

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.4881, 0.1957, 0.1316)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(21.4881, 0.1957, 0.1316)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F68FF
RGB	111, 104, 255
RGB Percent	44%, 41%, 100%
CMY	0.5645, 0.5922, 0.0000
CMYK	0.56, 0.59, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	243°, 100%, 70%
HSV	243°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	29.5590, 20.5001, 97.0005
YIQ	123.3070, -44.2990, 48.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

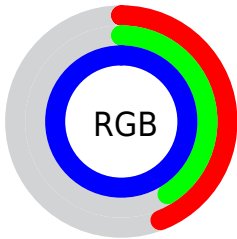
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	111, 104, 255
Decimal	7301375
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	52.40, 43.94, -74.52
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	52, 86.504, 300.525
Yxy	20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285491455 (0xFF6F68FF)
YUV	123.3070, 64.9246, -10.7932
Hunter-Lab	45.2770, 37.2983, -95.3276

# Details

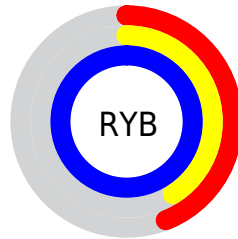
The Yxy color **20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **92.4587, 0.3920, 0.4710**, and the grayscale version is **19.7091, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **39.8812, 0.2524, 0.2134**, and **7.2346, 0.1673, 0.0991** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **14.7521, 0.1822, 0.1088**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **28.2295, 0.2218, 0.1738**.

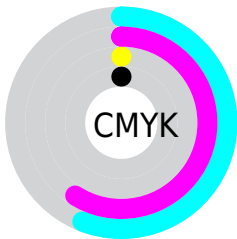
# Distribution



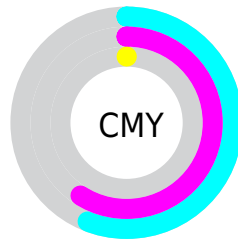
- Red (44%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 20.5001, 0.2010,  
0.1394


 20.5001, 0.2010,  
0.1394


254.6097, 0.2610,  
0.2277


 12.7591, 0.1861,  
0.1208


 44.2541, 0.2230,  
0.1691

 7.2629, 0.1674,  
0.0993


 61.0358, 0.2313,  
0.1810

 3.6270, 0.1439,  
0.0747


 81.5999, 0.2382,  
0.1914

 1.4672, 0.1144,  
0.0480

 106.3308, 0.2442,  
0.2005

 0.2655, 0.0790,  
0.0147

135.6128, 0.2493,  
0.2085

 0.0000, 0.0276,  
0.0000

169.8304, 0.2537,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2157

0.0000

209.3679, 0.2576,  
0.2220

■ 20.5001, 0.2010,  
0.1394

■ 20.5001, 0.2010,  
0.1394

■ 14.7521, 0.1822,  
0.1088

■ 28.2295, 0.2218,  
0.1738

■ 10.8032, 0.1671,  
0.0846

■ 38.0970, 0.2430,  
0.2094

■ 8.4407, 0.1567,  
0.0687

■ 50.2456, 0.2634,  
0.2440

■ 7.3547, 0.1512,  
0.0610

■ 64.8055, 0.2822,  
0.2762

■ 7.2972, 0.1510,  
0.0605

■ 81.8971, 0.2990,  
0.3052

99.9996, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.5001, 0.1256, 0.1311



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



20.5001, 0.3343, 0.1778

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



20.5001, 0.5753, 0.4039



20.5001, 0.1371, 0.4088

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



92.4587, 0.3920, 0.4710

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.5001, 0.2340, 0.5965



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



20.5001, 0.4820, 0.5113

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



20.5001, 0.5956, 0.3187



20.5001, 0.3571, 0.6097



20.5001, 0.0942, 0.2374



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394



20.5001, 0.4458, 0.2188



20.5001, 0.3571, 0.6097



20.5001, 0.1639, 0.4805

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



20.5007, 0.2010, 0.1394



66.7554, 0.2843, 0.2799



78.5081, 0.2383, 0.3229



13.3075, 0.2791, 0.2710



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



20.5007, 0.2010, 0.1394



13.9235, 0.1792, 0.1039



27.3731, 0.2555, 0.1630



17.4183, 0.2986, 0.3045



3.8303, 0.1514, 0.0608



0.3866, 0.1546, 0.0626



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.9300, 0.3257, 0.1957



32.8375, 0.3282, 0.1785



81.5662, 0.3418, 0.4996



18.2848, 0.3145, 0.3067



14.4989, 0.3330, 0.1608

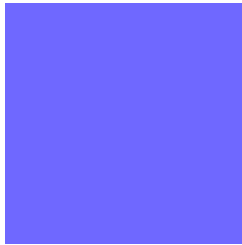


1.4161, 0.3315, 0.1600



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

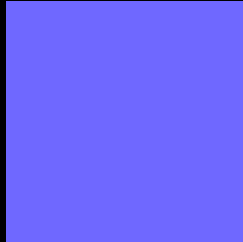
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

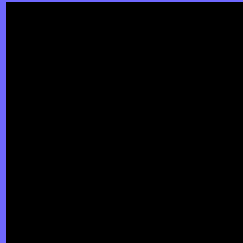
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394

**Protanopia**

20.5887, 0.1737, 0.1454

**Deuteranopia**

20.3461, 0.1841, 0.1826



## Tritanopia

20.3597, 0.2426, 0.3070

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394

**Protanomaly**

19.6415, 0.1762, 0.1396

**Deuteranomaly**

19.5280, 0.1827, 0.1609

**Tritanomaly**

19.5535, 0.2223, 0.2230

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394

**Achromatopsia**

19.8069, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

19.3530, 0.2595, 0.2369

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 104, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 104, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 104, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 104, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 104, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 104, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 104, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 104, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 104, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 104, 255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 20.5001, 0.2010, 0.1394 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 104, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
104, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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