

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.9412, 0.2256, 0.2625)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(19.9412, 0.2256, 0.2625)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4282A6
RGB	66, 130, 166
RGB Percent	26%, 51%, 65%
CMY	0.7408, 0.4902, 0.3490
CMYK	0.60, 0.22, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	202°, 43%, 46%
HSV	202°, 60%, 65%
XYZ	17.1175, 19.8767, 39.0161
YIQ	114.9680, -49.7000, -2.3720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

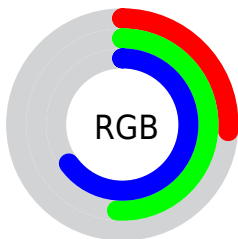
Format	Color
R _Y B	66, 105, 166
Decimal	4358822
CIE Lab	51.70, -9.44, -25.34
CIE LCh	52, 27.037, 249.567
Yxy	19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282548902 (0xFF4282A6)
YUV	114.9680, 25.1588, -42.9449
Hunter-Lab	44.5833, -9.4866, -20.6781

Details

The Yxy color **19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **18.0281, 0.4568, 0.3834**, and the grayscale version is **17.0749, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.2250, 0.2437, 0.2771**, and **7.0998, 0.1990, 0.2362** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8352, 0.2139, 0.2479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.1797, 0.2381, 0.2747**.

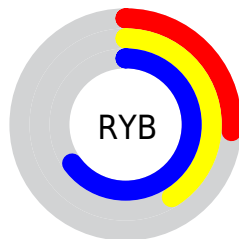
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (51%)

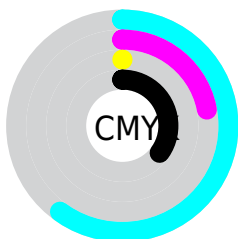
Blue (65%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (65%)

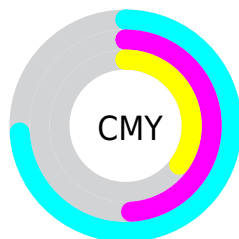


Cyan (60%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 19.8767, 0.2252,
0.2615

■ 19.8767, 0.2252,
0.2615

■ 251.2468, 0.2734,
0.3000

■ 12.3054, 0.2117,
0.2502

■ 43.2104, 0.2438,
0.2767

■ 6.9521, 0.1937,
0.2346

■ 59.7416, 0.2504,
0.2820

■ 3.4321, 0.1684,
0.2120

■ 80.0282, 0.2559,
0.2864

■ 1.3613, 0.1315,
0.1771

■ 104.4547, 0.2605,
0.2900

■ 0.1879, 0.0000,
0.0734

■ 133.4054, 0.2645,
0.2931

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

167.2647, 0.2679,

0.2957

206.4171, 0.2708,
0.2980

■ 19.8767, 0.2252,
0.2615

■ 19.8767, 0.2252,
0.2615

■ 17.8352, 0.2139,
0.2479

■ 22.1797, 0.2381,
0.2747

■ 16.0365, 0.2043,
0.2342

■ 24.7567, 0.2521,
0.2872

■ 14.4622, 0.1968,
0.2206

■ 27.6218, 0.2668,
0.2990

■ 13.0950, 0.1910,
0.2074

■ 30.7872, 0.2820,
0.3099

■ 34.2643, 0.2973,
0.3198

■ 38.0640, 0.3124,
0.3288

■ 42.1964, 0.3272,
0.3369

■ 46.6712, 0.3414,
0.3441

■ 51.4975, 0.3550,
0.3505

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.8767, 0.2234, 0.2936



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



19.8767, 0.2479, 0.2492

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



19.8767, 0.3857, 0.3122



19.8767, 0.3306, 0.4175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



18.0281, 0.4568, 0.3834

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.8767, 0.3769, 0.4154



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



19.8767, 0.4111, 0.3517

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



19.8767, 0.3394, 0.2782



19.8767, 0.4072, 0.3894



19.8767, 0.2817, 0.3892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615



19.8767, 0.2734, 0.2516



19.8767, 0.4072, 0.3894



19.8767, 0.3470, 0.4201

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.8774, 0.2252, 0.2615



56.9933, 0.2849, 0.3118



29.3791, 0.2821, 0.4544



12.3725, 0.2806, 0.3089



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.8774, 0.2252, 0.2615



31.2900, 0.2106, 0.2436



9.8119, 0.2040, 0.1656



8.0703, 0.2987, 0.3207



10.2438, 0.1913, 0.2087



0.3410, 0.2036, 0.2531

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6269, 0.3747, 0.2352



20.5731, 0.3947, 0.2220



30.6436, 0.4083, 0.4503



7.6200, 0.3190, 0.3147



7.1052, 0.4356, 0.2173



0.1821, 0.3892, 0.1918

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

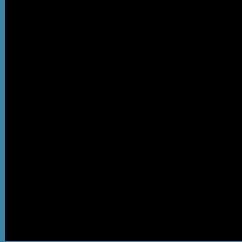
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

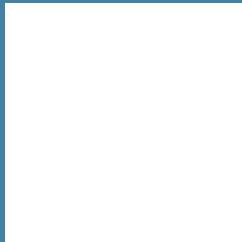
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615.

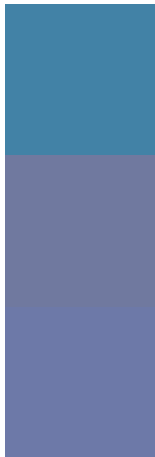


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615

Protanopia

19.6227, 0.2639, 0.2618

Deuteranopia

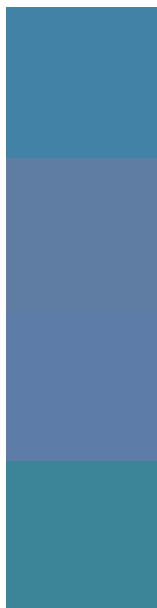
19.7531, 0.2534, 0.2477



Tritanopia

19.9644, 0.2353, 0.3066

Trichromacy



Original Color

19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615

Protanomaly

19.4568, 0.2464, 0.2599

Deuteranomaly

19.5325, 0.2410, 0.2518

Tritanomaly

20.0356, 0.2312, 0.2895

Monochromacy



Original Color

19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615

Achromatopsia

17.1441, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.6956, 0.2714, 0.3011

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 130, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 130, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 130, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 130, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 130, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 130, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 130, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 130, 166); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 130, 166); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 130, 166) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.8767, 0.2252, 0.2615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 130, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 130,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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