

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.4045, 0.6224, 0.3202)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.4045, 0.6224, 0.3202)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0027
RGB	255, 0, 39
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 15%
CMY	0.0000, 1.0000, 0.8470
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.85, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 50%
HSV	351°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	41.6093, 21.4065, 3.8587
YIQ	80.6910, 139.4610, 66.1890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

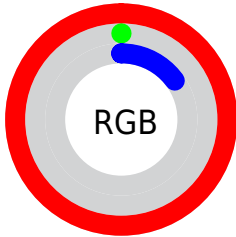
Format	Color
RYB	255, 0, 39
Decimal	16711719
CIELab	53.39, 80.55, 53.95
CIELCh	53, 96.948, 33.811
Yxy	21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901799 (0xFFFF0027)
YUV	80.6910, -20.5537, 152.8690
Hunter-Lab	46.2672, 79.5622, 27.4423

Details

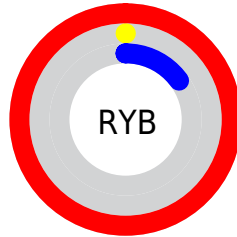
The Yxy color **21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **76.4776, 0.2386, 0.3789**, and the grayscale version is **8.1848, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **30.4813, 0.5251, 0.3391**, and **10.6914, 0.6401, 0.3300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.3095, 0.5962, 0.3135**.

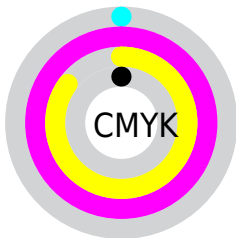
Distribution



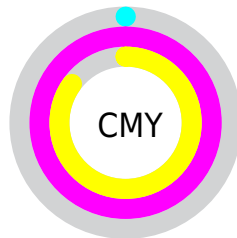
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 21.4065, 0.6222,
0.3201

 21.4065, 0.6222,
0.3201


259.4310, 0.4585,
0.3459


 13.4215, 0.6594,
0.3053


 45.7631, 0.5639,
0.3357

 7.7194, 0.7067,
0.2839

 62.9034, 0.5413,
0.3397


 3.9159, 0.7529,
0.2471

 83.8643, 0.5221,
0.3423

 1.6266, 0.8062,
0.1938

 109.0302, 0.5056,
0.3439

 0.3755, 0.8995,
0.1005

 138.7854, 0.4914,
0.3449

 0.0000, 1.0000,
0.0000

 173.5143, 0.4790,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.3455

0.0000

213.6014, 0.4681,
0.3458

21.4065, 0.6222,
0.3201

22.3095, 0.5962,
0.3135

24.2400, 0.5594,
0.3085

27.4935, 0.5164,
0.3063

32.2537, 0.4730,
0.3068

38.6749, 0.4331,
0.3093

■ 46.8921, 0.3987,
0.3128

■ 57.0267, 0.3700,
0.3169

■ 69.1892, 0.3467,
0.3211

■ 83.4818, 0.3278,
0.3252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4065, 0.5340, 0.2424



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



21.4065, 0.5827, 0.4105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



21.4065, 0.2083, 0.6144



21.4065, 0.1199, 0.1183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



76.4776, 0.2386, 0.3789

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.4065, 0.0830, 0.1387



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



21.4065, 0.1146, 0.3893

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



21.4065, 0.3353, 0.6406



21.4065, 0.0790, 0.2129



21.4065, 0.2039, 0.1305

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



21.4065, 0.5131, 0.4869



21.4065, 0.0790, 0.2129



21.4065, 0.1034, 0.1210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



57.0267, 0.3700, 0.3169



21.2915, 0.2783, 0.1307



11.2399, 0.3814, 0.3152



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



27.7570, 0.5911, 0.3688



18.0324, 0.3270, 0.3254



11.1988, 0.6192, 0.3185



1.1030, 0.5921, 0.3035

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



35.9695, 0.1927, 0.2138



18.0324, 0.3270, 0.3254



11.1988, 0.6192, 0.3185



1.1030, 0.5921, 0.3035

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

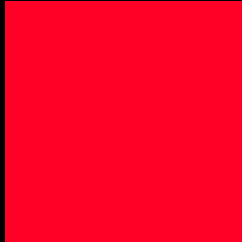
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201

Protanopia

21.9103, 0.4018, 0.4379

Deuteranopia

21.7056, 0.4715, 0.4638



Tritanopia

21.6836, 0.6347, 0.3342

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



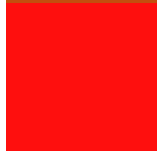
Protanomaly

16.5008, 0.5155, 0.3624



Deuteranomaly

17.2162, 0.5660, 0.3811



Tritanomaly

21.4442, 0.6331, 0.3301

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201



Achromatopsia

8.2283, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

8.7786, 0.4792, 0.3068

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 39) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.4065, 0.6222, 0.3201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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