

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.4250, 0.3811, 0.3150)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.4250, 0.3811, 0.3150)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A76D76
RGB	167, 109, 118
RGB Percent	65%, 43%, 46%
CMY	0.3449, 0.5726, 0.5372
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.29, 0.34
HSL	351°, 25%, 54%
HSV	351°, 35%, 66%
XYZ	24.6815, 20.4608, 19.7920
YIQ	127.3680, 31.6790, 15.0950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

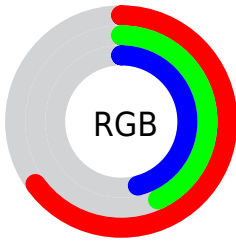
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">167, 109, 118</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10972534</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">52.35, 24.36, 4.56</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">52, 24.785, 10.598</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4289162614 (0xFFA76D76)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">127.3680, -4.6184, 34.7573</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">45.2336, 18.2389, 5.7212</a>

# Details

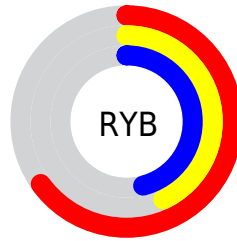
The Yxy color **20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **33.3704, 0.2709, 0.3437**, and the grayscale version is **21.3654, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.0800, 0.3644, 0.3185**, and **7.1846, 0.4074, 0.3071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16.9201, 0.4099, 0.3112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **24.7308, 0.3555, 0.3193**.

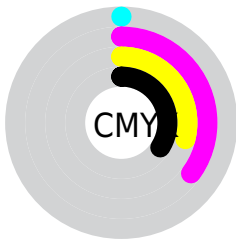
# Distribution



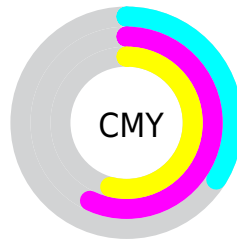
- Red (65%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (34%)




- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (54%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.4608, 0.3801,  
0.3151


 20.4608, 0.3801,  
0.3151


254.3989, 0.3416,  
0.3235


 12.7304, 0.3917,  
0.3123


 44.1884, 0.3647,  
0.3186


 7.2432, 0.4082,  
0.3083


 60.9545, 0.3594,  
0.3198

 3.6147, 0.4331,  
0.3017


 81.5012, 0.3551,  
0.3207

 1.4604, 0.4751,  
0.2897

 106.2130, 0.3514,  
0.3215

 0.2606, 0.7637,  
0.2363

135.4743, 0.3484,  
0.3221

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

169.6694, 0.3458,

0.3226

209.1828, 0.3436,  
0.3231

■ 20.4608, 0.3801,  
0.3151

■ 20.4608, 0.3801,  
0.3151

■ 16.9201, 0.4099,  
0.3112

■ 24.7308, 0.3555,  
0.3193

■ 14.0651, 0.4453,  
0.3079

■ 29.7646, 0.3355,  
0.3234

■ 11.8520, 0.4853,  
0.3060


■ 35.5983, 0.3193,  
0.3272


■ 10.2309, 0.5279,  
0.3062


■ 42.2646, 0.3062,  
0.3309


■ 9.1441, 0.5686,  
0.3090


■ 49.7943, 0.2956,  
0.3342


 8.5217, 0.6024,  
0.3145

 58.2170, 0.2869,  
0.3372

 8.2941, 0.6168,  
0.3172

 67.5605, 0.2798,  
0.3399

 77.8517, 0.2739,  
0.3424

 86.3300, 0.2685,  
0.3400

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4608, 0.3387, 0.2834



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



20.4608, 0.4023, 0.3515

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



20.4608, 0.3278, 0.4084



20.4608, 0.2330, 0.2669

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



33.3704, 0.2709, 0.3437

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4608, 0.2307, 0.2959



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



20.4608, 0.2833, 0.3820

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



20.4608, 0.3701, 0.4081



20.4608, 0.2484, 0.3386



20.4608, 0.2546, 0.2558



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151



20.4608, 0.4025, 0.3750



20.4608, 0.2484, 0.3386



20.4608, 0.2300, 0.2746

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.4618, 0.3801, 0.3151



57.8751, 0.3277, 0.3252



20.9298, 0.3052, 0.2418



12.6404, 0.3299, 0.3246



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.4618, 0.3801, 0.3151



31.4521, 0.4035, 0.3119



24.8493, 0.3826, 0.3592



7.5606, 0.3262, 0.3255



6.3485, 0.6149, 0.3161



0.1599, 0.5421, 0.2760



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.4618, 0.3801, 0.3151



31.4521, 0.4035, 0.3119



27.1232, 0.2604, 0.2964



7.5606, 0.3262, 0.3255



6.3485, 0.6149, 0.3161

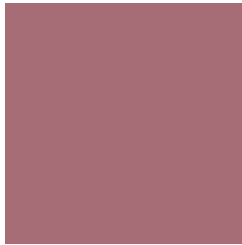


0.1599, 0.5421, 0.2760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

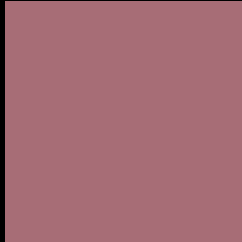
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

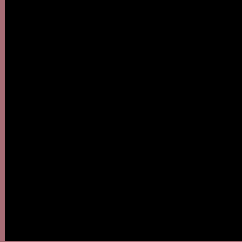
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151

### Protanopia

20.7116, 0.3129, 0.3254

### Deuteranopia

20.5984, 0.3440, 0.3379



## Tritanopia

20.4371, 0.3815, 0.3167

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151

## Protanomaly

20.3997, 0.3360, 0.3204

## Deuteranomaly

20.4910, 0.3558, 0.3291

## Tritanomaly

20.4371, 0.3815, 0.3167

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151

## Achromatopsia

21.2231, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

20.6390, 0.3357, 0.3221

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 109, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 109, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 109, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 109, 118) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 109, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 109, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 109, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 109, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 109, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 109,  
118) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.4608, 0.3801, 0.3151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 109, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
109, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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