

Converting Colors

$Yxy(21.6490, 0.2171, 0.4797)$

Have a look what the booklet for
Yxy(21.6490, 0.2171, 0.4797)
contains.

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Color

Yxy(23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00995C
RGB	0, 153, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 60%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4000, 0.6391
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.40, 0.40
HSL	156°, 100%, 30%
HSV	156°, 100%, 60%
XYZ	13.3235, 23.5552, 13.9745
YIQ	100.2990, -71.6070, -51.4070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

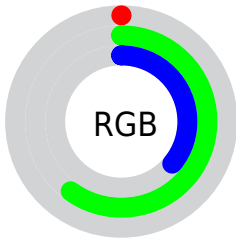
Format	Color
RYB	0, 96, 153
Decimal	39260
CIELab	55.64, -49.06, 22.63
CIELCh	56, 54.026, 155.233
Yxy	23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278229340 (0xFF00995C)
YUV	100.2990, -4.0914, -87.9622
Hunter-Lab	48.5337, -35.9319, 16.9020

Details

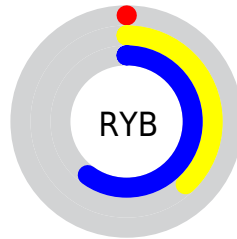
The Yxy color **23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **7.1092, 0.5349, 0.2720**, and the grayscale version is **12.8496, 0.3127, 0.3290**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0734, 0.2745, 0.4296**, and **9.3038, 0.2742, 0.5071** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **23.5562, 0.2620, 0.4632**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **23.7714, 0.2603, 0.4483**.

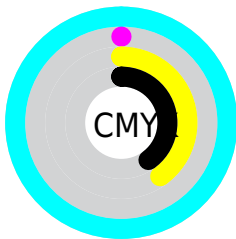
Distribution



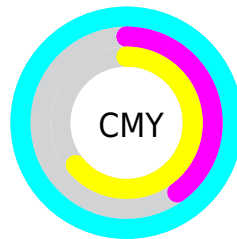
- Red (0%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 23.5552, 0.2620,
0.4632


 23.5552, 0.2620,
0.4632


270.5639, 0.2928,
0.3834


 15.0040, 0.2518,
0.4888


 49.3034, 0.2748,
0.4304


 8.8222, 0.2368,
0.5258


 67.2691, 0.2791,
0.4193

 4.6254, 0.2128,
0.5833

 89.1419, 0.2825,
0.4104

 2.0292, 0.1612,
0.7299

 115.3060, 0.2853,
0.4031

 0.6243, 0.0000,
1.0000

 146.1458, 0.2877,
0.3970

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 182.0458, 0.2896,

0.3918

223.3904, 0.2913,
0.3873

■ 23.5552, 0.2620,
0.4632

■ 23.5552, 0.2620,
0.4632

■ 23.5562, 0.2620,
0.4632

■ 23.7714, 0.2603,
0.4483

■ 24.0722, 0.2601,
0.4332

■ 24.4944, 0.2619,
0.4180

■ 25.0522, 0.2655,
0.4029

■ 25.7581, 0.2708,
0.3884

■ 26.6229, 0.2775,
0.3746

■ 27.6563, 0.2853,
0.3616

■ 28.8674, 0.2940,
0.3497

■ 30.2646, 0.3032,
0.3388

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.5552, 0.3489, 0.5051



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



23.5552, 0.1939, 0.3624

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



23.5552, 0.1910, 0.1916



23.5552, 0.4937, 0.3479

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



7.1092, 0.5349, 0.2720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.5552, 0.4394, 0.2855



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



23.5552, 0.2541, 0.2004

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



23.5552, 0.1601, 0.2116



23.5552, 0.3454, 0.2335



23.5552, 0.4869, 0.4143

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



23.5552, 0.1674, 0.2954



23.5552, 0.3454, 0.2335



23.5552, 0.4822, 0.3265

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



23.5562, 0.2620, 0.4632



49.4094, 0.2848, 0.3624



23.7816, 0.3251, 0.5801



10.7462, 0.2817, 0.3673



76.7769, 0.3127, 0.3290



12.5967, 0.3127, 0.3290

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



23.5562, 0.2620, 0.4632



42.1479, 0.2628, 0.4660



20.3915, 0.2161, 0.2978



6.9848, 0.3039, 0.3380



19.4750, 0.2617, 0.4621



0.2983, 0.2439, 0.3982

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.1092, 0.5349, 0.2720



12.6969, 0.5396, 0.2746



7.1227, 0.6307, 0.3374



6.2614, 0.3224, 0.3202



5.8817, 0.5330, 0.2710



0.0948, 0.4330, 0.2159

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Yxy 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Yxy color 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632

Protanopia

23.3444, 0.3797, 0.4125

Deuteranopia

23.2287, 0.3840, 0.3764



Tritanopia

23.4973, 0.2317, 0.3060

Trichromacy



Original Color

23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



Protanomaly

21.7196, 0.3126, 0.4377



Deuteranomaly

21.1622, 0.3132, 0.4099



Tritanomaly

23.2306, 0.2402, 0.3596

Monochromacy



Original Color

23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632



Achromatopsia

12.7438, 0.3127, 0.3290



Achromatomaly

15.1467, 0.2739, 0.3818

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Yxy 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 153, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 153, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 153, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 153, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Yxy 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 153, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 153, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 153, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 153, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 153, 92)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Yxy 23.5552, 0.2620, 0.4632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 153, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 153,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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