

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(20.6700, 0.2417, 0.2738)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(20.6700, 0.2417, 0.2738)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5583A1
RGB	85, 131, 161
RGB Percent	33%, 51%, 63%
CMY	0.6666, 0.4863, 0.3686
CMYK	0.47, 0.19, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	204°, 31%, 48%
HSV	204°, 47%, 63%
XYZ	18.2965, 20.7371, 36.7598
YIQ	120.6660, -37.0460, -0.4220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

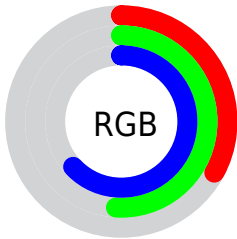
Format	Color
R _Y B	85, 114, 161
Decimal	5604257
CIE Lab	52.66, -7.25, -20.88
CIE LCh	53, 22.105, 250.852
Yxy	20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283794337 (0xFF5583A1)
YUV	120.6660, 19.8847, -31.2791
Hunter-Lab	45.5380, -7.9726, -15.9843

Details

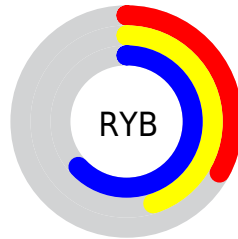
The Yxy color **20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699CC**. A complement of this color would be **20.4993, 0.4135, 0.3772**, and the grayscale version is **18.9520, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6421, 0.2563, 0.2859**, and **7.4147, 0.2155, 0.2531** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.4123, 0.2277, 0.2593**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.3397, 0.2560, 0.2872**.

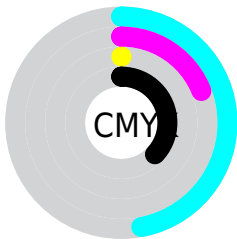
Distribution



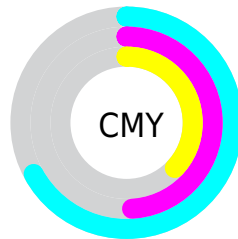
- Red (33%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (33%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (47%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.7371, 0.2414,
0.2736

■ 20.7371, 0.2414,
0.2736

■ 255.8780, 0.2808,
0.3050

■ 12.9320, 0.2302,
0.2643

■ 44.6496, 0.2567,
0.2860

■ 7.3817, 0.2151,
0.2515

■ 61.5257, 0.2621,
0.2904

■ 3.7019, 0.1935,
0.2327

■ 82.1943, 0.2666,
0.2939

■ 1.5083, 0.1609,
0.2029

■ 107.0398, 0.2704,
0.2969

■ 0.2945, 0.0424,
0.1212

■ 136.4465, 0.2736,
0.2994

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

170.7988, 0.2763,

0.3016

210.4812, 0.2787,
0.3034

■ 20.7371, 0.2414,
0.2736

■ 20.7371, 0.2414,
0.2736

■ 18.4123, 0.2277,
0.2593

■ 23.3397, 0.2560,
0.2872

■ 16.3494, 0.2154,
0.2445

■ 26.2303, 0.2712,
0.2998

■ 14.5339, 0.2048,
0.2294

■ 29.4212, 0.2866,
0.3114

■ 12.9485, 0.1961,
0.2144

■ 32.9233, 0.3019,
0.3220

■ 11.5667, 0.1895,
0.1997

■ 36.7468, 0.3169,
0.3316

■ 11.2034, 0.1877,
0.1956

■ 40.9013, 0.3313,
0.3401

■ 45.3962, 0.3452,
0.3477

■ 50.2401, 0.3583,
0.3543

■ 55.4417, 0.3708,
0.3602

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.7371, 0.2392, 0.2997



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.7371, 0.2611, 0.2635

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.7371, 0.3727, 0.3171



20.7371, 0.3262, 0.3988

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.4993, 0.4135, 0.3772

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.7371, 0.3638, 0.3994



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.7371, 0.3923, 0.3500

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.7371, 0.3363, 0.2884



20.7371, 0.3886, 0.3802



20.7371, 0.2865, 0.3754

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736



20.7371, 0.2826, 0.2656



20.7371, 0.3886, 0.3802



20.7371, 0.3395, 0.4016

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.7379, 0.2414, 0.2736



54.4696, 0.2911, 0.3147



28.6424, 0.2846, 0.4173



11.6743, 0.2880, 0.3124



80.7346, 0.3127, 0.3290



13.9985, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.7379, 0.2414, 0.2736



32.6322, 0.2266, 0.2580



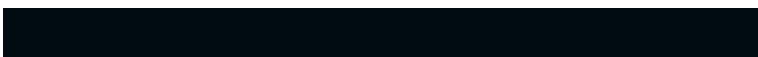
12.4886, 0.2284, 0.2013



7.5395, 0.2987, 0.3199



9.0279, 0.1880, 0.1968



0.2780, 0.2029, 0.2502

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.7151, 0.3608, 0.2572



23.4776, 0.3771, 0.2426



30.7363, 0.3864, 0.4305



7.1546, 0.3195, 0.3155



6.7555, 0.4489, 0.2247



0.1509, 0.3920, 0.1933

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

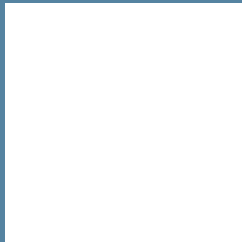
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736.

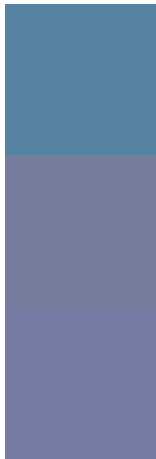


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736

Protanopia

20.6672, 0.2732, 0.2730

Deuteranopia

20.5922, 0.2657, 0.2602



Tritanopia

20.8000, 0.2505, 0.3074

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736

Protanomaly

20.7115, 0.2602, 0.2735

Deuteranomaly

20.5336, 0.2558, 0.2651

Tritanomaly

20.8033, 0.2471, 0.2945

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736

Achromatopsia

19.1202, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

19.6329, 0.2818, 0.3081

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(85, 131, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 131, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 131, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 131, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 131, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 131, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 131, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 131, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 131, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 131,  
161) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.7371, 0.2414, 0.2736 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 131, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 131,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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