

# Converting Colors

$Yxy(20.1382, 0.2096, 0.3391)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.1382, 0.2096, 0.3391)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	008D89
RGB	0, 141, 137
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 54%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4470, 0.4627
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.03, 0.45
HSL	178°, 100%, 28%
HSV	178°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	14.0400, 20.8559, 26.9543
YIQ	98.3850, -82.7520, -31.1360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

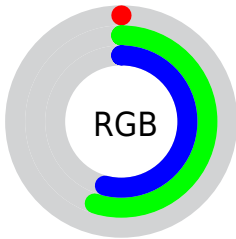
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 72, 141
Decimal	36233
CIELab	52.79, -32.21, -6.97
CIELCh	53, 32.952, 192.218
Yxy	20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226313 (0xFF008D89)
YUV	98.3850, 19.0372, -86.2836
Hunter-Lab	45.6683, -25.0424, -3.0264

# Details

The Yxy color **20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **5.6717, 0.6359, 0.3277**, and the grayscale version is **12.2826, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.7264, 0.2455, 0.3363**, and **8.0004, 0.2273, 0.3382** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.8569, 0.2270, 0.3372**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.9626, 0.2287, 0.3363**.

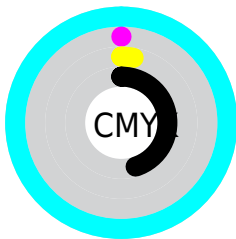
# Distribution



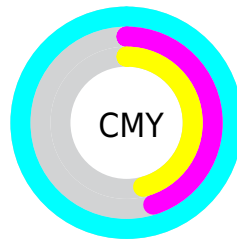
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (45%)




- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (46%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 20.8559, 0.2270,  
0.3372


 20.8559, 0.2270,  
0.3372


 256.5117, 0.2745,  
0.3337


 13.0187, 0.2135,  
0.3377


 44.8476, 0.2455,  
0.3362

 7.4414, 0.1950,  
0.3378


 61.7709, 0.2520,  
0.3357


 3.7397, 0.1686,  
0.3371

 82.4917, 0.2574,  
0.3353

 1.5290, 0.1228,  
0.3354

 107.3943, 0.2619,  
0.3349

 0.3090, 0.0000,  
0.2727

 136.8633, 0.2658,  
0.3345

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 171.2829, 0.2691,

0.3342

211.0375, 0.2720,  
0.3340

■ 20.8559, 0.2270,  
0.3372

■ 20.8559, 0.2270,  
0.3372

■ 20.8569, 0.2270,  
0.3372

■ 20.9626, 0.2287,  
0.3363

■ 21.1297, 0.2315,  
0.3354

■ 21.3901, 0.2361,  
0.3345

■ 21.7555, 0.2425,  
0.3336

■ 22.2356, 0.2506,  
0.3328

■ 22.8392, 0.2605,  
0.3319

■ 23.5742, 0.2719,  
0.3311

■ 24.4477, 0.2846,  
0.3304

■ 25.4664, 0.2983,  
0.3296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.8559, 0.2703, 0.3978



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



20.8559, 0.2067, 0.2814

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



20.8559, 0.2885, 0.2446



20.8559, 0.4230, 0.4026

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



5.6717, 0.6359, 0.3277

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.8559, 0.4318, 0.3583



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



20.8559, 0.3497, 0.2721

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



20.8559, 0.2394, 0.2349



20.8559, 0.4043, 0.3122



20.8559, 0.3838, 0.4337



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372



20.8559, 0.2069, 0.2554



20.8559, 0.4043, 0.3122



20.8559, 0.4298, 0.3886

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.8569, 0.2270, 0.3372



42.1236, 0.2711, 0.3312



19.0809, 0.3010, 0.5992



9.2949, 0.2668, 0.3315



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.8569, 0.2270, 0.3372



37.3453, 0.2271, 0.3374



6.9827, 0.1813, 0.1725



6.1137, 0.2994, 0.3296



19.0172, 0.2270, 0.3372



0.1824, 0.2257, 0.3326



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.6717, 0.6359, 0.3277



10.1524, 0.6371, 0.3283



9.5362, 0.5471, 0.4038



5.4264, 0.3277, 0.3284



5.1717, 0.6357, 0.3276



0.0498, 0.6154, 0.3164



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

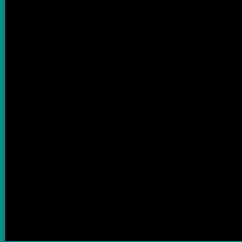
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372.

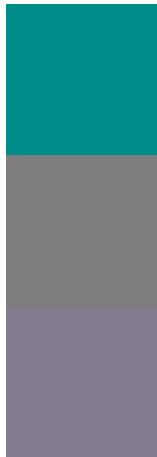


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372

### Protanopia

20.7116, 0.3129, 0.3254

### Deuteranopia

20.5880, 0.3012, 0.2957



## Tritanopia

20.9285, 0.2233, 0.3066

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372

**Protanomaly**

19.6206, 0.2616, 0.3289

**Deuteranomaly**

19.4330, 0.2552, 0.3070

**Tritanomaly**

20.9291, 0.2243, 0.3185

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372

**Achromatopsia**

12.2139, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

14.2286, 0.2562, 0.3336

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 141, 137)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 141, 137)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 141, 137) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 141, 137) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 141, 137) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 141, 137) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 141, 137)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 141, 137); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 141, 137);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 141,  
137) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.8559, 0.2270, 0.3372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 141, 137) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 141,  
137) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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