

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.4253, 0.4269, 0.4356)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(20.4253, 0.4269, 0.4356)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	957937
RGB	149, 121, 55
RGB Percent	58%, 47%, 22%
CMY	0.4157, 0.5255, 0.7844
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.63, 0.42
HSL	42°, 46%, 40%
HSV	42°, 63%, 58%
XYZ	19.9194, 20.3401, 6.4886
YIQ	121.8480, 37.8740, -14.5900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

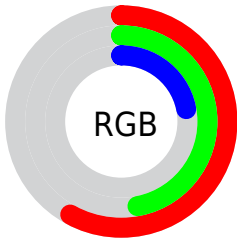
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 149, 55
Decimal	9795895
CIE _{Lab}	52.22, 2.95, 39.50
CIE _{LCh}	52, 39.610, 85.736
Yxy	20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287985975 (0xFF957937)
YUV	121.8480, -32.9561, 23.8123
Hunter-Lab	45.1000, -0.0867, 23.0398

Details

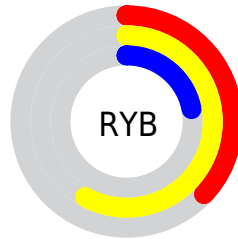
The Yxy color **20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **9.1624, 0.2063, 0.1873**, and the grayscale version is **19.5099, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **43.8658, 0.4028, 0.4146**, and **7.2067, 0.4608, 0.4661** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **19.1659, 0.4443, 0.4461**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.6089, 0.4068, 0.4209**.

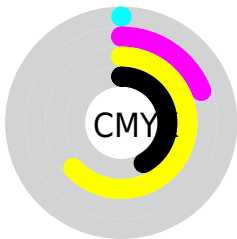
Distribution



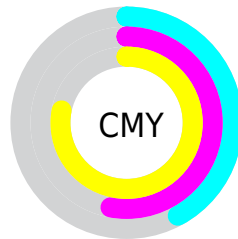
- Red (58%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (42%)




- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (78%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 20.3401, 0.4261,
0.4351


 20.3401, 0.4261,
0.4351


253.7504, 0.3642,
0.3782


 12.6425, 0.4420,
0.4490


 43.9867, 0.4029,
0.4142

 7.1828, 0.4614,
0.4654


 60.7044, 0.3943,
0.4063

 3.5767, 0.5006,
0.4994

 81.1977, 0.3871,
0.3997

 1.4397, 0.5052,
0.4948

 105.8508, 0.3811,
0.3941

 0.2457, 0.5542,
0.4458

 135.0483, 0.3759,
0.3893

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 169.1744, 0.3715,

0.3851

208.6137, 0.3676,
0.3814

■ 20.3401, 0.4261,
0.4351

■ 20.3401, 0.4261,
0.4351

■ 19.1659, 0.4443,
0.4461

■ 21.6089, 0.4068,
0.4209

■ 18.0788, 0.4605,
0.4530

■ 22.9736, 0.3872,
0.4046

■ 17.0742, 0.4740,
0.4552

■ 24.4390, 0.3681,
0.3870

■ 16.4191, 0.4825,
0.4551

■ 26.0085, 0.3499,
0.3690

■ 27.6855, 0.3329,
0.3513

■ 29.4729, 0.3173,
0.3341

■ 31.3738, 0.3031,
0.3179

■ 33.3909, 0.2903,
0.3027

■ 35.5270, 0.2788,
0.2887

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.3401, 0.4565, 0.3857



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



20.3401, 0.3670, 0.4627

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



20.3401, 0.1963, 0.3045



20.3401, 0.3153, 0.2417

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



9.1624, 0.2063, 0.1873

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.3401, 0.2484, 0.2204



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



20.3401, 0.1864, 0.2485

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



20.3401, 0.2348, 0.3809



20.3401, 0.2041, 0.2214



20.3401, 0.3897, 0.2809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351



20.3401, 0.3204, 0.4569



20.3401, 0.2041, 0.2214



20.3401, 0.2911, 0.2323

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.3411, 0.4261, 0.4351



47.6777, 0.3434, 0.3624



9.7468, 0.4459, 0.2836



10.3960, 0.3479, 0.3670



74.8414, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.9280, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.3411, 0.4261, 0.4351



33.4449, 0.4518, 0.4497



26.5271, 0.3769, 0.4837



6.4561, 0.3266, 0.3445



13.8747, 0.4820, 0.4555



0.2213, 0.4479, 0.4826

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.1624, 0.2063, 0.1873



11.8503, 0.1846, 0.1503



6.3480, 0.2128, 0.1408



5.8976, 0.2989, 0.3130



3.4111, 0.1620, 0.1031



0.0883, 0.1842, 0.1830

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

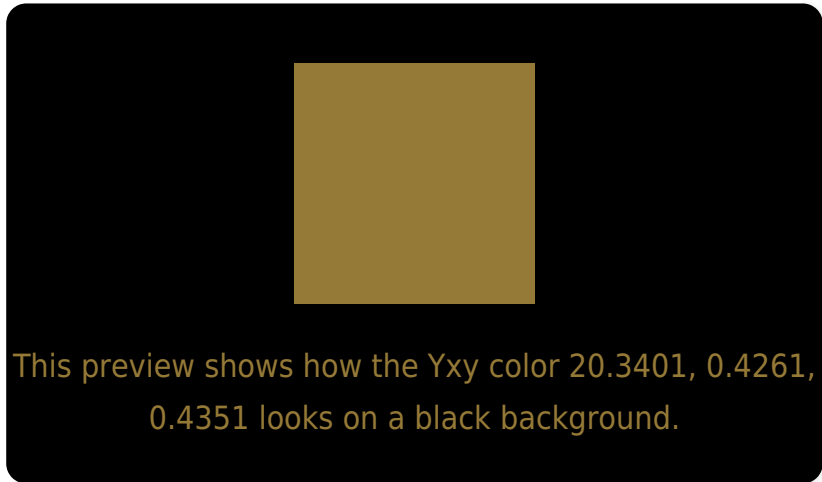
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

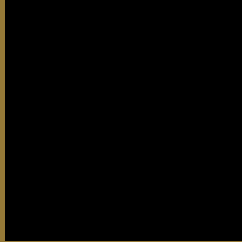
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351

Protanopia

20.4417, 0.4078, 0.4460

Deuteranopia

20.3492, 0.4338, 0.4278



Tritanopia

20.3347, 0.3542, 0.3142

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351

Protanomaly

20.5405, 0.4141, 0.4419

Deuteranomaly

20.3939, 0.4302, 0.4305

Tritanomaly

20.2798, 0.3833, 0.3613

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351

Achromatopsia

19.4618, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

19.7064, 0.3540, 0.3735

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(149, 121, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(149, 121, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(149, 121, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(149, 121, 55) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(149, 121, 55) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(149, 121, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(149, 121, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(149, 121, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 121, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(149, 121,  
55) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.3401, 0.4261, 0.4351 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(149, 121, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(149,  
121, 55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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