

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.0595, 0.3126, 0.3267)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.0595, 0.3126, 0.3267)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7F7E7F
RGB	127, 126, 127
RGB Percent	50%, 49%, 50%
CMY	0.5020, 0.5059, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	300°, 0%, 50%
HSV	300°, 1%, 50%
XYZ	20.0433, 20.9660, 23.0677
YIQ	126.4130, 0.2750, 0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	127, 126, 127
Decimal	8355455
CIE Lab	52.91, 0.57, -0.41
CIE LCh	53, 0.708, 324.213
Yxy	20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286545535 (0xFF7F7E7F)
YUV	126.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148
Hunter-Lab	45.7886, -1.9944, 2.1825

Details

The Yxy color $20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $21.1204, 0.3126, 0.3308$, and the grayscale version is $21.0111, 0.3127, 0.3290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $45.2388, 0.3128, 0.3277$, and $7.4775, 0.3128, 0.3262$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $17.9220, 0.3139, 0.3037$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $24.4241, 0.3117, 0.3497$.

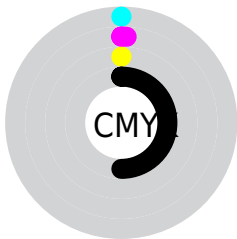
Distribution



- Red (50%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 20.9660, 0.3128,
0.3272

■ 20.9660, 0.3128,
0.3272

257.0977, 0.3128,
0.3282

■ 13.0992, 0.3128,
0.3269

■ 45.0309, 0.3128,
0.3276

■ 7.4969, 0.3128,
0.3265

■ 61.9978, 0.3128,
0.3278

■ 3.7747, 0.3129,
0.3258

■ 82.7668, 0.3128,
0.3279

■ 1.5484, 0.3129,
0.3247

107.7224, 0.3128,
0.3280

■ 0.3224, 0.3133,
0.3152

137.2489, 0.3128,
0.3280

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

171.7306, 0.3128,

0.3281

211.5521, 0.3128,
0.3282

■ 20.9660, 0.3128,
0.3272

■ 20.9660, 0.3128,
0.3272

■ 17.9220, 0.3139,
0.3037

■ 24.4241, 0.3117,
0.3497

■ 15.2741, 0.3150,
0.2798

■ 28.3083, 0.3108,
0.3709

■ 13.0067, 0.3161,
0.2560

■ 32.6333, 0.3098,
0.3907

■ 11.1025, 0.3172,
0.2331

■ 37.4123, 0.3090,
0.4089

■ 9.5425, 0.3182,
0.2119

■ 42.6581, 0.3082,
0.4256

■ 8.3063, 0.3190,
0.1933

■ 48.3827, 0.3075,
0.4407

■ 7.3709, 0.3197,
0.1780

■ 54.5981, 0.3069,
0.4545

■ 6.7109, 0.3203,
0.1665

■ 61.3154, 0.3063,
0.4669

■ 6.2962, 0.3206,
0.1589

■ 68.5457, 0.3057,
0.4781

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.9660, 0.3115, 0.3268



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



20.9660, 0.3141, 0.3281

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



20.9660, 0.3149, 0.3310



20.9660, 0.3105, 0.3288

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



21.1204, 0.3126, 0.3308

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.9660, 0.3114, 0.3300



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



20.9660, 0.3139, 0.3312

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



20.9660, 0.3153, 0.3303



20.9660, 0.3126, 0.3309



20.9660, 0.3102, 0.3277

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272



20.9660, 0.3147, 0.3288



20.9660, 0.3126, 0.3309



20.9660, 0.3107, 0.3292

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.9669, 0.3128, 0.3272



38.0056, 0.3127, 0.3290



20.8954, 0.3116, 0.3272



8.8982, 0.3127, 0.3290



65.5931, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.9669, 0.3128, 0.3272



37.4080, 0.3128, 0.3266



20.9545, 0.3133, 0.3281



5.0164, 0.3128, 0.3269



6.0918, 0.3208, 0.1541



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.9412, 0.3139, 0.3290



37.3477, 0.3143, 0.3290



21.1328, 0.3121, 0.3299



5.0093, 0.3141, 0.3290



4.5506, 0.6400, 0.3299



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

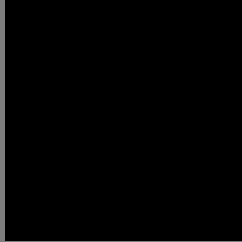
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

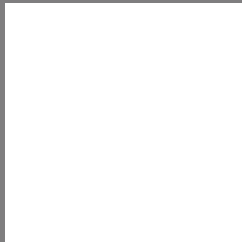
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272

Protanopia

21.0432, 0.3140, 0.3272

Deuteranopia

20.8809, 0.3255, 0.3186



Tritanopia

21.0057, 0.3053, 0.3112

Trichromacy



Original Color

20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272

Protanomaly

21.0432, 0.3140, 0.3272

Deuteranomaly

20.7928, 0.3205, 0.3202

Tritanomaly

20.9224, 0.3086, 0.3164

Monochromacy



Original Color

20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272

Achromatopsia

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(127, 126, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(127, 126, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(127, 126, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(127, 126, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(127, 126, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(127, 126, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(127, 126, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(127, 126, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 126, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(127, 126,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.9660, 0.3128, 0.3272 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(127, 126, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(127,  
126, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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