

Converting Colors

$Yxy(21.0778, 0.1984, 0.2341)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.0778, 0.1984, 0.2341)
contains.

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Color

$Y_{xy}(21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331)$

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0087BD
RGB	0, 135, 189
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 74%
CMY	0.9996, 0.4706, 0.2589
CMYK	1.00, 0.29, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	197°, 100%, 37%
HSV	197°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	17.8486, 21.0021, 51.2484
YIQ	100.7910, -97.7940, -11.8260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

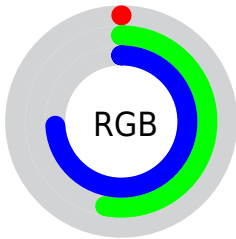
Format	Color
RYB	0, 79, 189
Decimal	34749
CIELab	52.95, -10.88, -36.69
CIELCh	53, 38.271, 253.482
Yxy	21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224829 (0xFF0087BD)
YUV	100.7910, 43.4870, -88.3937
Hunter-Lab	45.8280, -10.6788, -34.2229

Details

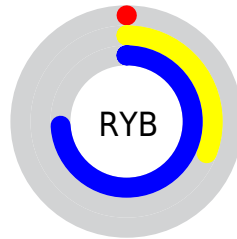
The Yxy color **21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**, and the color name is **blue (ncs)**. A complement of this color would be **13.4644, 0.5997, 0.3620**, and the grayscale version is **12.8711, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **45.0532, 0.2207, 0.2528**, and **8.4048, 0.1914, 0.2088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.9931, 0.1981, 0.2330**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.6864, 0.2029, 0.2437**.

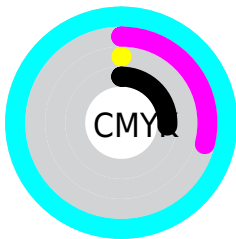
Distribution



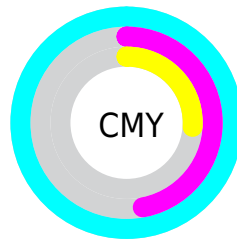
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 21.0021, 0.1981,
0.2331

■ 21.0021, 0.1981,
0.2331

■ 257.2897, 0.2593,
0.2863

■ 13.1255, 0.1821,
0.2184

■ 45.0910, 0.2210,
0.2535

■ 7.5150, 0.1613,
0.1989

■ 62.0722, 0.2295,
0.2609

■ 3.7862, 0.1340,
0.1723

■ 82.8570, 0.2365,
0.2670

■ 1.5547, 0.0976,
0.1350

■ 107.8299, 0.2425,
0.2721

■ 0.3268, 0.0091,
0.0665

■ 137.3752, 0.2476,
0.2764

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 171.8773, 0.2520,

0.2802

211.7207, 0.2559,
0.2834

■ 21.0021, 0.1981,
0.2331

■ 21.0021, 0.1981,
0.2331

■ 20.9931, 0.1981,
0.2330

■ 22.6864, 0.2029,
0.2437

■ 24.5816, 0.2094,
0.2544

■ 26.7376, 0.2178,
0.2652

■ 29.1796, 0.2281,
0.2758

■ 31.9294, 0.2400,
0.2861

■ 35.0061, 0.2533,
0.2960

■ 38.4269, 0.2675,
0.3053

■ 42.2078, 0.2824,
0.3139

■ 46.3633, 0.2976,
0.3218

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.0021, 0.1918, 0.2708



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



21.0021, 0.2306, 0.2220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



21.0021, 0.4211, 0.3110



21.0021, 0.3256, 0.4525

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



13.4644, 0.5997, 0.3620

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0021, 0.3907, 0.4504



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



21.0021, 0.4508, 0.3628

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



21.0021, 0.3581, 0.2657



21.0021, 0.4378, 0.4135



21.0021, 0.2606, 0.4071

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331



21.0021, 0.2660, 0.2278



21.0021, 0.4378, 0.4135



21.0021, 0.3482, 0.4570

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0028, 0.1981, 0.2331



68.4878, 0.2667, 0.3048



36.6524, 0.2899, 0.5636



14.1590, 0.2606, 0.3009



95.5105, 0.3127, 0.3290



19.5994, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0028, 0.1981, 0.2331



37.1750, 0.1976, 0.2314



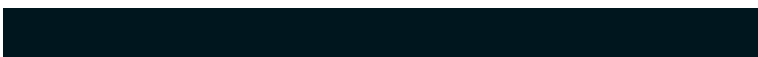
5.2625, 0.1562, 0.0824



10.3361, 0.2985, 0.3223



14.2628, 0.1985, 0.2344



0.6651, 0.2055, 0.2597

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.5687, 0.4094, 0.2029



22.4651, 0.4112, 0.2039



32.0167, 0.4637, 0.4700



9.6485, 0.3180, 0.3128



8.4695, 0.4081, 0.2022



0.3425, 0.3827, 0.1882

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

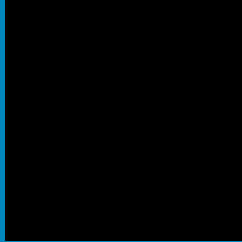
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331

Protanopia

20.8987, 0.2441, 0.2359

Deuteranopia

20.8085, 0.2263, 0.2206



Tritanopia

20.9582, 0.2190, 0.3084

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331

Protanomaly

20.1224, 0.2163, 0.2325

Deuteranomaly

20.3789, 0.2088, 0.2239

Tritanomaly

20.8573, 0.2106, 0.2782

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331

Achromatopsia

13.0136, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

14.5937, 0.2393, 0.2850

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 135, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 135, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 135, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 135, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 135, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 135, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 135, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 135, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135,  
189) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.0021, 0.1981, 0.2331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 135, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 135,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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