

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.0737, 0.2003, 0.1372)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.0737, 0.2003, 0.1372)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	27
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	30

# Color

**Yxy(20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F66FF
RGB	111, 102, 255
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 100%
CMY	0.5648, 0.6000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.56, 0.60, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	244°, 100%, 70%
HSV	244°, 60%, 100%
XYZ	29.3554, 20.1022, 96.9532
YIQ	122.1330, -43.7490, 49.4910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

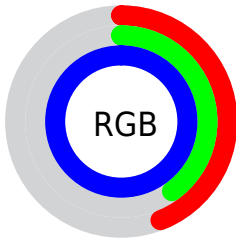
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	111, 102, 255
Decimal	7300863
CIE Lab	51.95, 45.08, -75.25
CIE LCh	52, 87.720, 300.922
Yxy	20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490943 (0xFF6F66FF)
YUV	122.1330, 65.5034, -9.7636
Hunter-Lab	44.8355, 38.4081, -96.8252

# Details

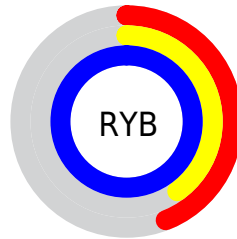
The Yxy color **20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **92.0790, 0.3915, 0.4732**, and the grayscale version is **19.2992, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.2154, 0.2521, 0.2111**, and **7.0446, 0.1667, 0.0969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.4836, 0.1819, 0.1071**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **27.6791, 0.2211, 0.1714**.

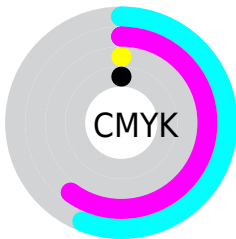
# Distribution



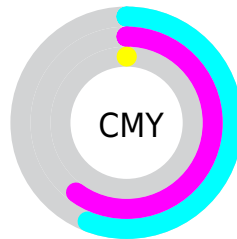
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.1022, 0.2005,  
0.1373


 20.1022, 0.2005,  
0.1373


252.4678, 0.2609,  
0.2265


 12.4694, 0.1855,  
0.1186


 43.5885, 0.2227,  
0.1673


 7.0642, 0.1667,  
0.0970


 60.2107, 0.2310,  
0.1793

 3.5023, 0.1430,  
0.0725


 80.5981, 0.2380,  
0.1898

 1.3992, 0.1133,  
0.0459

 105.1352, 0.2440,  
0.1990

 0.2162, 0.0779,  
0.0121

134.2063, 0.2491,  
0.2071

 0.0000, 0.0258,  
0.0000

168.1959, 0.2536,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2143

0.0000

207.4883, 0.2575,  
0.2207

■ 20.1022, 0.2005,  
0.1373

■ 20.1022, 0.2005,  
0.1373

■ 14.4836, 0.1819,  
0.1071

■ 27.6791, 0.2211,  
0.1714

■ 10.6437, 0.1670,  
0.0835

■ 37.3740, 0.2421,  
0.2069

■ 8.3675, 0.1567,  
0.0681

■ 49.3290, 0.2624,  
0.2415

■ 7.3213, 0.1513,  
0.0607

■ 63.6739, 0.2812,  
0.2739

■ 7.3210, 0.1513,  
0.0607

■ 80.5289, 0.2980,  
0.3031

100.0000, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.1022, 0.1238, 0.1284



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



20.1022, 0.3366, 0.1763

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



20.1022, 0.5776, 0.4042



20.1022, 0.1331, 0.4073

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



92.0790, 0.3915, 0.4732

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.1022, 0.2300, 0.6014



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



20.1022, 0.4821, 0.5146

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



20.1022, 0.6009, 0.3184



20.1022, 0.3542, 0.6152



20.1022, 0.0911, 0.2336



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



20.1022, 0.4505, 0.2179



20.1022, 0.3542, 0.6152



20.1022, 0.1597, 0.4811

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.1018, 0.2005, 0.1373



66.8357, 0.2847, 0.2800



76.7812, 0.2370, 0.3198



13.3267, 0.2795, 0.2710



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.1018, 0.2005, 0.1373



13.5784, 0.1786, 0.1018



27.1825, 0.2567, 0.1619



17.4285, 0.2988, 0.3045



3.8452, 0.1517, 0.0609



0.3914, 0.1558, 0.0632



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.4203, 0.3276, 0.1957



32.3640, 0.3306, 0.1787



81.1210, 0.3403, 0.5027



18.2809, 0.3147, 0.3069



14.4060, 0.3362, 0.1626

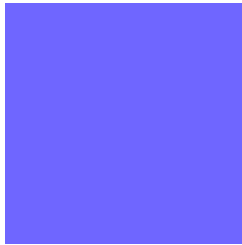


1.4080, 0.3343, 0.1615



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

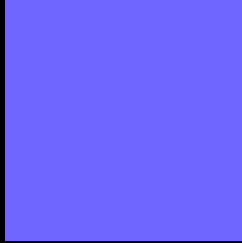
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373

### Protanopia

20.2219, 0.1737, 0.1454

### Deuteranopia

19.9837, 0.1842, 0.1830



## Tritanopia

20.0176, 0.2423, 0.3068

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



## Protanomaly

19.3532, 0.1760, 0.1390



## Deuteranomaly

18.9432, 0.1824, 0.1596



## Tritanomaly

19.2646, 0.2225, 0.2225

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373



## Achromatopsia

19.4618, 0.3127, 0.3290



## Achromatomaly

19.0153, 0.2592, 0.2363

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 102, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 102, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 102, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 102, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 102, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 102, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 102, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 102, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 102,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.1022, 0.2005, 0.1373 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 102, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
102, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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