

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.7926, 0.1761, 0.1726)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
 $Y_{xy}(19.7926, 0.1761, 0.1726)$   
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	007DE2
RGB	0, 125, 226
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 89%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5097, 0.1139
CMYK	1.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	207°, 100%, 44%
HSV	207°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	21.0508, 20.1582, 74.7094
YIQ	99.1390, -106.9210, 4.9110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

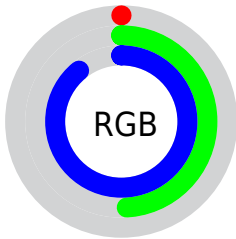
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	0, 80, 226
Decimal	32226
CIE Lab	52.02, 9.34, -59.13
CIE LCh	52, 59.867, 278.979
Yxy	20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222306 (0xFF007DE2)
YUV	99.1390, 62.5425, -86.9449
Hunter-Lab	44.8979, 5.1200, -67.2291

# Details

The Yxy color **20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **25.4596, 0.5584, 0.3949**, and the grayscale version is **12.3772, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.6073, 0.2174, 0.2291**, and **8.2100, 0.1732, 0.1435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.1631, 0.1817, 0.1739**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.0282, 0.1881, 0.1904**.

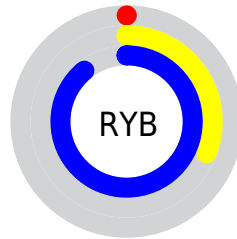
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (49%)

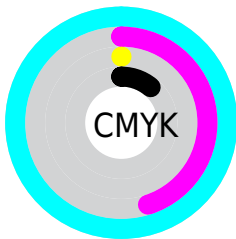
Blue (89%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (89%)

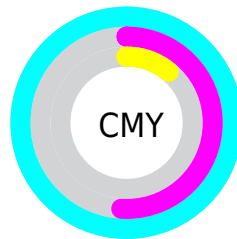


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.1582, 0.1816,  
0.1739

■ 20.1582, 0.1816,  
0.1739

252.7703, 0.2505,  
0.2530

■ 12.5101, 0.1646,  
0.1551

■ 43.6823, 0.2068,  
0.2022

■ 7.0921, 0.1433,  
0.1321

■ 60.3270, 0.2162,  
0.2131

■ 3.5197, 0.1167,  
0.1040

■ 80.7394, 0.2242,  
0.2223

■ 1.4087, 0.0839,  
0.0706

■ 105.3039, 0.2311,  
0.2302

■ 0.2231, 0.0413,  
0.0210

■ 134.4048, 0.2369,  
0.2370

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

168.4266, 0.2420,

0.2430

207.7536, 0.2465,  
0.2483

■ 20.1582, 0.1816,  
0.1739

■ 20.1582, 0.1816,  
0.1739

■ 20.1631, 0.1817,  
0.1739

■ 23.0282, 0.1881,  
0.1904

■ 26.3679, 0.1966,  
0.2076

■ 30.2562, 0.2073,  
0.2251

■ 34.7382, 0.2200,  
0.2426

■ 39.8526, 0.2342,  
0.2596

■ 45.6342, 0.2495,  
0.2758

■ 52.1144, 0.2653,  
0.2909

■ 59.3223, 0.2814,  
0.3049

■ 67.2850, 0.2973,  
0.3176

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1582, 0.1438, 0.1901



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



20.1582, 0.2561, 0.1875

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



20.1582, 0.5245, 0.3547



20.1582, 0.2403, 0.4768

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



25.4596, 0.5584, 0.3949

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1582, 0.3368, 0.5353



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



20.1582, 0.5040, 0.4290

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



20.1582, 0.4715, 0.2859



20.1582, 0.4323, 0.5012



20.1582, 0.1694, 0.3504



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739



20.1582, 0.3256, 0.2111



20.1582, 0.4323, 0.5012



20.1582, 0.2710, 0.5078

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1631, 0.1817, 0.1739



68.3657, 0.2650, 0.2906



55.2556, 0.2791, 0.5248



13.8359, 0.2582, 0.2843



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

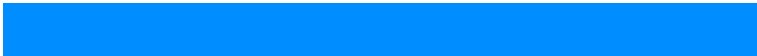


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1631, 0.1817, 0.1739



26.2961, 0.1814, 0.1729



5.8327, 0.1509, 0.0634



14.4945, 0.2981, 0.3183



11.7471, 0.1824, 0.1765



0.9922, 0.1895, 0.2021



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6449, 0.4759, 0.2395



23.1857, 0.4771, 0.2402



62.7041, 0.4316, 0.4955



13.8269, 0.3206, 0.3161



10.0939, 0.4728, 0.2378



0.7176, 0.4430, 0.2214



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

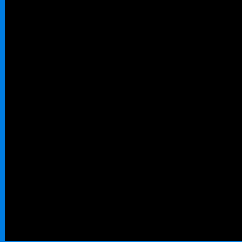
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

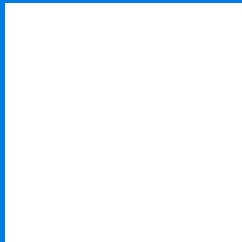
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739

### Protanopia

20.1493, 0.1990, 0.1769

### Deuteranopia

20.1956, 0.1831, 0.1791



## Tritanopia

19.9666, 0.2195, 0.3100

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739

**Protanomaly**

19.8752, 0.1888, 0.1745

**Deuteranomaly**

20.2494, 0.1828, 0.1782

**Tritanomaly**

19.8702, 0.2027, 0.2498

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739

**Achromatopsia**

12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

13.8262, 0.2271, 0.2507

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 125, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(0, 125, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 125, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 125, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 125, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 125, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125,  
226) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.1582, 0.1816, 0.1739 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 125, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 125,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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