023, 2.6213, 25.4147

# Details

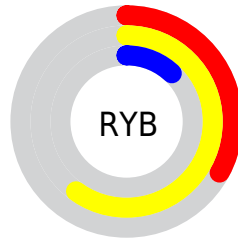
The Yxy color **19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **6.7218, 0.1818, 0.1458**, and the grayscale version is **18.0345, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.4633, 0.4291, 0.4298**, and **6.7309, 0.4813, 0.4560** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2578, 0.4713, 0.4540**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5598, 0.4394, 0.4422**.

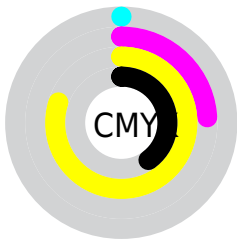
# Distribution



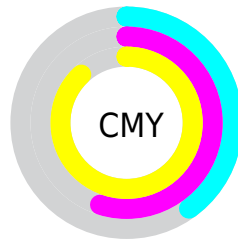
- Red (60%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (40%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (88%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.3620, 0.4566,  
0.4504

 19.3620, 0.4566,  
0.4504


248.4400, 0.3797,  
0.3885


 11.9321, 0.4743,  
0.4627


 42.3449, 0.4288,  
0.4292


 6.6975, 0.4989,  
0.4791


 58.6667, 0.4181,  
0.4207

 3.2736, 0.5162,  
0.4838

 78.7214, 0.4091,  
0.4133

 1.2762, 0.5266,  
0.4734

 102.8932, 0.4014,  
0.4070

 0.1227, 0.6876,  
0.3124

 131.5665, 0.3948,  
0.4014

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 165.1258, 0.3891,

0.3966

203.9555, 0.3841,  
0.3923

19.3620, 0.4566,  
0.4504

19.3620, 0.4566,  
0.4504

18.2578, 0.4713,  
0.4540

20.5598, 0.4394,  
0.4422

17.2319, 0.4838,  
0.4538

21.8539, 0.4205,  
0.4301

17.2066, 0.4841,  
0.4538

23.2501, 0.4008,  
0.4152

24.7527, 0.3811,  
0.3984

26.3658, 0.3621,  
0.3807

■ 28.0929, 0.3441,  
0.3628

■ 29.9375, 0.3275,  
0.3453

■ 31.9030, 0.3123,  
0.3286

■ 33.9924, 0.2986,  
0.3128

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.3620, 0.4937, 0.3861



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



19.3620, 0.3842, 0.4965

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



19.3620, 0.1722, 0.3038



19.3620, 0.3052, 0.2187

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



6.7218, 0.1818, 0.1458

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.3620, 0.2254, 0.1956



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



19.3620, 0.1586, 0.2319

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



19.3620, 0.2204, 0.4058



19.3620, 0.1764, 0.1983



19.3620, 0.4009, 0.2632



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



19.3620, 0.3269, 0.4986



19.3620, 0.1764, 0.1983



19.3620, 0.2756, 0.2084

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.3630, 0.4566, 0.4504



48.8276, 0.3525, 0.3713



8.1884, 0.4999, 0.2781



10.5602, 0.3584, 0.3771



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.3630, 0.4566, 0.4504



31.2002, 0.4810, 0.4535



27.6745, 0.3867, 0.5111



6.9066, 0.3267, 0.3445



14.2827, 0.4835, 0.4543



0.2766, 0.4500, 0.4809



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.7218, 0.1818, 0.1458



8.0480, 0.1639, 0.1069



4.0455, 0.1827, 0.0957



6.3165, 0.2988, 0.3131



3.5936, 0.1623, 0.1042

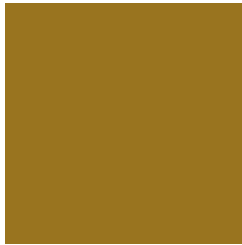


0.1123, 0.1842, 0.1831



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504

### Protanopia

19.3472, 0.4265, 0.4702

### Deuteranopia

19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504



## Tritanopia

19.2552, 0.3712, 0.3161

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504

## Protanomaly

19.3769, 0.4377, 0.4633

## Deuteranomaly

19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504

## Tritanomaly

19.0927, 0.4100, 0.3722

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504

## Achromatopsia

17.7888, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

18.1403, 0.3687, 0.3877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 116, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 116, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 116, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 116, 31) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 116, 31) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 116, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 116, 31)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 116, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 116, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 116,  
31) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.3620, 0.4566, 0.4504 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 116, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
116, 31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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