

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E7F1D
RGB	142, 127, 29
RGB Percent	56%, 50%, 11%
CMY	0.4431, 0.5020, 0.8864
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.80, 0.44
HSL	52°, 66%, 34%
HSV	52°, 80%, 56%
XYZ	18.9672, 21.0182, 4.2169
YIQ	120.3130, 40.3980, -27.2980

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

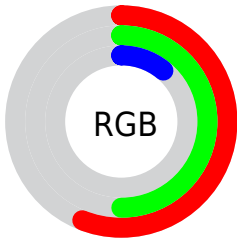
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	46, 142, 29
Decimal	9338653
CIELab	52.97, -5.10, 51.25
CIELCh	53, 51.499, 95.680
Yxy	21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287528733 (0xFF8E7F1D)
YUV	120.3130, -45.0173, 19.0195
Hunter-Lab	45.8456, -6.3809, 26.6384

# Details

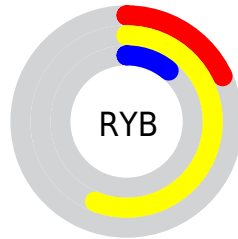
The Yxy color **21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **4.0130, 0.1730, 0.1104**, and the grayscale version is **19.0249, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **44.9915, 0.4092, 0.4469**, and **7.5235, 0.4391, 0.4895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.4821, 0.4375, 0.4821**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.5978, 0.4181, 0.4647**.

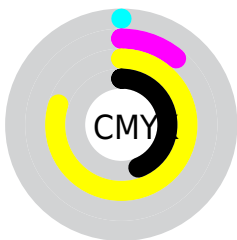
# Distribution



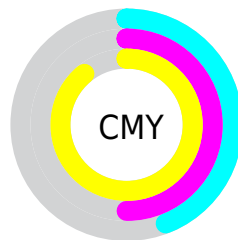
- Red (56%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (89%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.0182, 0.4291,  
0.4755


 21.0182, 0.4291,  
0.4755


257.3752, 0.3696,  
0.3977


 13.1373, 0.4412,  
0.4933

 45.1178, 0.4086,  
0.4475

 7.5232, 0.4564,  
0.5167


 62.1053, 0.4004,  
0.4367


 3.7914, 0.4643,  
0.5357

 82.8972, 0.3933,  
0.4276

 1.5576, 0.4562,  
0.5438

 107.8778, 0.3872,  
0.4198

 0.3287, 0.3639,  
0.6361

 137.4315, 0.3819,  
0.4131

 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

 171.9427, 0.3773,

0.4073

211.7958, 0.3732,  
0.4022

21.0182, 0.4291,  
0.4755

21.0182, 0.4291,  
0.4755

20.4821, 0.4375,  
0.4821

21.5978, 0.4181,  
0.4647

19.9761, 0.4440,  
0.4854

22.2220, 0.4049,  
0.4501

19.9564, 0.4442,  
0.4855

22.8951, 0.3902,  
0.4325

23.6202, 0.3744,  
0.4127

24.4000, 0.3583,  
0.3916

■ 25.2371, 0.3423,  
0.3701

■ 26.1338, 0.3268,  
0.3488

■ 27.0924, 0.3122,  
0.3282

■ 28.1149, 0.2985,  
0.3086

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.0182, 0.4849, 0.4149



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



21.0182, 0.3475, 0.5033

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



21.0182, 0.1611, 0.2672



21.0182, 0.3466, 0.2349

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



4.0130, 0.1730, 0.1104

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0182, 0.2559, 0.2017



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



21.0182, 0.1614, 0.2121

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



21.0182, 0.1943, 0.3605



21.0182, 0.1927, 0.1927



21.0182, 0.4393, 0.2868



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755



21.0182, 0.2892, 0.4835



21.0182, 0.1927, 0.1927



21.0182, 0.3143, 0.2214

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0192, 0.4291, 0.4755



43.7624, 0.3500, 0.3807



6.8105, 0.5496, 0.3106



9.6719, 0.3551, 0.3874



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0192, 0.4291, 0.4755



35.3687, 0.4426, 0.4844



22.1784, 0.3620, 0.5277



6.1650, 0.3262, 0.3479



17.9346, 0.4441, 0.4856



0.1934, 0.4306, 0.4963



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.0130, 0.1730, 0.1104



4.4579, 0.1553, 0.0754



4.1476, 0.2073, 0.1091



5.3633, 0.2990, 0.3093



2.1842, 0.1536, 0.0730

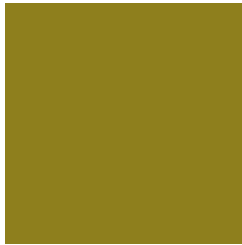


0.0388, 0.1674, 0.1228



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

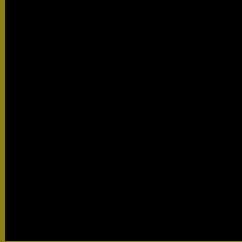
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755

### Protanopia

21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755

### Deuteranopia

20.9082, 0.4579, 0.4500



## Tritanopia

20.9049, 0.3402, 0.3123

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755

## Protanomaly

21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755

## Deuteranomaly

21.0372, 0.4471, 0.4595

## Tritanomaly

20.5584, 0.3806, 0.3794

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755

## Achromatopsia

18.7821, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

19.4432, 0.3614, 0.3969

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 127, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 127, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 127, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 127, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 127, 29) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 127, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 127, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 127, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 127, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 127,  
29) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to  $\text{Yxy } 21.0182, 0.4291, 0.4755$  is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 127, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
127, 29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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