

# Converting Colors

$Y_{xy}(21.5458, 0.2014, 0.1450)$

Have a look what the booklet for  
Yxy(21.5458, 0.2014, 0.1450)  
contains.

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# Color

**Yxy(21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6D6EFF
RGB	109, 110, 255
RGB Percent	43%, 43%, 100%
CMY	0.5728, 0.5685, 0.0002
CMYK	0.57, 0.57, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 71%
HSV	240°, 57%, 100%
XYZ	29.9214, 21.6231, 97.1701
YIQ	126.2310, -47.1410, 44.8830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

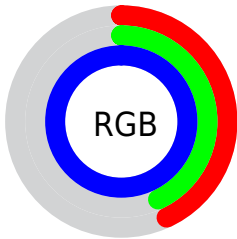
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	109, 110, 255
Decimal	7171839
CIE Lab	53.62, 40.03, -72.51
CIE LCh	54, 82.826, 298.899
Yxy	21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285361919 (0xFF6D6EFF)
YUV	126.2310, 63.4831, -15.1116
Hunter-Lab	46.5006, 33.4817, -91.3449

# Details

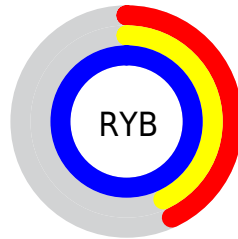
The Yxy color **21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6666FF**. A complement of this color would be **93.1560, 0.3954, 0.4640**, and the grayscale version is **20.7377, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **41.7186, 0.2519, 0.2200**, and **7.7998, 0.1682, 0.1055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5308, 0.1820, 0.1136**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **29.7441, 0.2225, 0.1805**.

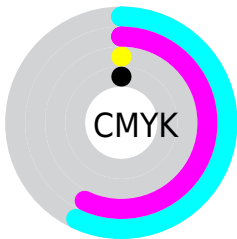
# Distribution



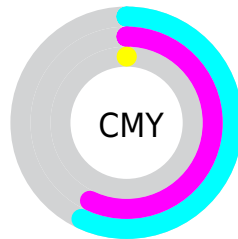
- Red (43%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 21.6231, 0.2012,  
0.1454

 21.6231, 0.2012,  
0.1454


260.5716, 0.2606,  
0.2314


 13.5802, 0.1865,  
0.1271

 46.1223, 0.2229,  
0.1745


 7.8293, 0.1682,  
0.1057


 63.3473, 0.2311,  
0.1861

 3.9859, 0.1450,  
0.0811


 84.4020, 0.2380,  
0.1962

 1.6657, 0.1159,  
0.0538

 109.6705, 0.2439,  
0.2050

 0.4013, 0.0807,  
0.0220

139.5373, 0.2489,  
0.2128

 0.0000, 0.0308,  
0.0000

174.3869, 0.2533,

 0.0000, 0.0000,

0.2197

0.0000

214.6035, 0.2572,  
0.2258

■ 21.6231, 0.2012,  
0.1454

■ 21.6231, 0.2012,  
0.1454

■ 15.5308, 0.1820,  
0.1136

■ 29.7441, 0.2225,  
0.1805

■ 11.2868, 0.1666,  
0.0880

■ 40.0494, 0.2441,  
0.2163

■ 8.6825, 0.1561,  
0.0705

■ 52.6815, 0.2650,  
0.2506

■ 7.4536, 0.1510,  
0.0617

■ 67.7703, 0.2843,  
0.2823

■ 7.2588, 0.1501,  
0.0603

■ 85.4364, 0.3015,  
0.3106

99.9974, 0.3127,  
0.3290

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.6231, 0.1301, 0.1391



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



21.6231, 0.3258, 0.1814

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



21.6231, 0.5688, 0.4012



21.6231, 0.1499, 0.4155

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



93.1560, 0.3954, 0.4640

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.6231, 0.2470, 0.5836



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



21.6231, 0.4836, 0.5008

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



21.6231, 0.5791, 0.3183



21.6231, 0.3669, 0.5930



21.6231, 0.1037, 0.2502



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454



21.6231, 0.4303, 0.2206



21.6231, 0.3669, 0.5930



21.6231, 0.1773, 0.4811

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.6237, 0.2012, 0.1454



68.2390, 0.2848, 0.2831



81.8037, 0.2420, 0.3316



13.9104, 0.2811, 0.2770



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



21.4041, 0.3127, 0.3290



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.6237, 0.2012, 0.1454



14.6752, 0.1790, 0.1087



27.7877, 0.2517, 0.1657



17.3995, 0.2978, 0.3046



3.8036, 0.1501, 0.0605



0.3777, 0.1504, 0.0615



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.3037, 0.4883, 0.3285



27.4438, 0.5449, 0.3287



82.8352, 0.3462, 0.4914



17.9893, 0.3293, 0.3289



11.1119, 0.6393, 0.3296

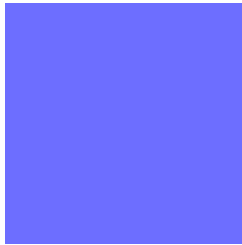


1.0827, 0.6375, 0.3285



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

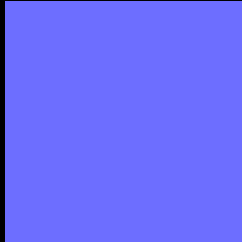
Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

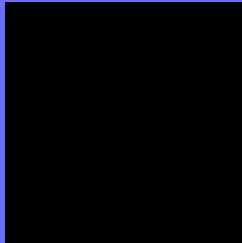
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**Yxy 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454

### Protanopia

21.7792, 0.1784, 0.1501

### Deuteranopia

21.5113, 0.1835, 0.1807



## Tritanopia

21.5402, 0.2402, 0.3074

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454

**Protanomaly**

21.2336, 0.1832, 0.1463

**Deuteranomaly**

20.7315, 0.1832, 0.1634

**Tritanomaly**

20.8630, 0.2212, 0.2276

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454

**Achromatopsia**

20.8637, 0.3127, 0.3290

**Achromatomaly**

20.4431, 0.2596, 0.2412

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(109, 110, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(109, 110, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(109, 110, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(109, 110, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(109, 110, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(109, 110, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(109, 110, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(109, 110, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 110, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(109, 110,  
255) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 21.6231, 0.2012, 0.1454 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(109, 110, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(109,  
110, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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