

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.1144, 0.6262, 0.3380)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(21.1144, 0.6262, 0.3380)  
contains.

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**Color**

**Yxy(21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F72408
RGB	247, 36, 8
RGB Percent	97%, 14%, 3%
CMY	0.0314, 0.8588, 0.9684
CMYK	0.00, 0.85, 0.97, 0.03
HSL	7°, 94%, 50%
HSV	7°, 97%, 97%
XYZ	39.0342, 21.0534, 2.2375
YIQ	95.8970, 134.7440, 36.0240

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

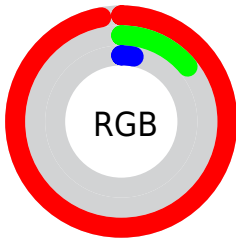
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">247, 40, 8</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16196616</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">53.01, 74.21, 64.20</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">53, 98.122, 40.864</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294386696 (0xFFFF72408)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">95.8970, -43.3332, 132.5173</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">45.8840, 71.5556, 29.2276</a>

# Details

The Yxy color **21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3300**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **57.4563, 0.2149, 0.2923**, and the grayscale version is **11.7558, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.9382, 0.5391, 0.3638**, and **9.7033, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6488, 0.6320, 0.3364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.8910, 0.6013, 0.3429**.

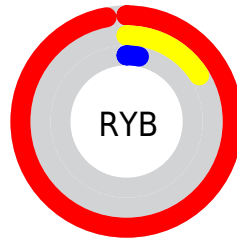
# Distribution



Red (97%)

Green (14%)

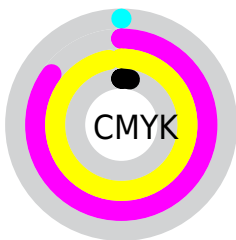
Blue (3%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (3%)

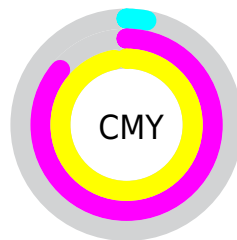


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (86%)


Yellow (97%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.0534, 0.6263,  
0.3378


 21.0534, 0.6263,  
0.3378


257.5621, 0.4649,  
0.3593


 13.1630, 0.6605,  
0.3224


 45.1764, 0.5709,  
0.3534

 7.5409, 0.7011,  
0.2989


 62.1778, 0.5487,  
0.3569

 3.8026, 0.7400,  
0.2600

 82.9850, 0.5296,  
0.3589

 1.5638, 0.7936,  
0.2064

 107.9825, 0.5130,  
0.3599

 0.3330, 0.8968,  
0.1032

 137.5545, 0.4986,  
0.3602

 0.0000, 1.0000,  
0.0000

 172.0855, 0.4859,


 0.0000, 0.0000,


0.3602


0.0000

 211.9600, 0.4748,  
0.3598


 21.0534, 0.6263,  
0.3378


 21.0534, 0.6263,  
0.3378

 20.6488, 0.6320,  
0.3364

 22.8910, 0.6013,  
0.3429

 25.7577, 0.5639,  
0.3462

 29.7790, 0.5198,  
0.3472

 35.0610, 0.4751,  
0.3462

 41.6975, 0.4340,  
0.3438

■ 49.7735, 0.3983,  
0.3408

■ 59.3670, 0.3685,  
0.3375

■ 70.5504, 0.3440,  
0.3341

■ 83.3913, 0.3240,  
0.3310

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.0534, 0.5712, 0.2590



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



21.0534, 0.5640, 0.4360

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



21.0534, 0.1789, 0.5770



21.0534, 0.1325, 0.1164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



57.4563, 0.2149, 0.2923

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.0534, 0.0864, 0.1281



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



21.0534, 0.0988, 0.3363

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



21.0534, 0.3023, 0.6595



21.0534, 0.0748, 0.1860



21.0534, 0.2318, 0.1357



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378



21.0534, 0.4836, 0.5164



21.0534, 0.0748, 0.1860



21.0534, 0.1125, 0.1166

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.0547, 0.6263, 0.3378



61.2960, 0.3749, 0.3382



25.0709, 0.3521, 0.1722



12.1683, 0.3875, 0.3397



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.0547, 0.6263, 0.3378



22.1801, 0.6322, 0.3362



43.3705, 0.5043, 0.4358



16.7946, 0.3291, 0.3318



11.0233, 0.6303, 0.3378

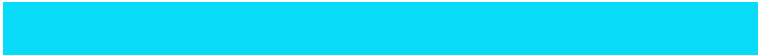


1.0681, 0.6122, 0.3521



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.4563, 0.2149, 0.2923



61.1609, 0.2142, 0.2909



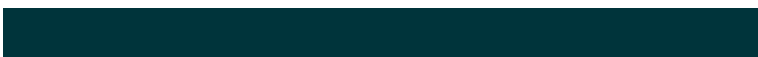
15.8148, 0.1684, 0.1244



18.4073, 0.2981, 0.3262



30.2359, 0.2144, 0.2917



2.7493, 0.2158, 0.2968



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

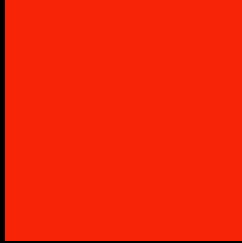
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378**

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378

### Protanopia

21.1227, 0.4287, 0.4722

### Deuteranopia

21.1483, 0.4695, 0.4654



## Tritanopia

21.0119, 0.6178, 0.3314

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378

## Protanomaly

17.8910, 0.5258, 0.4053

## Deuteranomaly

18.5254, 0.5493, 0.4005

## Tritanomaly

21.0341, 0.6217, 0.3344

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378

## Achromatopsia

11.6971, 0.3127, 0.3290

## Achromatomaly

11.8470, 0.4709, 0.3457

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 36, 8)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 36, 8)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 36, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 36, 8) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 36, 8) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 36, 8) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 36, 8) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 36, 8); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 36, 8);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 36, 8)  
}
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.0534, 0.6263, 0.3378 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 36, 8) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247, 36,  
8) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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