

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.2315, 0.3422, 0.5573)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(20.2315, 0.3422, 0.5573)
contains.

Yxy(20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4D8C0E
RGB	77, 140, 14
RGB Percent	30%, 55%, 5%
CMY	0.6980, 0.4510, 0.9451
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.90, 0.45
HSL	90°, 82%, 30%
HSV	90°, 90%, 55%
XYZ	12.5178, 20.3657, 3.6862
YIQ	106.7990, 2.8980, -52.5420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

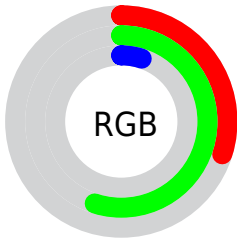
Format	Color
RYB	14, 140, 77
Decimal	5082126
CIELab	52.25, -39.78, 52.97
CIELCh	52, 66.245, 126.909
Yxy	20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283272206 (0xFF4D8C0E)
YUV	106.7990, -45.7499, -26.1337
Hunter-Lab	45.1284, -29.4618, 26.7469

Details

The Yxy color **20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **3.7853, 0.2157, 0.1027**, and the grayscale version is **14.7732, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.9701, 0.3442, 0.5043**, and **7.2639, 0.3100, 0.5921** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.0593, 0.3381, 0.5697**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.7258, 0.3452, 0.5401**.

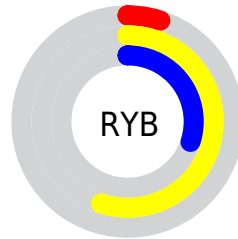
Distribution



Red (30%)

Green (55%)

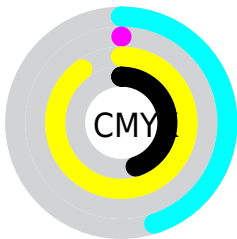
Blue (5%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (30%)

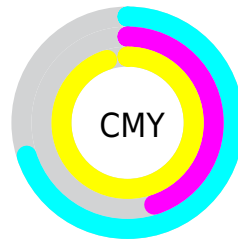


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (70%)


Magenta (45%)


Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 20.3657, 0.3423,
0.5569


 20.3657, 0.3423,
0.5569


253.8880, 0.3358,
0.4231


 12.6612, 0.3369,
0.5948

 44.0295, 0.3439,
0.5040

 7.1956, 0.3289,
0.6543


 60.7575, 0.3431,
0.4853

 3.5847, 0.2933,
0.7067


 81.2621, 0.3419,
0.4700

 1.4441, 0.1803,
0.8197

 105.9277, 0.3407,
0.4574

 0.2489, 0.0000,
1.0000

 135.1387, 0.3394,
0.4467

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 169.2795, 0.3381,

0.4377

 208.7345, 0.3369,
0.4299


 20.3657, 0.3423,
0.5569


 20.3657, 0.3423,
0.5569

 20.0593, 0.3381,
0.5697

 20.7258, 0.3452,
0.5401

 21.1484, 0.3460,
0.5185

 21.6393, 0.3447,
0.4930

 22.2026, 0.3417,
0.4652

 22.8420, 0.3372,
0.4362

■ 23.5609, 0.3318,
0.4073

■ 24.3626, 0.3257,
0.3795

■ 25.2501, 0.3192,
0.3533

■ 26.2261, 0.3127,
0.3290

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.3657, 0.4446, 0.5079



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



20.3657, 0.2382, 0.5028

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



20.3657, 0.1303, 0.1809



20.3657, 0.4805, 0.2760

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



3.7853, 0.2157, 0.1027

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3657, 0.3593, 0.2149



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



20.3657, 0.1673, 0.1625

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



20.3657, 0.1268, 0.2420



20.3657, 0.2435, 0.1751



20.3657, 0.5428, 0.3475

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569



20.3657, 0.1818, 0.4106



20.3657, 0.2435, 0.1751



20.3657, 0.4436, 0.2540

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3666, 0.3423, 0.5569



41.8673, 0.3303, 0.4004



10.9151, 0.5157, 0.4155



9.5546, 0.3321, 0.4089



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3666, 0.3423, 0.5569



35.2681, 0.3367, 0.5709



18.8822, 0.3005, 0.5887



5.7230, 0.3187, 0.3511



17.8344, 0.3385, 0.5695



0.1272, 0.3724, 0.5425

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.7853, 0.2157, 0.1027



5.5384, 0.2025, 0.0889



7.7833, 0.3207, 0.1589



5.0070, 0.3063, 0.3069



2.8511, 0.2050, 0.0903



0.0276, 0.2535, 0.1170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

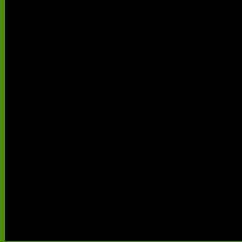
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569

Protanopia

20.0039, 0.4389, 0.4862

Deuteranopia

20.1237, 0.4576, 0.4506



Tritanopia

20.2680, 0.2643, 0.3077

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569

Protanomaly

19.7669, 0.4002, 0.5148

Deuteranomaly

19.5039, 0.4127, 0.4911

Tritanomaly

19.9511, 0.3015, 0.4116

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569

Achromatopsia

14.7027, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

16.1615, 0.3362, 0.4305

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(77, 140, 14)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(77, 140, 14)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 140, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(77, 140, 14) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(77, 140, 14) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(77, 140, 14) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(77, 140, 14) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(77, 140, 14); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 140, 14);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(77, 140,  
14) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.3657, 0.3423, 0.5569 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(77, 140, 14) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(77, 140,  
14) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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