

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.1574, 0.4683, 0.3840)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.1574, 0.4683, 0.3840)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B36A42
RGB	179, 106, 66
RGB Percent	70%, 42%, 26%
CMY	0.2980, 0.5843, 0.7411
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 0.63, 0.30
HSL	21°, 46%, 48%
HSV	21°, 63%, 70%
XYZ	24.7296, 20.2851, 7.7699
YIQ	123.2670, 56.3480, 3.0360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

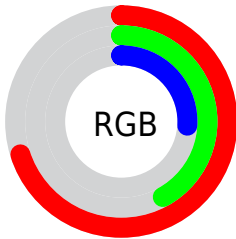
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	179, 128, 66
Decimal	11758146
CIE Lab	52.16, 25.42, 34.56
CIE LCh	52, 42.897, 53.668
Yxy	20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289948226 (0xFFB36A42)
YUV	123.2670, -28.2326, 48.8778
Hunter-Lab	45.0390, 19.1908, 21.2989

# Details

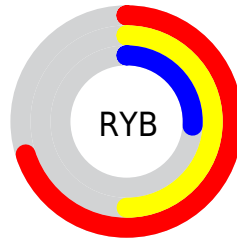
The Yxy color **20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **22.8884, 0.2216, 0.2585**, and the grayscale version is **19.9824, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.8687, 0.4343, 0.3766**, and **7.2142, 0.5246, 0.3916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.8815, 0.5027, 0.3880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.0785, 0.4355, 0.3776**.

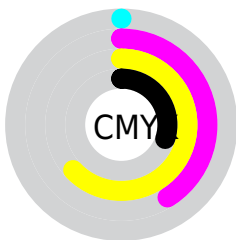
# Distribution



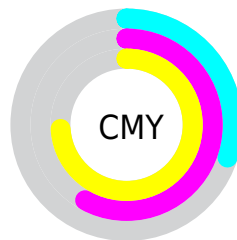
- Red (70%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (74%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 20.2851, 0.4685,  
0.3843

 20.2851, 0.4685,  
0.3843

253.4544, 0.3808,  
0.3590


 12.6025, 0.4929,  
0.3881


 43.8947, 0.4345,  
0.3764

 7.1554, 0.5249,  
0.3905


 60.5904, 0.4223,  
0.3730


 3.5595, 0.5772,  
0.3946

 81.0592, 0.4123,  
0.3699

 1.4303, 0.6270,  
0.3730

 105.6856, 0.4039,  
0.3672

 0.2389, 0.7801,  
0.2199

 134.8539, 0.3968,  
0.3648

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

168.9485, 0.3907,

0.3626

208.3539, 0.3854,  
0.3607

■ 20.2851, 0.4685,  
0.3843

■ 20.2851, 0.4685,  
0.3843

■ 17.8815, 0.5027,  
0.3880

■ 23.0785, 0.4355,  
0.3776

■ 15.8453, 0.5357,  
0.3874

■ 26.2762, 0.4052,  
0.3690

■ 14.1564, 0.5646,  
0.3818

■ 29.8956, 0.3782,  
0.3596

■ 13.1768, 0.5820,  
0.3761

■ 33.9523, 0.3548,  
0.3500

■ 38.4608, 0.3347,  
0.3406

■ 43.4350, 0.3175,  
0.3317

■ 48.8882, 0.3029,  
0.3234

■ 54.8331, 0.2905,  
0.3157

■ 61.2820, 0.2798,  
0.3087

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2851, 0.4523, 0.3266



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



20.2851, 0.4376, 0.4388

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



20.2851, 0.2323, 0.3912



20.2851, 0.2392, 0.2121

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



22.8884, 0.2216, 0.2585

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2851, 0.1942, 0.2145



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



20.2851, 0.1896, 0.3068

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



20.2851, 0.2999, 0.4593



20.2851, 0.1774, 0.2449



20.2851, 0.3096, 0.2333



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843



20.2851, 0.3982, 0.4655



20.2851, 0.1774, 0.2449



20.2851, 0.2211, 0.2101

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.2861, 0.4685, 0.3843



63.7703, 0.3468, 0.3463



15.3614, 0.3776, 0.2298



13.6352, 0.3527, 0.3490



91.1408, 0.3127, 0.3290



17.8868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.2861, 0.4685, 0.3843



30.4249, 0.5167, 0.3883



35.8397, 0.4130, 0.4553



8.9809, 0.3279, 0.3371



9.4232, 0.5798, 0.3778



0.4089, 0.5259, 0.4206



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



22.8884, 0.2216, 0.2585



35.2798, 0.2069, 0.2394



10.5963, 0.1980, 0.1557



9.1154, 0.2986, 0.3208



11.1982, 0.1919, 0.2107

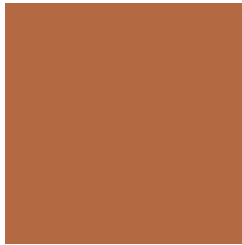


0.4573, 0.2021, 0.2475



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

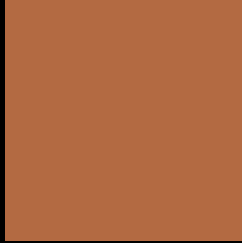
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

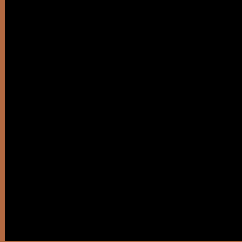
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843

### Protanopia

20.4666, 0.3881, 0.4213

### Deuteranopia

20.4226, 0.4267, 0.4186



## Tritanopia

20.3352, 0.4184, 0.3193

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843

## Protanomaly

20.0745, 0.4174, 0.4081

## Deuteranomaly

20.1913, 0.4425, 0.4053

## Tritanomaly

20.3146, 0.4379, 0.3437

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843

## Achromatopsia

19.8069, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

19.5215, 0.3660, 0.3557

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 106, 66)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 106, 66)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 106, 66) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 106, 66) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 106, 66) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 106, 66) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 106, 66)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 106, 66); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 106, 66);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 106,  
66) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.2851, 0.4685, 0.3843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 106, 66) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
106, 66) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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