

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.3276, 0.4478, 0.4788)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.3276, 0.4478, 0.4788)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	927B07
RGB	146, 123, 7
RGB Percent	57%, 48%, 3%
CMY	0.4275, 0.5176, 0.9729
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.95, 0.43
HSL	50°, 91%, 30%
HSV	50°, 95%, 57%
XYZ	18.9742, 20.2923, 3.1150
YIQ	116.6530, 50.9440, -31.2000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

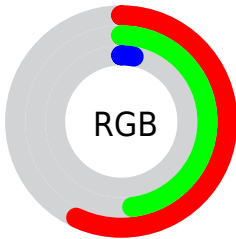
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	35, 146, 7
Decimal	9599751
CIE Lab	52.17, -1.60, 56.36
CIE LCh	52, 56.381, 91.624
Yxy	20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287789831 (0xFF927B07)
YUV	116.6530, -54.0589, 25.7373
Hunter-Lab	45.0470, -3.6462, 27.4329

# Details

The Yxy color **20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **3.0432, 0.1582, 0.0839**, and the grayscale version is **17.8322, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.9270, 0.4251, 0.4521**, and **7.2563, 0.4515, 0.4797** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.9963, 0.4512, 0.4800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.9403, 0.4397, 0.4751**.

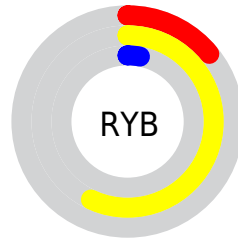
# Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (48%)

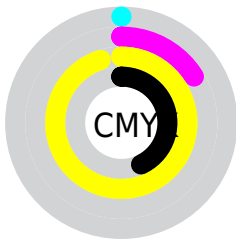
Blue (3%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (57%)

Blue (3%)

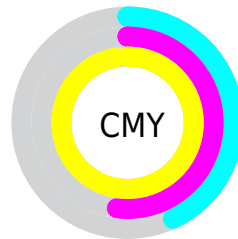


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (52%)


Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.2923, 0.4477,  
0.4788


 20.2923, 0.4477,  
0.4788


253.4931, 0.3794,  
0.4020


 12.6077, 0.4607,  
0.4941


 43.9067, 0.4247,  
0.4525

 7.1590, 0.4815,  
0.5185


 60.6053, 0.4153,  
0.4419


 3.5617, 0.4800,  
0.5200

 81.0773, 0.4071,  
0.4328

 1.4315, 0.4774,  
0.5226

 105.7072, 0.4000,  
0.4249

 0.2398, 0.4407,  
0.5593


 134.8794, 0.3939,  
0.4180

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 168.9781, 0.3884,


0.4120


 208.3879, 0.3837,  
0.4067

 20.2923, 0.4477,  
0.4788


 20.2923, 0.4477,  
0.4788

 19.9963, 0.4512,  
0.4800

 20.9403, 0.4397,  
0.4751

 21.6333, 0.4291,  
0.4671

 22.3777, 0.4160,  
0.4550

 23.1775, 0.4011,  
0.4395

 24.0363, 0.3851,  
0.4212

■ 24.9572, 0.3684,  
0.4013

■ 25.9432, 0.3518,  
0.3806

■ 26.9968, 0.3357,  
0.3597

■ 28.1207, 0.3204,  
0.3394

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.2923, 0.5051, 0.4090



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



20.2923, 0.3607, 0.5217

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



20.2923, 0.1508, 0.2709



20.2923, 0.3347, 0.2206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



3.0432, 0.1582, 0.0839

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2923, 0.2387, 0.1883



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



20.2923, 0.1473, 0.2064

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



20.2923, 0.1904, 0.3794



20.2923, 0.1759, 0.1821



20.2923, 0.4403, 0.2737



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788



20.2923, 0.2974, 0.5103



20.2923, 0.1759, 0.1821



20.2923, 0.2998, 0.2072

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.2933, 0.4477, 0.4788



45.0047, 0.3590, 0.3896



6.3547, 0.5981, 0.3125



9.8655, 0.3653, 0.3975



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.2933, 0.4477, 0.4788



35.0682, 0.4519, 0.4794



23.2595, 0.3641, 0.5452



6.5832, 0.3263, 0.3473



17.6259, 0.4510, 0.4801



0.2506, 0.4337, 0.4939



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.0432, 0.1582, 0.0839



4.6509, 0.1540, 0.0742



2.9895, 0.1816, 0.0805



5.7787, 0.2989, 0.3100



2.4295, 0.1548, 0.0773

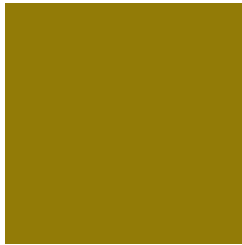


0.0589, 0.1711, 0.1360



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

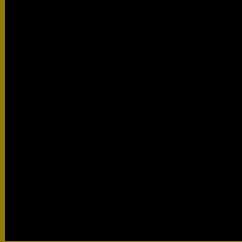
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788.

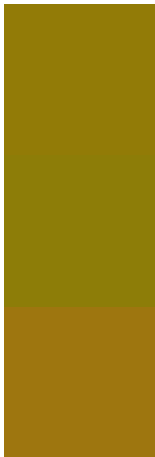


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788

### Protanopia

20.3475, 0.4382, 0.4856

### Deuteranopia

20.2605, 0.4675, 0.4584



## Tritanopia

20.2370, 0.3529, 0.3142

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788

## Protanomaly

20.2725, 0.4422, 0.4825

## Deuteranomaly

20.3295, 0.4607, 0.4657

## Tritanomaly

19.8007, 0.4024, 0.3901

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788

## Achromatopsia

17.7888, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

18.3187, 0.3756, 0.4087

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 123, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 123, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 123, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 123, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 123, 7) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 123, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 123, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 123, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 123, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 123,  
7) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 20.2923, 0.4477, 0.4788$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 123, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
123, 7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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