

Converting Colors

$Yxy(21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B8E0B
RGB	91, 142, 11
RGB Percent	36%, 56%, 4%
CMY	0.6431, 0.4431, 0.9572
CMYK	0.36, 0.00, 0.92, 0.44
HSL	83°, 86%, 30%
HSV	83°, 92%, 56%
XYZ	14.0483, 21.5943, 3.7415
YIQ	111.8170, 11.6550, -51.5530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

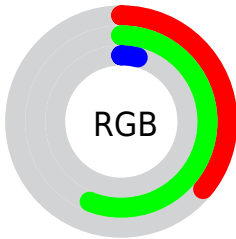
Format	Color
RYB	11, 142, 62
Decimal	6000139
CIELab	53.59, -35.61, 54.97
CIElCh	54, 65.496, 122.938
Yxy	21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284190219 (0xFF5B8E0B)
YUV	111.8170, -49.7028, -18.2565
Hunter-Lab	46.4697, -27.3593, 27.7551

Details

The Yxy color **21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669900**. A complement of this color would be **3.2116, 0.1937, 0.0891**, and the grayscale version is **16.2912, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **46.0719, 0.3552, 0.4990**, and **7.8755, 0.3297, 0.5764** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **21.3615, 0.3542, 0.5570**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9332, 0.3589, 0.5343**.

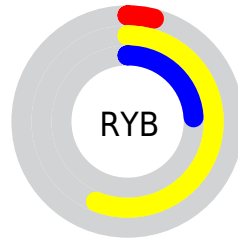
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (56%)

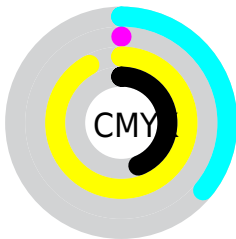
Blue (4%)



Red (4%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (24%)

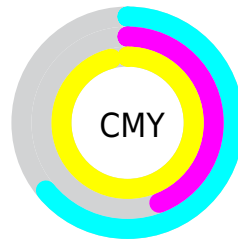


Cyan (36%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (92%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (64%)


Magenta (44%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 21.5943, 0.3567,
0.5483


 21.5943, 0.3567,
0.5483


260.4202, 0.3422,
0.4222


 13.5591, 0.3538,
0.5824

 46.0745, 0.3551,
0.4995

 7.8147, 0.3490,
0.6343


 63.2884, 0.3532,
0.4819


 3.9766, 0.3202,
0.6798

 84.3305, 0.3512,
0.4674

 1.6605, 0.2525,
0.7475

 109.5854, 0.3491,
0.4553


 0.3979, 0.0000,
1.0000


 139.4375, 0.3472,
0.4451

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 174.2710, 0.3454,


0.4364

 214.4705, 0.3437,
0.4288

 21.5943, 0.3567,
0.5483


 21.5943, 0.3567,
0.5483


 21.3615, 0.3542,
0.5570

 21.9332, 0.3589,
0.5343

 22.3234, 0.3588,
0.5156

 22.7704, 0.3564,
0.4930

 23.2782, 0.3520,
0.4674

 23.8503, 0.3461,
0.4402

■ 24.4898, 0.3389,
0.4125

■ 25.1996, 0.3311,
0.3852

■ 25.9825, 0.3229,
0.3590

■ 26.8410, 0.3146,
0.3344

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5943, 0.4546, 0.4947



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



21.5943, 0.2536, 0.5104

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



21.5943, 0.1318, 0.1898



21.5943, 0.4620, 0.2690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



3.2116, 0.1937, 0.0891

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



21.5943, 0.3419, 0.2111



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



21.5943, 0.1638, 0.1667

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



21.5943, 0.1330, 0.2569



21.5943, 0.2332, 0.1752



21.5943, 0.5332, 0.3386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483



21.5943, 0.1952, 0.4272



21.5943, 0.2332, 0.1752



21.5943, 0.4243, 0.2478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21.5952, 0.3567, 0.5483



43.6366, 0.3361, 0.4022



9.1302, 0.5505, 0.3898



9.6429, 0.3390, 0.4127



71.0566, 0.3127, 0.3290



10.6539, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21.5952, 0.3567, 0.5483



37.5718, 0.3529, 0.5580



19.5929, 0.3051, 0.5881



6.1821, 0.3203, 0.3511



19.1898, 0.3544, 0.5568



0.1962, 0.3844, 0.5330

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.2116, 0.1937, 0.0891



4.7993, 0.1827, 0.0780



6.6802, 0.2945, 0.1435



5.3509, 0.3047, 0.3067



2.4988, 0.1852, 0.0794



0.0360, 0.2345, 0.1065

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

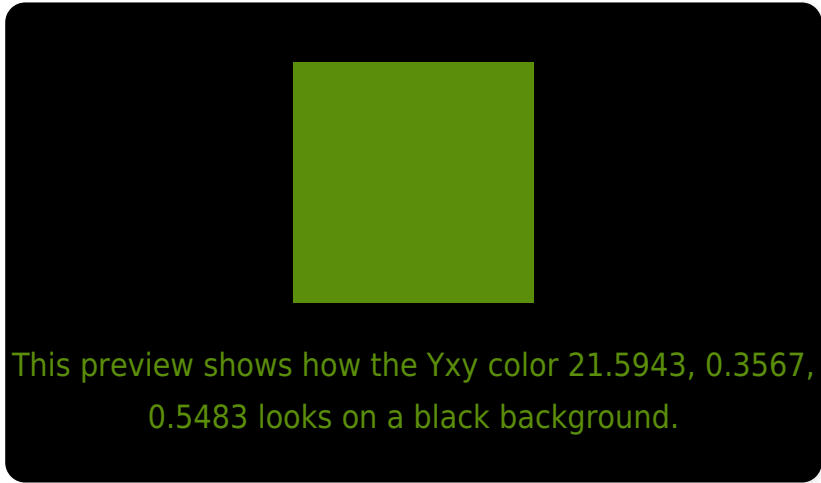
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

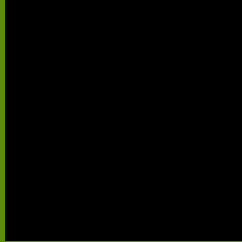
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483

Protanopia

21.3676, 0.4398, 0.4890

Deuteranopia

21.3405, 0.4606, 0.4518



Tritanopia

21.5499, 0.2742, 0.3086

Trichromacy



Original Color

21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483

Protanomaly

21.1438, 0.4082, 0.5117

Deuteranomaly

20.9927, 0.4221, 0.4883

Tritanomaly

21.2012, 0.3153, 0.4117

Monochromacy



Original Color

21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483

Achromatopsia

16.2029, 0.3127, 0.3290

Achromatomaly

17.6170, 0.3430, 0.4297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 142, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 142, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 142, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 142, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 142, 11) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 142, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 142, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 142, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 142, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 142,  
11) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to $\text{Yxy } 21.5943, 0.3567, 0.5483$ is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 142, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 142,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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