

Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486)
contains.

Yxy(21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486)	3
Conversions	4
Details	6
Harmonies	12
Previews	24
Color Blindness Simulation	27
CSS Examples	30

Color

Yxy(21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	917F35
RGB	145, 127, 53
RGB Percent	57%, 50%, 21%
CMY	0.4313, 0.5020, 0.7921
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.63, 0.43
HSL	48°, 46%, 39%
HSV	48°, 63%, 57%
XYZ	19.9107, 21.4555, 6.4615
YIQ	123.9460, 34.4820, -19.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

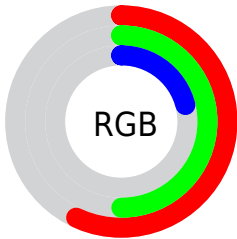
Format	Color
R_YB	75, 145, 53
Decimal	9535285
CIE Lab	53.44, -2.38, 41.72
CIE LCh	53, 41.789, 93.262
Yxy	21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287725365 (0xFF917F35)
YUV	123.9460, -34.9764, 18.4644
Hunter-Lab	46.3201, -4.3320, 24.1533

Details

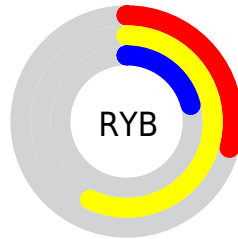
The Yxy color **21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666600**. A complement of this color would be **7.3116, 0.2013, 0.1666**, and the grayscale version is **20.2484, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.0393, 0.3955, 0.4249**, and **7.7241, 0.4468, 0.4835** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **20.6196, 0.4307, 0.4610**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **22.3545, 0.4002, 0.4329**.

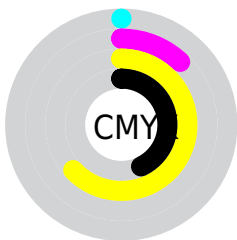
Distribution



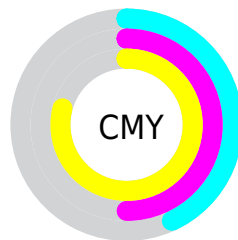
- Red (57%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

21.4555, 0.4163,
0.4486

21.4555, 0.4163,
0.4486

259.6894, 0.3611,
0.3839

13.4574, 0.4296,
0.4649

45.8444, 0.3961,
0.4245

7.7442, 0.4453,
0.4845

63.0039, 0.3884,
0.4156

3.9317, 0.4768,
0.5232

83.9861, 0.3820,
0.4080

1.6354, 0.4731,
0.5269

109.1752, 0.3765,
0.4017

0.3813, 0.4439,
0.5561

138.9557, 0.3718,
0.3963

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

173.7120, 0.3678,

0.3916

213.8284, 0.3642,
0.3875

■ 21.4555, 0.4163,
0.4486

■ 21.4555, 0.4163,
0.4486

■ 20.6196, 0.4307,
0.4610

■ 22.3545, 0.4002,
0.4329

■ 19.8397, 0.4429,
0.4694

■ 23.3171, 0.3833,
0.4148

■ 19.1124, 0.4524,
0.4733

■ 24.3473, 0.3661,
0.3952

■ 18.6550, 0.4579,
0.4746

■ 25.4480, 0.3492,
0.3751

■ 26.6219, 0.3330,
0.3550

■ 27.8715, 0.3177,
0.3355

■ 29.1991, 0.3036,
0.3169

■ 30.6069, 0.2906,
0.2995

■ 32.0971, 0.2789,
0.2833

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.4555, 0.4571, 0.4006



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



21.4555, 0.3505, 0.4684

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



21.4555, 0.1873, 0.2860



21.4555, 0.3348, 0.2476

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



7.3116, 0.2013, 0.1666

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.4555, 0.2616, 0.2206



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



21.4555, 0.1845, 0.2359

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



21.4555, 0.2194, 0.3622



21.4555, 0.2096, 0.2154



21.4555, 0.4097, 0.2915

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486



21.4555, 0.3019, 0.4535



21.4555, 0.2096, 0.2154



21.4555, 0.3089, 0.2364

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.4565, 0.4163, 0.4486



46.4006, 0.3425, 0.3669



9.0285, 0.4676, 0.2993



10.2041, 0.3467, 0.3721



72.9347, 0.3127, 0.3290



11.2805, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.4565, 0.4163, 0.4486



36.3303, 0.4361, 0.4650



24.3217, 0.3662, 0.4905



6.1085, 0.3263, 0.3466



16.0347, 0.4576, 0.4749



0.1829, 0.4367, 0.4915

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.3116, 0.2013, 0.1666



9.0387, 0.1789, 0.1278



6.3244, 0.2237, 0.1452



5.4154, 0.2990, 0.3108



2.5128, 0.1562, 0.0824



0.0493, 0.1744, 0.1477

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

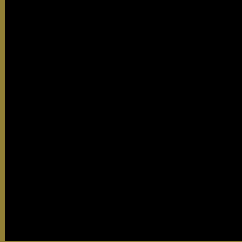
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486

Protanopia

21.4462, 0.4114, 0.4520

Deuteranopia

21.5658, 0.4378, 0.4302



Tritanopia

21.3315, 0.3425, 0.3142

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486

Protanomaly

21.5350, 0.4127, 0.4514

Deuteranomaly

21.5517, 0.4302, 0.4373

Tritanomaly

21.2482, 0.3728, 0.3650

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486

Achromatopsia

20.1556, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

20.4546, 0.3528, 0.3787

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 127, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 127, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 127, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 127, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 127, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 127, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 127, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 127, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 127, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 127,  
53) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.4555, 0.4163, 0.4486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 127, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
127, 53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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