

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(2.3291, 0.3771, 0.2522)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(2.3291, 0.3771, 0.2522)
contains.

Yxy(2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	451C33
RGB	69, 28, 51
RGB Percent	27%, 11%, 20%
CMY	0.7294, 0.8902, 0.8000
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.26, 0.73
HSL	326°, 42%, 19%
HSV	326°, 59%, 27%
XYZ	3.4675, 2.3347, 3.4004
YIQ	42.8810, 17.0530, 15.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

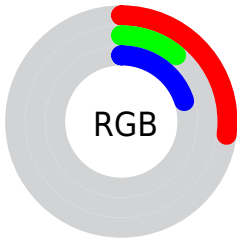
Format	Color
R_{YB}	69, 28, 51
Decimal	4529203
CIE Lab	17.15, 22.93, -5.82
CIE LCh	17, 23.653, 345.755
Yxy	2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282719283 (0xFF451C33)
YUV	42.8810, 4.0027, 22.9064
Hunter-Lab	15.2797, 13.7688, -2.4986

Details

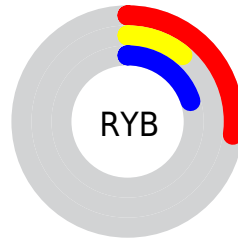
The Yxy color **2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **4.7013, 0.2786, 0.4224**, and the grayscale version is **2.3985, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **9.6826, 0.3547, 0.2812**, and **0.1771, 0.5544, 0.2828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **2.0185, 0.3931, 0.2436**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2.7281, 0.3621, 0.2656**.

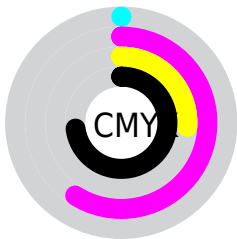
Distribution



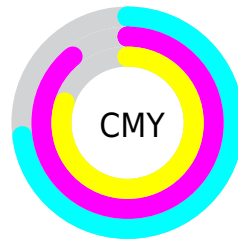
- Red (27%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (27%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (73%)



- Cyan (73%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 2.3347, 0.3768,
0.2537

■ 2.3347, 0.3768,
0.2537

■ 119.6660, 0.3310,
0.3068

■ 0.7920, 0.4016,
0.2263

■ 9.6213, 0.3539,
0.2797

■ 0.0000, 0.8029,
0.0000

■ 16.1372, 0.3477,
0.2870

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 25.0807, 0.3431,
0.2924


■ 36.8362, 0.3395,
0.2966


■ 51.7881, 0.3367,
0.2999


■ 70.3207, 0.3345,


0.3026


 92.8186, 0.3326,
0.3049


 2.3347, 0.3768,
0.2537


 2.3347, 0.3768,
0.2537


 2.0185, 0.3931,
0.2436


 2.7281, 0.3621,
0.2656


 1.7738, 0.4106,
0.2360


 3.2031, 0.3491,
0.2784


 1.5904, 0.4292,
0.2313

 3.7641, 0.3377,
0.2916

 1.4197, 0.4497,
0.2261

 4.4153, 0.3279,
0.3048

 1.4101, 0.4510,
0.2258

 5.1604, 0.3195,
0.3175

■ 6.0030, 0.3123,
0.3297

■ 6.9465, 0.3063,
0.3412

■ 7.9941, 0.3012,
0.3519

■ 9.1490, 0.2968,
0.3619

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



2.3347, 0.2854, 0.2146



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



2.3347, 0.4567, 0.3084

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



2.3347, 0.4075, 0.4921



2.3347, 0.1632, 0.2481

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



4.7013, 0.2786, 0.4224

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2.3347, 0.1844, 0.3264



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



2.3347, 0.3187, 0.4896

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



2.3347, 0.4719, 0.4404



2.3347, 0.2392, 0.4253



2.3347, 0.1736, 0.2069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537



2.3347, 0.4847, 0.3494



2.3347, 0.2392, 0.4253



2.3347, 0.1666, 0.2702

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



2.3348, 0.3768, 0.2537



7.5379, 0.3272, 0.3057



1.8355, 0.2532, 0.1784



1.9917, 0.3286, 0.3037



42.0033, 0.3127, 0.3290



2.7212, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



2.3348, 0.3768, 0.2537



3.2114, 0.4007, 0.2398



2.1933, 0.4550, 0.3205



1.5260, 0.3189, 0.3185



2.9616, 0.4598, 0.2306



17.8636, 0.4726, 0.2377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2.3348, 0.3768, 0.2537



3.2114, 0.4007, 0.2398



4.9007, 0.2490, 0.3391



1.5260, 0.3189, 0.3185



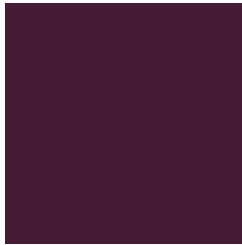
2.9616, 0.4598, 0.2306



17.8636, 0.4726, 0.2377

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

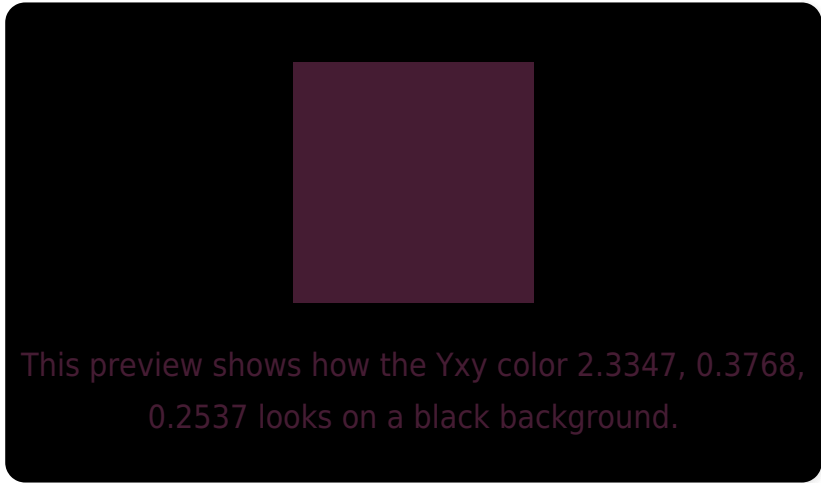
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

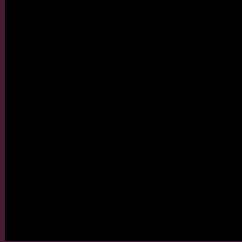
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537

Protanopia

2.4580, 0.2549, 0.2538

Deuteranopia

2.4356, 0.3025, 0.2990



Tritanopia

2.3775, 0.4327, 0.3226

Trichromacy



Original Color

2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537

Protanomaly

2.3346, 0.2929, 0.2534

Deuteranomaly

2.3377, 0.3276, 0.2776

Tritanomaly

2.3621, 0.4117, 0.2986

Monochromacy



Original Color

2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537

Achromatopsia

2.4158, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

2.3135, 0.3332, 0.2962

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(69, 28, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(69, 28, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(69, 28, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(69, 28, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(69, 28, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(69, 28, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(69, 28, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(69, 28, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 28, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(69, 28, 51)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to $\text{Yxy } 2.3347, 0.3768, 0.2537$ is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(69, 28, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(69, 28,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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