

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.0160, 0.4865, 0.3479)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.0160, 0.4865, 0.3479)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C45C4E
RGB	196, 92, 78
RGB Percent	77%, 36%, 31%
CMY	0.2313, 0.6393, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.53, 0.60, 0.23
HSL	7°, 50%, 54%
HSV	7°, 60%, 77%
XYZ	27.9725, 19.9401, 9.5848
YIQ	121.5000, 66.4780, 17.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

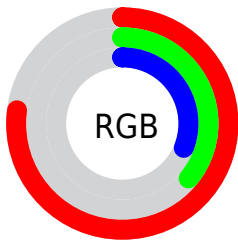
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	196, 94, 78
Decimal	12868686
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	51.77, 40.47, 27.87
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 49.144, 34.556
Yxy	19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291058766 (0xFFC45C4E)
YUV	121.5000, -21.4455, 65.3365
Hunter-Lab	44.6543, 33.6713, 18.5318

# Details

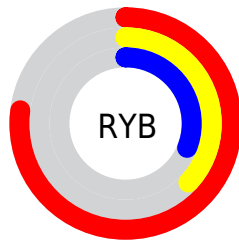
The Yxy color **19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **39.0848, 0.2348, 0.3074**, and the grayscale version is **19.3455, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.0431, 0.4461, 0.3479**, and **7.0140, 0.5529, 0.3406** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.0409, 0.5308, 0.3474**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.6081, 0.4448, 0.3448**.

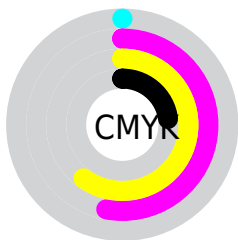
# Distribution



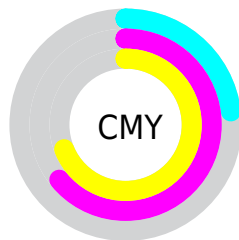
- Red (77%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (23%)




- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (69%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 19.9401, 0.4865,  
0.3468


 19.9401, 0.4865,  
0.3468

251.5907, 0.3875,  
0.3427


 12.3515, 0.5150,  
0.3448


 43.3167, 0.4476,  
0.3472


 6.9835, 0.5532,  
0.3397


 59.8736, 0.4339,  
0.3467


 3.4518, 0.6075,  
0.3283

 80.1886, 0.4226,  
0.3460

 1.3719, 0.6949,  
0.3051

 104.6462, 0.4132,  
0.3454

 0.1959, 0.8616,  
0.1384

 133.6309, 0.4053,  
0.3447

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000


167.5269, 0.3985,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3440


0.0000


206.7187, 0.3926,  
0.3433

 19.9401, 0.4865,  
0.3468


 19.9401, 0.4865,  
0.3468


 17.0409, 0.5308,  
0.3474


 23.6081, 0.4448,  
0.3448


 14.8525, 0.5733,  
0.3459

 28.0912, 0.4080,  
0.3419

 13.3139, 0.6078,  
0.3421

 33.4355, 0.3769,  
0.3386

 12.3601, 0.6305,  
0.3376

 39.6829, 0.3512,  
0.3353

 46.8727, 0.3302,  
0.3321

■ 55.0417, 0.3130,  
0.3291

■ 64.2247, 0.2990,  
0.3263

■ 74.4548, 0.2875,  
0.3238

■ 85.7638, 0.2780,  
0.3216

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



19.9401, 0.4328, 0.2860



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



19.9401, 0.4819, 0.4113

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



19.9401, 0.2661, 0.4590



19.9401, 0.1939, 0.1960

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



39.0848, 0.2348, 0.3074

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9401, 0.1643, 0.2165



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



19.9401, 0.1993, 0.3637

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



19.9401, 0.3504, 0.4981



19.9401, 0.1653, 0.2720



19.9401, 0.2546, 0.2038



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468



19.9401, 0.4509, 0.4524



19.9401, 0.1653, 0.2720



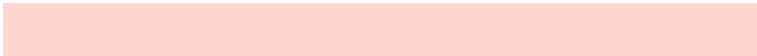
19.9401, 0.1806, 0.1994

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



19.9412, 0.4865, 0.3468



74.2323, 0.3468, 0.3346



20.5780, 0.3359, 0.2035



15.1150, 0.3537, 0.3356



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



19.9412, 0.4865, 0.3468



29.5727, 0.5437, 0.3472



34.3542, 0.4315, 0.4214



10.2657, 0.3286, 0.3318



8.0072, 0.6289, 0.3389



0.4110, 0.5973, 0.3639



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



39.0848, 0.2348, 0.3074



67.0020, 0.2249, 0.3021



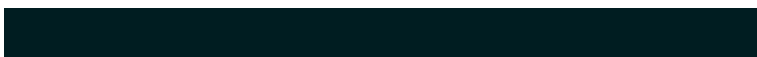
19.8354, 0.2127, 0.2087



11.2183, 0.2984, 0.3262



21.7972, 0.2144, 0.2917



1.0005, 0.2169, 0.3007



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

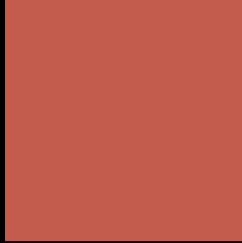
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

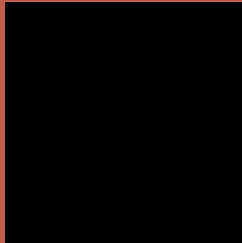
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468

### Protanopia

20.1572, 0.3629, 0.3897

### Deuteranopia

20.0172, 0.4126, 0.4040



## Tritanopia

19.8596, 0.4634, 0.3205

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468

## Protanomaly

19.3281, 0.4079, 0.3722

## Deuteranomaly

19.6608, 0.4395, 0.3811

## Tritanomaly

19.9039, 0.4733, 0.3307

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468

## Achromatopsia

19.4618, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

18.7990, 0.3716, 0.3378

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 92, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 92, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 92, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 92, 78) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 92, 78) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 92, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 92, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 92, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 92, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 92,  
78) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 19.9401, 0.4865, 0.3468 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 92, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196, 92,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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