

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787)  
contains.

<b>Yxy(20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787)</b> .....	3
<b>Conversions</b> .....	4
<b>Details</b> .....	6
<b>Harmonies</b> .....	12
<b>Previews</b> .....	24
<b>Color Blindness Simulation</b> .....	27
<b>CSS Examples</b> .....	30

# Color

**$\text{Yxy}(20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787)$**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58829D
RGB	88, 130, 157
RGB Percent	35%, 51%, 62%
CMY	0.6548, 0.4902, 0.3843
CMYK	0.44, 0.17, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	203°, 28%, 48%
HSV	203°, 44%, 62%
XYZ	18.0941, 20.4743, 34.8952
YIQ	120.5200, -33.6990, -0.5070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

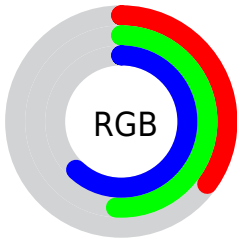
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	88, 114, 157
Decimal	5800605
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.37, -7.06, -18.99
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 20.260, 249.595
Yxy	20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283990685 (0xFF58829D)
YUV	120.5200, 17.9846, -28.5200
Hunter-Lab	45.2485, -7.8060, -14.0499

# Details

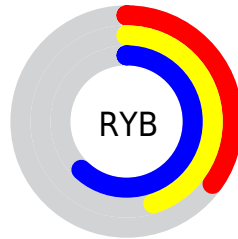
The Yxy color **20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **20.1390, 0.4043, 0.3735**, and the grayscale version is **18.9088, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.2832, 0.2604, 0.2898**, and **7.2828, 0.2209, 0.2580** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2031, 0.2323, 0.2648**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.0097, 0.2611, 0.2918**.

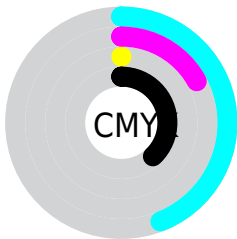
# Distribution



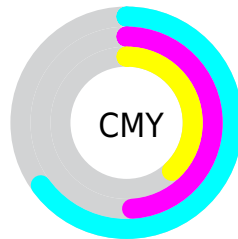
- Red (35%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 20.4743, 0.2463,  
0.2787

■ 20.4743, 0.2463,  
0.2787

■ 254.4713, 0.2832,  
0.3074

■ 12.7403, 0.2358,  
0.2702

■ 44.2110, 0.2607,  
0.2901

■ 7.2499, 0.2214,  
0.2583

■ 60.9824, 0.2657,  
0.2941

■ 3.6189, 0.2007,  
0.2407

■ 81.5351, 0.2699,  
0.2973

■ 1.4628, 0.1689,  
0.2124

■ 106.2535, 0.2735,  
0.3000

■ 0.2623, 0.0364,  
0.1244

■ 135.5219, 0.2764,  
0.3023

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

169.7247, 0.2790,

0.3042

209.2464, 0.2812,  
0.3059

■ 20.4743, 0.2463,  
0.2787

■ 20.4743, 0.2463,  
0.2787

■ 18.2031, 0.2323,  
0.2648

■ 23.0097, 0.2611,  
0.2918

■ 16.1814, 0.2196,  
0.2503

■ 25.8184, 0.2763,  
0.3040

■ 14.3963, 0.2084,  
0.2354

■ 28.9117, 0.2917,  
0.3152

■ 12.8323, 0.1991,  
0.2206

■ 32.2997, 0.3068,  
0.3253

■ 11.4712, 0.1919,  
0.2059

■ 35.9915, 0.3216,  
0.3344

■ 10.7172, 0.1881,  
0.1971

■ 39.9963, 0.3359,  
0.3425

■ 44.3225, 0.3495,  
0.3497

■ 48.9782, 0.3625,  
0.3560

■ 53.9713, 0.3746,  
0.3616

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.4743, 0.2450, 0.3035



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.4743, 0.2640, 0.2685

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.4743, 0.3668, 0.3170



20.4743, 0.3269, 0.3934

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.1390, 0.4043, 0.3735

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.4743, 0.3612, 0.3934



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.4743, 0.3855, 0.3474

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.4743, 0.3330, 0.2905



20.4743, 0.3832, 0.3755



20.4743, 0.2901, 0.3727



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787



20.4743, 0.2836, 0.2700



20.4743, 0.3832, 0.3755



20.4743, 0.3391, 0.3957

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.4751, 0.2463, 0.2787



52.1776, 0.2927, 0.3159



27.4145, 0.2862, 0.4098



11.2177, 0.2895, 0.3137



78.7412, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.4751, 0.2463, 0.2787



32.5678, 0.2322, 0.2647



12.8884, 0.2351, 0.2119



7.0731, 0.2988, 0.3200



8.7781, 0.1884, 0.1982



0.2375, 0.2046, 0.2565



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7627, 0.3558, 0.2618



23.7785, 0.3701, 0.2475



29.3521, 0.3812, 0.4237



6.7105, 0.3194, 0.3155



6.5084, 0.4473, 0.2238



0.1245, 0.3859, 0.1899



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

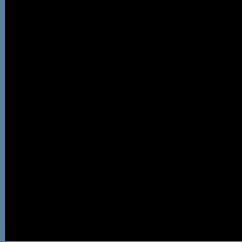
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

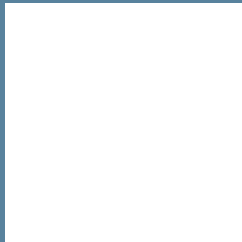
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787

### Protanopia

20.2845, 0.2768, 0.2776

### Deuteranopia

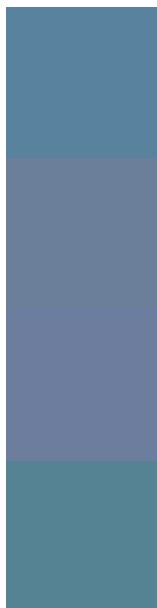
20.3442, 0.2712, 0.2649



## Tritanopia

20.3705, 0.2545, 0.3074

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787

## Protanomaly

20.3806, 0.2644, 0.2783

## Deuteranomaly

20.3240, 0.2617, 0.2701

## Tritanomaly

20.3020, 0.2511, 0.2962

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787

## Achromatopsia

19.1202, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

19.3877, 0.2848, 0.3099

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to  $Yxy$  20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 130, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(88, 130, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 130, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 130, 157) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 130, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 130, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 130, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 130, 157); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 130, 157); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 130, 157) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.4743, 0.2463, 0.2787 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 130, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 130,  
157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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