

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(19.9546, 0.3512, 0.2721)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(19.9546, 0.3512, 0.2721)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A8678D
RGB	168, 103, 141
RGB Percent	66%, 40%, 55%
CMY	0.3411, 0.5961, 0.4471
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.16, 0.34
HSL	325°, 27%, 53%
HSV	325°, 39%, 66%
XYZ	25.8095, 19.9484, 27.6898
YIQ	126.7670, 26.5420, 25.5980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

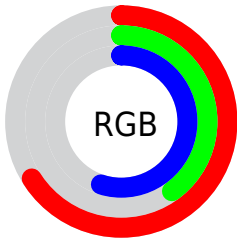
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	168, 103, 141
Decimal	11036557
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.78, 31.63, -9.85
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 33.129, 342.700
Yxy	19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289226637 (0xFFA8678D)
YUV	126.7670, 7.0169, 36.1613
Hunter-Lab	44.6636, 24.9875, -5.4931

# Details

The Yxy color **19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **32.5078, 0.2871, 0.3950**, and the grayscale version is **21.1085, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.2301, 0.3424, 0.2830**, and **6.9711, 0.3647, 0.2505** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.7350, 0.3657, 0.2572**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.8484, 0.3390, 0.2868**.

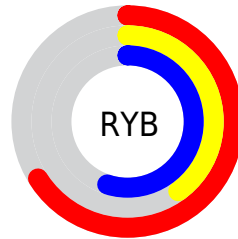
# Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (40%)

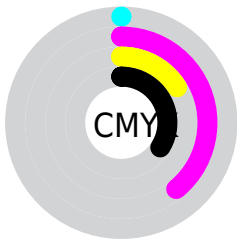
Blue (55%)



Red (66%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (55%)

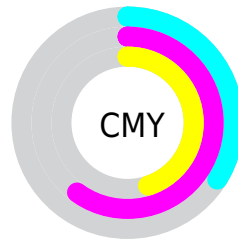


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (60%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.9484, 0.3514,  
0.2716


 19.9484, 0.3514,  
0.2716


251.6356, 0.3300,  
0.3030


 12.3575, 0.3575,  
0.2628


 43.3307, 0.3431,  
0.2837


 6.9877, 0.3660,  
0.2508


 59.8908, 0.3401,  
0.2880

 3.4544, 0.3782,  
0.2336

 80.2096, 0.3377,  
0.2916

 1.3733, 0.3977,  
0.2071

 104.6713, 0.3357,  
0.2946

 0.1969, 0.4673,  
0.0954

133.6604, 0.3339,  
0.2971

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

167.5612, 0.3325,

0.2994

206.7581, 0.3312,  
0.3013

■ 19.9484, 0.3514,  
0.2716

■ 19.9484, 0.3514,  
0.2716

■ 16.7350, 0.3657,  
0.2572

■ 23.8484, 0.3390,  
0.2868

■ 14.1647, 0.3819,  
0.2444

■ 28.4694, 0.3283,  
0.3020

■ 12.1932, 0.3997,  
0.2343


■ 33.8471, 0.3193,  
0.3167

■ 10.7698, 0.4186,  
0.2281


■ 40.0138, 0.3118,  
0.3308


■ 9.8348, 0.4377,  
0.2267


■ 47.0000, 0.3055,  
0.3439


 9.2774, 0.4567,  
0.2298

 54.8345, 0.3003,  
0.3562

 9.2128, 0.4592,  
0.2303

 63.5448, 0.2960,  
0.3674

 73.1571, 0.2924,  
0.3778

 83.6964, 0.2894,  
0.3873

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.9484, 0.2890, 0.2434



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



19.9484, 0.4069, 0.3125

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



19.9484, 0.3842, 0.4360



19.9484, 0.2046, 0.2795

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



32.5078, 0.2871, 0.3950

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9484, 0.2248, 0.3362



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



19.9484, 0.3268, 0.4371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



19.9484, 0.4247, 0.4045



19.9484, 0.2685, 0.3984



19.9484, 0.2096, 0.2444



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716



19.9484, 0.4292, 0.3436



19.9484, 0.2685, 0.3984



19.9484, 0.2086, 0.2965

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9493, 0.3514, 0.2716



57.8116, 0.3223, 0.3116



17.1945, 0.2708, 0.2220



12.3360, 0.3234, 0.3098



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9493, 0.3514, 0.2716



31.3529, 0.3629, 0.2598



19.1410, 0.3966, 0.3191



7.6131, 0.3198, 0.3159



6.9657, 0.4574, 0.2294



0.1793, 0.4016, 0.1986



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.9493, 0.3514, 0.2716



31.3529, 0.3629, 0.2598



33.4873, 0.2644, 0.3396



7.6131, 0.3198, 0.3159



6.9657, 0.4574, 0.2294

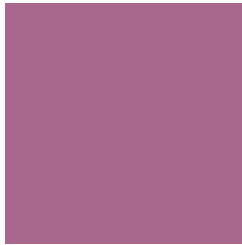


0.1793, 0.4016, 0.1986



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

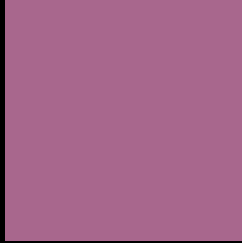
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

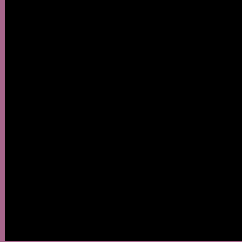
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716

### Protanopia

20.2120, 0.2728, 0.2741

### Deuteranopia

20.1768, 0.3033, 0.2989



## Tritanopia

19.9854, 0.3807, 0.3166

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716

## Protanomaly

19.8116, 0.2984, 0.2729

## Deuteranomaly

19.7383, 0.3198, 0.2868

## Tritanomaly

19.8957, 0.3701, 0.2995

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716

## Achromatopsia

21.2231, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

20.3736, 0.3264, 0.3051

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 103, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 103, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 103, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 103, 141) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 103, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 103, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 103, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 103, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 103, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 103,  
141) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.9484, 0.3514, 0.2716 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 103, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
103, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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