

Converting Colors

$Yxy(20.7236, 0.2237, 0.2692)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(20.7236, 0.2237, 0.2692)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C86A6
RGB	60, 134, 166
RGB Percent	24%, 53%, 65%
CMY	0.7646, 0.4745, 0.3490
CMYK	0.64, 0.19, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	198°, 47%, 44%
HSV	198°, 64%, 65%
XYZ	17.2737, 20.7640, 39.1806
YIQ	115.5220, -54.3760, -5.7360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

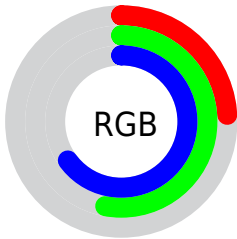
Format	Color
R _Y B	60, 104, 166
Decimal	3966630
CIE Lab	52.69, -12.86, -23.82
CIE LCh	53, 27.073, 241.636
Yxy	20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282156710 (0xFF3C86A6)
YUV	115.5220, 24.8857, -48.6928
Hunter-Lab	45.5675, -12.0774, -19.0824

Details

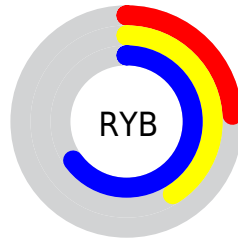
The Yxy color **20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. A complement of this color would be **16.0982, 0.4762, 0.3762**, and the grayscale version is **17.2494, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.6127, 0.2425, 0.2825**, and **7.5556, 0.2015, 0.2452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.9723, 0.2138, 0.2577**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.7851, 0.2352, 0.2799**.

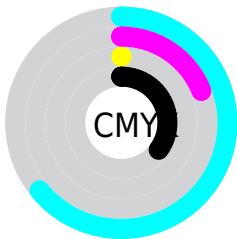
Distribution



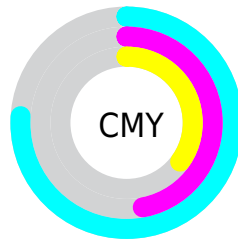
- Red (24%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.7640, 0.2237,
0.2689

■ 20.7640, 0.2237,
0.2689

■ 256.0216, 0.2724,
0.3033

■ 12.9516, 0.2102,
0.2587

■ 44.6944, 0.2424,
0.2826

■ 7.3952, 0.1922,
0.2445

■ 61.5813, 0.2491,
0.2874

■ 3.7105, 0.1672,
0.2238

■ 82.2617, 0.2546,
0.2913

■ 1.5130, 0.1308,
0.1914

■ 107.1201, 0.2593,
0.2945

■ 0.2978, 0.0000,
0.1105

■ 136.5409, 0.2633,
0.2972

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

170.9085, 0.2667,

0.2996

210.6073, 0.2697,
0.3016

■ 20.7640, 0.2237,
0.2689

■ 20.7640, 0.2237,
0.2689

■ 18.9723, 0.2138,
0.2577

■ 22.7851, 0.2352,
0.2799

■ 17.3912, 0.2059,
0.2463

■ 25.0481, 0.2481,
0.2905

■ 16.0016, 0.1999,
0.2351

■ 27.5668, 0.2621,
0.3004

■ 15.2124, 0.1967,
0.2282

■ 30.3533, 0.2768,
0.3098

■ 33.4187, 0.2918,
0.3184

■ 36.7734, 0.3069,
0.3262

■ 40.4272, 0.3219,
0.3333

■ 44.3893, 0.3366,
0.3396

■ 48.6688, 0.3507,
0.3452

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.7640, 0.2276, 0.3054



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



20.7640, 0.2409, 0.2515

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



20.7640, 0.3741, 0.3027



20.7640, 0.3433, 0.4186

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



16.0982, 0.4762, 0.3762

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.7640, 0.3860, 0.4093



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



20.7640, 0.4059, 0.3410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



20.7640, 0.3256, 0.2716



20.7640, 0.4098, 0.3795



20.7640, 0.2944, 0.3984

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689



20.7640, 0.2631, 0.2506



20.7640, 0.4098, 0.3795



20.7640, 0.3589, 0.4185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.7648, 0.2237, 0.2689



57.5091, 0.2835, 0.3137



29.0092, 0.2848, 0.4740



12.5318, 0.2793, 0.3113



84.8088, 0.3127, 0.3290



15.4872, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.7648, 0.2237, 0.2689



33.0634, 0.2099, 0.2525



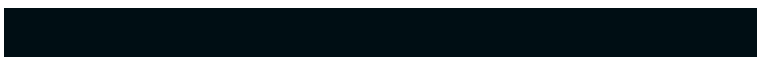
9.6344, 0.1996, 0.1642



8.1437, 0.2987, 0.3220



11.8790, 0.1970, 0.2292



0.3724, 0.2072, 0.2661

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.0649, 0.3691, 0.2228



19.7473, 0.3874, 0.2091



28.6305, 0.4184, 0.4496



7.6274, 0.3182, 0.3134



7.2702, 0.4134, 0.2051



0.1853, 0.3766, 0.1848

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

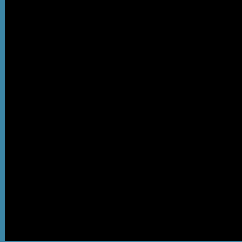
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689.

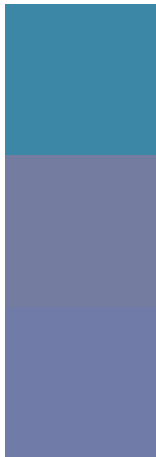


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689

Protanopia

20.6315, 0.2684, 0.2680

Deuteranopia

20.5038, 0.2576, 0.2520



Tritanopia

20.7332, 0.2317, 0.3068

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689

Protanomaly

20.5338, 0.2484, 0.2676

Deuteranomaly

20.3484, 0.2428, 0.2576

Tritanomaly

20.7591, 0.2282, 0.2917

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689

Achromatopsia

17.4647, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

18.3739, 0.2709, 0.3071

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 134, 166)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 134, 166)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 134, 166) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 134, 166) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 134, 166) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 134, 166) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 134, 166)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 134, 166); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 134, 166);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 134,  
166) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.7640, 0.2237, 0.2689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 134, 166) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 134,  
166) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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