

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.7450, 0.3276, 0.5781)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(19.7450, 0.3276, 0.5781)  
contains.

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**Color**

**$Y_{xy}(19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	3A8C00
RGB	58, 140, 0
RGB Percent	23%, 55%, 0%
CMY	0.7724, 0.4510, 0.9998
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 1.00, 0.45
HSL	95°, 100%, 27%
HSV	95°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	11.1245, 19.6557, 3.2085
YIQ	99.5220, -3.9320, -60.9240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

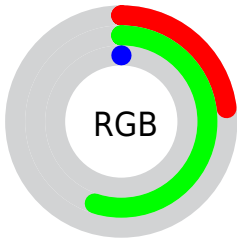
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 140, 82
Decimal	3836928
CIELab	51.45, -46.14, 54.51
CIELCh	51, 71.414, 130.243
Yxy	19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282027008 (0xFF3A8C00)
YUV	99.5220, -49.0643, -36.4148
Hunter-Lab	44.3347, -32.7964, 26.7435

# Details

The Yxy color **19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **3.6887, 0.2221, 0.0997**, and the grayscale version is **12.7475, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **42.6337, 0.3334, 0.5193**, and **7.1448, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.9541, 0.3318, 0.5649**.

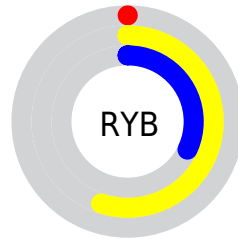
# Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (55%)

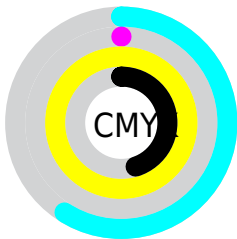
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (32%)

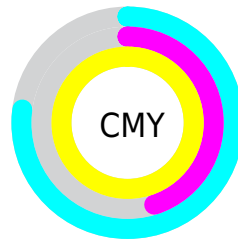


Cyan (59%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (77%)

Magenta (45%)


Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.6557, 0.3273,  
0.5783


 19.6557, 0.3273,  
0.5783


250.0451, 0.3309,  
0.4301


 12.1450, 0.3178,  
0.6207


 42.8392, 0.3336,  
0.5193


 6.8425, 0.3062,  
0.6938


 59.2808, 0.3342,  
0.4985

 3.3638, 0.2572,  
0.7428

 79.4681, 0.3341,  
0.4816

 1.3245, 0.0557,  
0.9443

 103.7856, 0.3337,  
0.4676

 0.1600, 0.0000,  
1.0000


 132.6177, 0.3331,  
0.4559


 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 166.3487, 0.3324,

0.4460


 205.3630, 0.3316,  
0.4374


 19.6557, 0.3273,  
0.5783

 19.9541, 0.3318,  
0.5649

 20.3130, 0.3352,  
0.5472

 20.7456, 0.3369,  
0.5242

 21.2573, 0.3367,  
0.4974

 21.8529, 0.3349,  
0.4681

■ 22.5366, 0.3318,  
0.4380

■ 23.3124, 0.3277,  
0.4083

■ 24.1840, 0.3229,  
0.3798

■ 25.1548, 0.3179,  
0.3533

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.6557, 0.4378, 0.5267



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



19.6557, 0.2188, 0.5067

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



19.6557, 0.1219, 0.1664



19.6557, 0.5070, 0.2786

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



3.6887, 0.2221, 0.0997

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6557, 0.3781, 0.2132



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



19.6557, 0.1643, 0.1521

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



19.6557, 0.1139, 0.2234



19.6557, 0.2494, 0.1687



19.6557, 0.5623, 0.3533



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783



19.6557, 0.1629, 0.3991



19.6557, 0.2494, 0.1687



19.6557, 0.4690, 0.2553

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.6565, 0.3273, 0.5783



41.0056, 0.3280, 0.4102



11.5625, 0.5138, 0.4302



9.3278, 0.3296, 0.4212



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.6565, 0.3273, 0.5783



34.5646, 0.3259, 0.5795



18.7821, 0.2980, 0.5927



5.7028, 0.3175, 0.3512



17.4763, 0.3276, 0.5781



0.1243, 0.3622, 0.5506



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.6887, 0.2221, 0.0997



6.4045, 0.2202, 0.0986



7.1437, 0.3425, 0.1661



5.0274, 0.3076, 0.3070



3.2878, 0.2225, 0.0999



0.0305, 0.2670, 0.1245



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

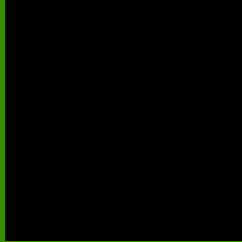
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783

### Protanopia

19.3223, 0.4407, 0.4883

### Deuteranopia

19.3518, 0.4578, 0.4519



## Tritanopia

19.5938, 0.2522, 0.3070

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783

## Protanomaly

18.9517, 0.3930, 0.5261

## Deuteranomaly

18.5625, 0.4048, 0.5038

## Tritanomaly

19.1661, 0.2905, 0.4269

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783

## Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

14.5629, 0.3328, 0.4487

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(58, 140, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(58, 140, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 140, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(58, 140, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(58, 140, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(58, 140, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(58, 140, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(58, 140, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 140, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(58, 140, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.6557, 0.3273, 0.5783 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(58, 140, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(58, 140,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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