

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.6122, 0.2354, 0.2080)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.6122, 0.2354, 0.2080)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E74C0
RGB	110, 116, 192
RGB Percent	43%, 45%, 75%
CMY	0.5688, 0.5450, 0.2470
CMYK	0.43, 0.40, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	236°, 39%, 59%
HSV	236°, 43%, 75%
XYZ	22.1856, 19.6116, 52.4893
YIQ	122.8700, -27.9720, 22.3640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

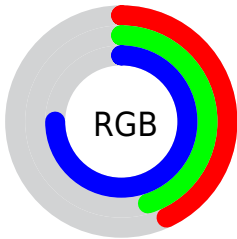
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 116, 192
Decimal	7238848
CIE Lab	51.40, 17.36, -40.62
CIE LCh	51, 44.175, 293.140
Yxy	19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285428928 (0xFF6E74C0)
YUV	122.8700, 34.0811, -11.2870
Hunter-Lab	44.2850, 11.9251, -39.2747

Details

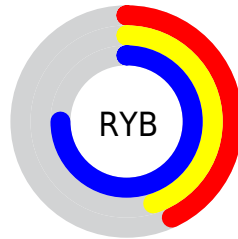
The Yxy color **19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **47.4237, 0.3786, 0.4265**, and the grayscale version is **19.6528, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.8441, 0.2521, 0.2317**, and **6.8100, 0.2070, 0.1702** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7970, 0.2147, 0.1746**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **25.4790, 0.2557, 0.2405**.

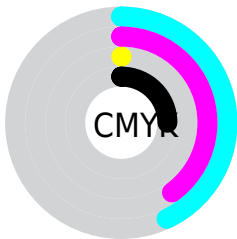
Distribution



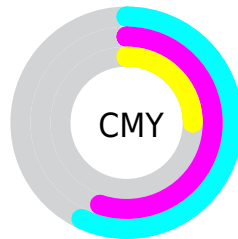
- Red (43%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.6116, 0.2353,
0.2080

■ 19.6116, 0.2353,
0.2080

■ 249.8047, 0.2786,
0.2717

■ 12.1130, 0.2232,
0.1916

■ 42.7650, 0.2521,
0.2317

■ 6.8207, 0.2069,
0.1704

■ 59.1887, 0.2581,
0.2404

■ 3.3502, 0.1843,
0.1427

■ 79.3562, 0.2630,
0.2478

■ 1.3172, 0.1519,
0.1059

■ 103.6519, 0.2672,
0.2540

■ 0.1545, 0.1034,
0.0280

■ 132.4602, 0.2707,
0.2594

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

166.1655, 0.2737,

0.2641

205.1522, 0.2763,
0.2681

■ 19.6116, 0.2353,
0.2080

■ 19.6116, 0.2353,
0.2080

■ 14.7970, 0.2147,
0.1746

■ 25.4790, 0.2557,
0.2405

■ 10.9707, 0.1950,
0.1421

■ 32.4542, 0.2750,
0.2709

■ 8.0645, 0.1777,
0.1127

■ 40.5909, 0.2928,
0.2984

■ 6.0005, 0.1641,
0.0889

■ 49.9389, 0.3087,
0.3228

■ 4.6881, 0.1552,
0.0721

■ 60.5449, 0.3228,
0.3442

■ 4.1257, 0.1513,
0.0645

■ 72.4531, 0.3351,
0.3628

■ 85.7056, 0.3459,
0.3788

■ 96.5861, 0.3502,
0.3909

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.6116, 0.1896, 0.2107



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



19.6116, 0.3078, 0.2295

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



19.6116, 0.4747, 0.3843



19.6116, 0.2300, 0.3954

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



47.4237, 0.3786, 0.4265

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6116, 0.3003, 0.4662



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



19.6116, 0.4427, 0.4413

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



19.6116, 0.4573, 0.3249



19.6116, 0.3781, 0.4785



19.6116, 0.1857, 0.3069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080



19.6116, 0.3646, 0.2552



19.6116, 0.3781, 0.4785



19.6116, 0.2513, 0.4238

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6123, 0.2353, 0.2080



72.8008, 0.2920, 0.2972



44.5241, 0.2592, 0.3389



14.8784, 0.2882, 0.2913



97.7402, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.4902, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6123, 0.2353, 0.2080



27.5359, 0.2165, 0.1776



20.8883, 0.2661, 0.2089



9.8650, 0.2983, 0.3070



2.8210, 0.1515, 0.0654



0.1639, 0.1569, 0.0848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23.6092, 0.4142, 0.3210



35.9982, 0.4489, 0.3196



46.0777, 0.3450, 0.4450



10.0897, 0.3278, 0.3273



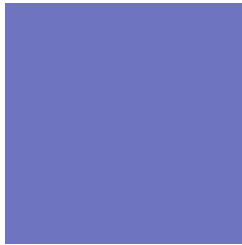
7.5670, 0.6309, 0.3249



0.3312, 0.5993, 0.3075

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

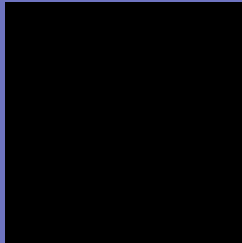
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080.

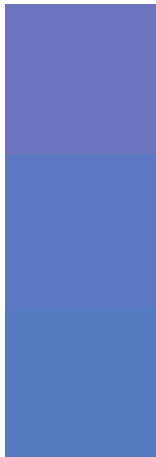


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080

Protanopia

19.7002, 0.2217, 0.2071

Deuteranopia

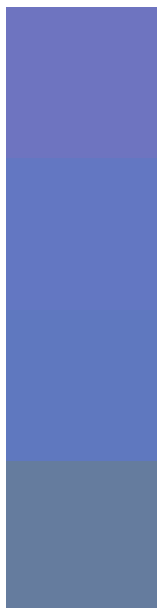
19.6591, 0.2199, 0.2140



Tritanopia

19.7601, 0.2683, 0.3095

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080

Protanomaly

19.7413, 0.2263, 0.2079

Deuteranomaly

19.6274, 0.2254, 0.2123

Tritanomaly

19.6506, 0.2549, 0.2672

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080

Achromatopsia

19.8069, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

19.4226, 0.2803, 0.2787

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 116, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 116, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 116, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 116, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 116, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 116, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 116, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 116, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 116, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 116,  
192) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.6116, 0.2353, 0.2080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 116, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
116, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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