

Converting Colors

$Yxy(20.6301, 0.2106, 0.2782)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(20.6301, 0.2106, 0.2782)
contains.

Yxy(20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

Yxy(20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0089A3
RGB	0, 137, 163
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 64%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4627, 0.3607
CMYK	1.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	190°, 100%, 32%
HSV	190°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	15.5551, 20.5357, 37.8052
YIQ	99.0010, -89.9980, -20.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

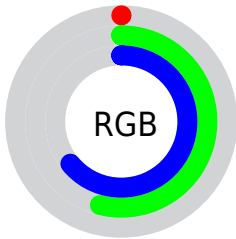
Format	Color
RYB	0, 74, 163
Decimal	35235
CIELab	52.44, -21.50, -22.57
CIELCh	52, 31.171, 226.403
Yxy	20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225315 (0xFF0089A3)
YUV	99.0010, 31.5515, -86.8239
Hunter-Lab	45.3163, -18.0324, -17.7413

Details

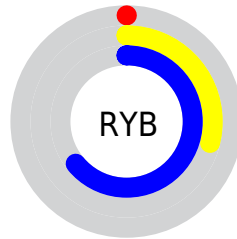
The Yxy color **20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099CC**. A complement of this color would be **8.5286, 0.6232, 0.3434**, and the grayscale version is **12.4154, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.4972, 0.2320, 0.2907**, and **7.9641, 0.2059, 0.2612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.5384, 0.2105, 0.2779**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.3999, 0.2140, 0.2835**.

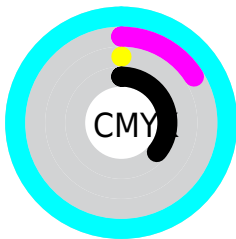
Distribution



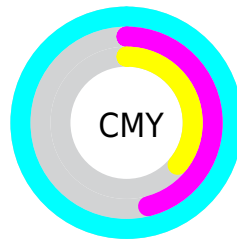
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.5357, 0.2105,
0.2779

■ 20.5357, 0.2105,
0.2779

■ 254.8006, 0.2661,
0.3081

■ 12.7850, 0.1953,
0.2685

■ 44.3135, 0.2317,
0.2902

■ 7.2807, 0.1751,
0.2552

■ 61.1095, 0.2394,
0.2944

■ 3.6383, 0.1474,
0.2353

■ 81.6893, 0.2458,
0.2978

■ 1.4733, 0.1081,
0.2031

■ 106.4374, 0.2511,
0.3006

■ 0.2699, 0.0000,
0.1098

■ 135.7382, 0.2557,
0.3029

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 169.9761, 0.2596,

0.3049

209.5354, 0.2631,
0.3067

■ 20.5357, 0.2105,
0.2779

■ 20.5357, 0.2105,
0.2779

■ 20.5384, 0.2105,
0.2779

■ 21.3999, 0.2140,
0.2835

■ 22.3706, 0.2188,
0.2891

■ 23.4892, 0.2255,
0.2947

■ 24.7725, 0.2340,
0.3003

■ 26.2348, 0.2442,
0.3057

■ 27.8889, 0.2560,
0.3110

■ 29.7461, 0.2690,
0.3160

■ 31.8168, 0.2830,
0.3207

■ 34.1109, 0.2977,
0.3250

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.5357, 0.2268, 0.3289



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



20.5357, 0.2180, 0.2474

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



20.5357, 0.3561, 0.2794



20.5357, 0.3739, 0.4309

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



8.5286, 0.6232, 0.3434

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5357, 0.4142, 0.4048



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



20.5357, 0.4053, 0.3192

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



20.5357, 0.2976, 0.2510



20.5357, 0.4269, 0.3637



20.5357, 0.3193, 0.4266

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



20.5357, 0.2358, 0.2395



20.5357, 0.4269, 0.3637



20.5357, 0.3897, 0.4248

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.5384, 0.2105, 0.2779



53.0608, 0.2683, 0.3157



26.2708, 0.2962, 0.5864



11.6093, 0.2629, 0.3137



82.7571, 0.3127, 0.3290



14.7319, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.5384, 0.2105, 0.2779



36.5257, 0.2103, 0.2769



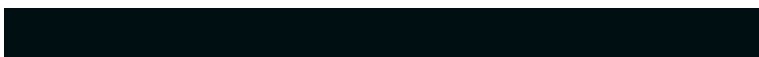
5.5772, 0.1650, 0.1139



7.8179, 0.2988, 0.3253



16.0119, 0.2107, 0.2784



0.3849, 0.2163, 0.2986

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.5954, 0.3654, 0.1787



17.1543, 0.3663, 0.1792



18.0901, 0.4969, 0.4437



7.1827, 0.3161, 0.3103



7.4605, 0.3649, 0.1784



0.1617, 0.3467, 0.1684

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

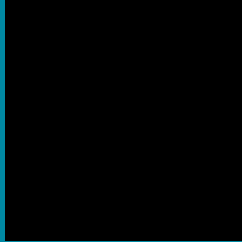
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779.

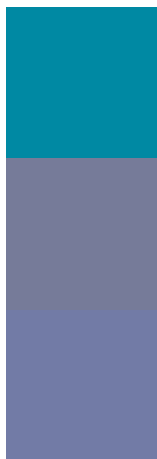


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779

Protanopia

20.3174, 0.2758, 0.2760

Deuteranopia

20.4965, 0.2602, 0.2551



Tritanopia

20.6672, 0.2184, 0.3063

Trichromacy



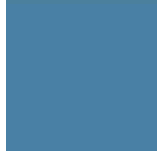
Original Color

20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



Protanomaly

19.3685, 0.2359, 0.2734



Deuteranomaly

19.5714, 0.2292, 0.2599



Tritanomaly

20.5435, 0.2152, 0.2946

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779



Achromatopsia

12.4772, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

14.2722, 0.2477, 0.3082

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 137, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 137, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 137, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 137, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 137, 163) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 137, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 137, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 137, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 137,  
163) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.5357, 0.2105, 0.2779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 137, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 137,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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