

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.1837, 0.3179, 0.5858)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.1837, 0.3179, 0.5858)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2F8F00
RGB	47, 143, 0
RGB Percent	18%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.8158, 0.4392, 0.9999
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	100°, 100%, 28%
HSV	100°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	10.9942, 20.2493, 3.3294
YIQ	97.9940, -11.3130, -64.8250

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

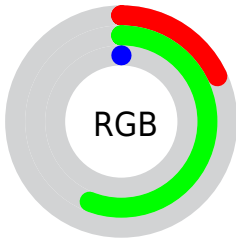
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 143, 96
Decimal	3116800
CIELab	52.12, -49.99, 54.90
CIELCh	52, 74.254, 132.319
Yxy	20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281306880 (0xFF2F8F00)
YUV	97.9940, -48.3110, -44.7217
Hunter-Lab	44.9992, -35.1377, 27.1128

# Details

The Yxy color **20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339900**. A complement of this color would be **4.4730, 0.2411, 0.1102**, and the grayscale version is **12.3370, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.9313, 0.3260, 0.5246**, and **7.4822, 0.3000, 0.6000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.2498, 0.3180, 0.5857**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.5365, 0.3224, 0.5723**.

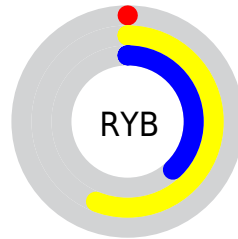
# Distribution



Red (18%)

Green (56%)

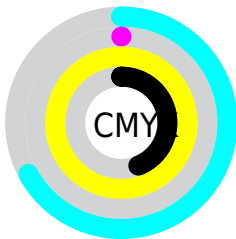
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (38%)

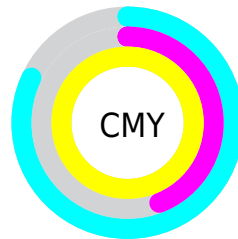


Cyan (67%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (82%)

Magenta (44%)


Yellow (100%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.2493, 0.3180,  
0.5857


 20.2493, 0.3180,  
0.5857


253.2615, 0.3273,  
0.4327


 12.5764, 0.3069,  
0.6297


 43.8348, 0.3265,  
0.5247

 7.1375, 0.2926,  
0.7042


 60.5161, 0.3279,  
0.5032


 3.5482, 0.2425,  
0.7575

 80.9690, 0.3285,  
0.4858

 1.4242, 0.0370,  
0.9630

 105.5780, 0.3286,  
0.4714

 0.2345, 0.0000,  
1.0000

 134.7273, 0.3284,  
0.4593

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 168.8014, 0.3281,


0.4491

 208.1847, 0.3277,  
0.4403


 20.2493, 0.3180,  
0.5857

 20.2493, 0.3180,  
0.5857

 20.2498, 0.3180,  
0.5857

 20.5365, 0.3224,  
0.5723

 20.8979, 0.3261,  
0.5540

 21.3481, 0.3283,  
0.5301

 21.8937, 0.3290,  
0.5020

 22.5408, 0.3283,  
0.4715

■ 23.2946, 0.3264,  
0.4402

■ 24.1601, 0.3237,  
0.4095

■ 25.1419, 0.3203,  
0.3804

■ 26.2443, 0.3166,  
0.3535

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2493, 0.4314, 0.5360



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



20.2493, 0.2089, 0.5025

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



20.2493, 0.1201, 0.1606



20.2493, 0.5195, 0.2818

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



4.4730, 0.2411, 0.1102

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2493, 0.3897, 0.2146



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



20.2493, 0.1655, 0.1488

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



20.2493, 0.1095, 0.2143



20.2493, 0.2554, 0.1677



20.2493, 0.5686, 0.3577



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857



20.2493, 0.1543, 0.3889



20.2493, 0.2554, 0.1677



20.2493, 0.4821, 0.2580

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.2502, 0.3180, 0.5857



43.1573, 0.3239, 0.4114



14.0865, 0.4914, 0.4480



9.7582, 0.3250, 0.4229



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.2502, 0.3180, 0.5857



36.1775, 0.3167, 0.5868



19.7117, 0.2952, 0.5826



6.1100, 0.3163, 0.3514



17.9139, 0.3183, 0.5854



0.1823, 0.3513, 0.5593



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.4730, 0.2411, 0.1102



7.9126, 0.2395, 0.1093



7.1766, 0.3670, 0.1796



5.4235, 0.3088, 0.3070



3.9656, 0.2415, 0.1104

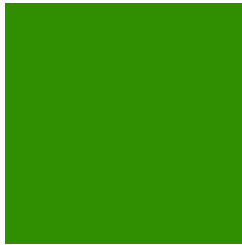


0.0499, 0.2796, 0.1314



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857

### Protanopia

19.9043, 0.4391, 0.4895

### Deuteranopia

19.7849, 0.4583, 0.4508



## Tritanopia

20.2445, 0.2464, 0.3071

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857

**Protanomaly**

19.2968, 0.3869, 0.5310

**Deuteranomaly**

18.6817, 0.4005, 0.5062

**Tritanomaly**

19.7540, 0.2824, 0.4294

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857

**Achromatopsia**

12.2139, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

14.0447, 0.3273, 0.4546

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 143, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 143, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 143, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 143, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 143, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 143, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(47, 143, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 143, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 143, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 143, 0)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.2493, 0.3180, 0.5857 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 143, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 143,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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